

# *Statistical Release*

17 November 2011

## LOCAL AUTHORITY REVENUE EXPENDITURE AND FINANCING

### ENGLAND 2010-11 FINAL OUTTURN

- Total net current expenditure by local authorities in England was estimated to be £121.3 billion in 2010-11 compared with £119.2 billion in 2009-10, an increase of 1.8%.
- In real terms (using 2010-11 market prices), net current expenditure has decreased from £122.5 billion in 2009-10 to £121.3 billion in 2010-11. This is a decrease of 0.9%.
- 37.4% of net current expenditure in 2010-11 was on education, 17.4% on social care, 15.3% on housing benefits and 9.9% on police.
- 55.3% of revenue expenditure (on a non-International Accounting Standard 19 basis) in 2010-11 was funded by government grants, 25.2% by council tax and 20.6% by redistributed non-domestic rates.

This release provides final outturn estimates of local authority revenue expenditure and financing for the financial year April 2010 to March 2011. These estimates are on a non-International Accounting Standard 19 (IAS19) and PFI "Off Balance Sheet" basis except where stated otherwise.

Headline figures for previous year (2009-10) were published on a non-FRS17 and PFI "off-Balance" sheet basis.

This information is derived from Department for Communities and Local Government Revenue Outturn (RO) returns submitted by local authorities in England. This release is based on returns from all 444 local authorities in England that complete the return.

The release has been compiled by the Local Government Finance - Data Collection Analysis and Accountancy division of Communities and Local Government. For additional uses please see "uses made of the data" section.

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## **Net current expenditure by service**

1. Net current expenditure in 2010-11 is summarised in **Table 1** and **Chart A**. **Table 1** also shows net current expenditure in 2009-10 and the percentage change to 2010-11. Service expenditure is based on information from the RS forms, which can be found in **Annex A**. The service breakdowns have been created from this detailed information, according to **Annex C** of this release. It should be noted that year on year comparisons may not be valid due to local government changes in function and responsibility.

- Total net current expenditure by local authorities in England was estimated to be £121.3 billion in 2010-11 compared with £119.2 billion in 2009-10, an increase of 1.8%.
- In real terms (using 2010-11 market prices), net current expenditure has decreased from £122.5 billion in 2009-10 to £121.3 billion in 2010-11. This is a decrease of 0.9%.
- Of the core public services, Highways and Transport net current expenditure has seen the highest decrease in net current expenditure of 13.3%. This is partly owing to the movement of Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital by Statute (RECS) from net current expenditure (in 2009-10) to capital charges (in 2010-11).
- Mandatory housing benefits had the largest percentage increase of 7.2%; from £17.3 billion in 2009-10 to £18.6 billion in 2010-11.
- 37.4% of net current expenditure in 2010-11 was on education, 17.4% on social care, 15.3% on housing benefits and 9.9% on police.

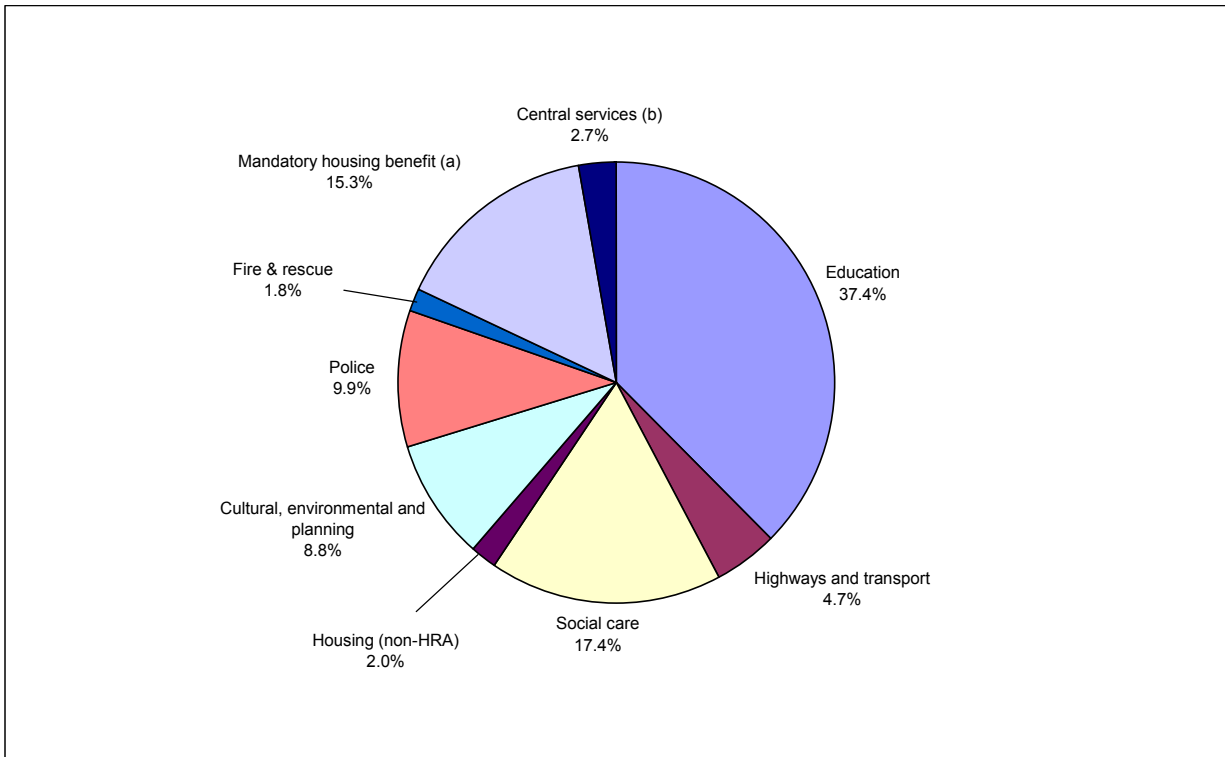
**Table 1: Net current expenditure by service 2009-10 and 2010-11 <sup>(1)</sup>**

	£ million		
	Net current expenditure 2009-10 <sup>(b)</sup> (R)	Net current expenditure 2010-11	% Change
<b>Education</b>	44,471	45,365	2.0
<b>Highways and transport</b>	6,541	5,669	-13.3
<b>Social care</b>	20,963	21,062	0.5
<i>of which:</i>			
<i>Children's Social Care</i>	6,396	6,654	4.0
<i>Adult Social Care</i>	14,567	14,408	-1.1
<b>Housing (excluding Housing Revenue Account)</b>	2,715	2,484	-8.5
<b>Cultural, environmental and planning</b>	11,083	10,678	-3.7
<i>of which:</i>			
<i>Cultural</i>	3,465	3,278	-5.4
<i>Environmental</i>	5,308	5,202	-2.0
<i>Planning and development</i>	2,310	2,198	-4.9
<b>Police</b>	12,022	11,948	-0.6
<b>Fire and rescue</b>	2,177	2,165	-0.6
<b>Central services</b>	3,771	3,573	-5.3
<b>Other services <sup>(2)</sup></b>	9	-262	
<b>Mandatory Housing Benefits</b>	17,308	18,550	7.2
<i>of which:</i>			
<i>Rent allowances</i>	12,807	14,127	10.3
<i>Rent rebates to non-HRA tenants</i>	582	470	-19.2
<i>Rent rebates to HRA tenants</i>	3,919	3,953	0.9
Appropriations to (+) / from (-) accumulated absences accounts	-	64	
Reversal of revenue expenditure funded from capital by statute (RECS)	-1,883	-	
<b>Total net current expenditure</b>	<b>119,176</b>	<b>121,296</b>	<b>1.8</b>

(1) Net current expenditure estimates for 2009-10 are not fully comparable to 2010-11 figures owing to revenue expenditure funded from capital by statute (RECS) distributed across all services. Furthermore 2010-11 net current expenditure figures include liabilities for short term accumulated compensated absences (e.g. untaken annual leave entitlement), distributed across all the services, which makes comparisons against previous years not fully comparable. However total net current expenditure has been adjusted for both 2009-10 and 2010-11 so that they can be compared.

(2) The 2009-10 & 2010-11 'other services' line now includes capital charges for internal and external trading services, therefore total net current expenditure has been adjusted, for both years, to account for this.

**Chart A: Total net current expenditure by service 2010-11**



(a) Housing benefit includes mandatory rent allowances and mandatory rent rebates  
(b) Central services includes courts and other services

## **Revenue expenditure and financing**

2. **Table 2** shows the link between the definitions of net current and revenue expenditure and how revenue expenditure was financed in 2010-11 compared to 2009-10. A more detailed breakdown of this information can be found in **Annex A**.

- Revenue expenditure on a non-IAS19 basis was £104.3 billion in 2010-11, compared with £103.3 billion in 2009-10, an increase of 1.0%.
- Non-current expenditure in 2010-11 includes the payment of council tax benefit of £4.1 billion, but this is netted off by income from specific grants outside Aggregate External Finance (AEF).
- Specific grants outside AEF increased from £25.0 billion in 2009-10 to £27.2 billion in 2010-11, an increase of 9.0%.
- Interest Receipts have fallen from £780 million in 2009-10 to £663 million in 2010-11, a decrease of 15.0%.

**Table 2: Revenue expenditure and financing 2009-10 and 2010-11**

	£ million	
	2009-10 (R)	2010-11
<b>Total net current expenditure</b>	<b>119,176</b>	<b>121,296</b>
plus non-current expenditure		
Capital financing <sup>(1)</sup>	3,710	4,137
Capital expenditure charged to Revenue Account	1,964	2,598
Council tax benefit	3,953	4,144
Discretionary Non-Domestic Rate relief	30	29
Bad debt provision	76	102
Flood defence payments to Environment Agency	30	30
Private Finance Initiative (PFI) schemes - difference from service charge	18	38
Appropriations to(+) / from(-) financial instruments adjustment account <sup>(2)</sup>	32	15
Appropriations to(+) / from(-) unequal pay back pay account <sup>(3)</sup>	24	0
less interest receipts	780	663
less specific grants outside AEF <sup>(4)</sup>	24,958	27,191
less Business Rates Supplement	...	222
<b>Revenue expenditure (Non-FRS17)</b>	<b>103,276</b>	<b>104,314</b>
financed by:		
Specific grants inside AEF <sup>(4)</sup>	45,639	45,829
Area Based Grant (ABG)	3,314	4,363
Transfers and adjustments <sup>(5)</sup>	-1	23
Appropriations to (-) / from (+) revenue reserves	308	-1,281
Formula grant	28,269	29,012
of which:		
Revenue Support Grant	4,501	3,122
Redistributed non-domestic rates	19,515	21,517
Police grant	4,253	4,374
General Greater London Authority (GLA) grant	48	48
Other items	65	65
<b>Council tax requirement</b>	<b>25,633</b>	<b>26,254</b>

(1) Includes provision for repayment of principal, leasing payments, external interest payments and HRA item 8 interest payments and receipts

(2) Adjustments permitted by regulation to the revenue account charges for financial instruments.

(3) The deferral of revenue account charges for unequal pay back pay as permitted by regulation and the reversal of the deferral in the year that payment of the back pay is due.

(4) Aggregate External Finance; see Background Notes for definition

(5) Inter-authority transfers in respect of reorganisation



## Expenditure from 2006-07 to 2010-11

1. **Table 3** gives a summary of net current expenditure by service between 2006-07 and 2010-11. It should be noted that year on year comparisons may not be valid due to local government changes in function and responsibility.

**Table 3: Net current expenditure <sup>(1)</sup> by service 2006-07 to 2010-11**

	£ million				
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09 (R)	2009-10 <sup>(2)</sup> (R)	2010-11
Education	37,843	40,204	42,379	44,471	45,365
Highways and transport	5,288	5,631	5,786	6,541	5,669
Social care	17,941	18,559	19,629	20,963	21,062
Housing (excluding Housing Revenue Account) <sup>(3)</sup>	14,942	15,835	16,973	20,022	21,034
Cultural, environmental and planning	9,514	10,091	10,531	11,083	10,678
Police	10,685	11,152	11,639	12,022	11,948
Fire and rescue	2,027	2,119	2,162	2,177	2,165
Central services <sup>(4)</sup>	3,513	3,507	3,912	3,771	3,573
Other services <sup>(5)</sup>	-24	19	47	9	-262
Reversal of revenue expenditure funded from capital by statute (RECS)	...	...	...	-1,883	...
Appropriations to (+) / from (-) accumulated absences accounts	...	...	...	...	64
<b>Total Net current expenditure</b>	<b>101,730</b>	<b>107,119</b>	<b>113,058</b>	<b>119,176</b>	<b>121,296</b>

(1) Net current Expenditure for 2006-07 to 2009-10 is on a non-FRS17 and PFI "off-balance sheet" basis. For 2010-11, net current expenditure is on a non-IAS19 and PFI "off-balance sheet" basis.

(2) The 2009-10 net current expenditure figures across all services include an additional element of spending: RECS, which for other years is included only in capital charges and therefore excluded from net current expenditure. However, for 2009-10 the total amount of RECS has been reserved out; therefore the total net current expenditure figure is comparable with other financial years.

(3) Includes mandatory rent allowances and mandatory rent rebates to non-HRA tenants and mandatory rent rebates to HRA tenants

(4) Central services includes court services expenditure, which was previously included as a separate service prior to 2009-10

(5) Other services includes other levies, internal and external trading services gross surplus/deficit and adjustments to net current expenditure

## Income from specific grants

3. **Table 4** shows the top five incomes from the specific grants inside and outside Aggregate External Finance. Details on all income from specific grants can be found in **Annex A3**.

- In 2010-11, Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG), which is ring-fenced, was estimated to account for 66.4% of the income received by local authorities through specific grants inside AEF.
- In 2010-11, DSG was estimated to account for 38.4% of the total income received by local authorities through central government grants (which include redistributed non-domestic rates, although not including specific grants outside AEF). In 2009-10, DSG accounted for 38.4% of the income received by central government grants.

**Table 4: Top five incomes from specific grants 2010-11**

		£ million
<b>Grants inside Aggregate External Finance</b>		
Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)	RG line 102	30,442
Standards Fund (excluding elements now in ABG)	RG line 145	3,835
GLA Transport Grant	RG line 221	2,954
Sure Start, Early Years and Childcare Grant	RG line 150	1,801
School Standards Grant (including Personalisation)	RG line 141	1,548
<b>Grants outside Aggregate External Finance</b>		
Mandatory Rent Allowances: subsidy	RG line 745	14,147
Council Tax Benefit: subsidy	RG line 741	4,184
Rent Rebates Granted to HRA Tenants: subsidy	RG line 747	3,943
Sixth forms funding from Young People's Learning Agency (YPLA)	RG line 716	2,048
Further Education funding from Young People's Learning Agency (YPLA) - 16-18 funding	RG line 712	950

## Financing of revenue expenditure

4. **Table 5** shows the financing of revenue expenditure by its various components, which include government grants, redistributed non-domestic rates and council tax requirement across different local authority classifications, for 2010-11.
5. **Table 6** shows the funding of revenue expenditure in terms of government grants, redistributed non-domestic rates and council taxes from 2006-07 onwards. Figures for 2006-07 to 2009-10 are produced on a non-FRS17 and 2010-11 figures are produced on a non-IAS19 basis. This is because local authorities set their council tax with regard to their expenditure on a non-FRS17 basis. A fuller definition of FRS17 & IAS19 can be found in the **Terminology used in this release** section.
6. **Chart B** shows the real changes in Government Grants, Council Tax, Revenue Expenditure and non-school reserves (unallocated & other earmarked financial reserves as at the start of the year, 1 April) from 2000-01 to 2010-11. The indexes are calculated from financial figures on a non-FRS17/non-IAS19 accounting basis, for year-on-year comparisons.

- In 2010-11, 55.3% of revenue expenditure on a non-IAS19 basis was funded by government grants (including Revenue Support Grant, specific grants inside Aggregate External Finance and police grant), 25.2% by council tax and 20.6% by redistributed non-domestic rates.
- If excluding "Other Authorities";
  - Greater London Authority (GLA), proportionally, requires the lowest amount of council tax to finance their revenue expenditure, at 12.7%.
  - GLA has the highest percentage of revenue expenditure which is being financed by central government grants, at 71.2%. The second highest class of authorities being shire counties, at 58.3%.
- Over the last decade (from 2000-01 to 2010-11) in real terms;
  - Revenue expenditure has risen by 42.9%
  - Government grants awarded to local authorities has risen by 44.1%
  - Council Tax has risen by 45.1%Council Tax has increased in the same pattern as revenue expenditure and government grants.
- In real terms, non-school reserves have increased by 79.9% from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2000 to 1<sup>st</sup> April 2010.

**Table 5: Financing of revenue expenditure in 2010-11 by local authority classification**

Local Authority Class	Financing components of Revenue Expenditure <sup>(a)</sup>						£ million
	Government Grants <sup>(b)</sup>			Redistributed Non-Domestic Rates <sup>(c)</sup>		Council Tax <sup>(d)</sup>	% of Revenue Expenditure
	Revenue Expenditure	Total	% of Revenue Expenditure	Total	% of Revenue Expenditure	Total	
Greater London Authority	7,277	5,179	71.2%	1,024	14.1%	923	12.7%
Shire Counties	27,902	16,278	58.3%	3,487	12.5%	8,586	30.8%
Shire Districts	3,434	551	16.0%	1,445	42.1%	1,535	44.7%
Inner London Boroughs	6,093	3,274	53.7%	1,949	32.0%	923	15.2%
Outer London Boroughs	8,847	5,151	58.2%	1,706	19.3%	2,057	23.3%
Unitary Authorities <sup>(e)</sup>	19,368	10,698	55.2%	3,878	20.0%	5,000	25.8%
Metropolitan Districts	20,665	11,692	56.6%	5,062	24.5%	4,144	20.1%
Police Authorities	8,867	4,384	49.4%	2,270	25.6%	2,337	26.4%
Fire Authorities	1,517	141	9.3%	696	45.9%	749	49.4%
Other Authorities <sup>(f)</sup>	343	388	113.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
<b>ENGLAND</b>	<b>104,314</b>	<b>57,736</b>	<b>55.3%</b>	<b>21,517</b>	<b>20.6%</b>	<b>26,254</b>	<b>25.2%</b>

(a) Other items and use of reserves have not been included, although they part finance revenue expenditure. Therefore percentages would not add to 100% because of these missing elements

(b) Central Government Grants includes Local Services Support Grant, Specific Grants inside Aggregate External Finance, Revenue Support Grant, Police Grant and General GLA Grant

(c) Re-distributed non-domestic rates; business rates tax which has been paid into the non-domestic rating pool, and redistributed between local authorities on the basis of population, as part of the formula grant

(d) Council Tax Requirement is the amount local authorities expect to collect from all domestic properties within their boundary, including parish and town councils.

(e) Unitary Authorities includes Isle of Scilly.

(f) Other authorities comprise of Waste Disposal Authorities (WDA), Integrated Transport Authorities (ITA) and National Park Authorities. For WDA and ITA, the core financing of their service expenditure comes from Waste Disposal and Integrated Transport levies respectively, funded by their constituent authorities, which is already included in revenue expenditure.

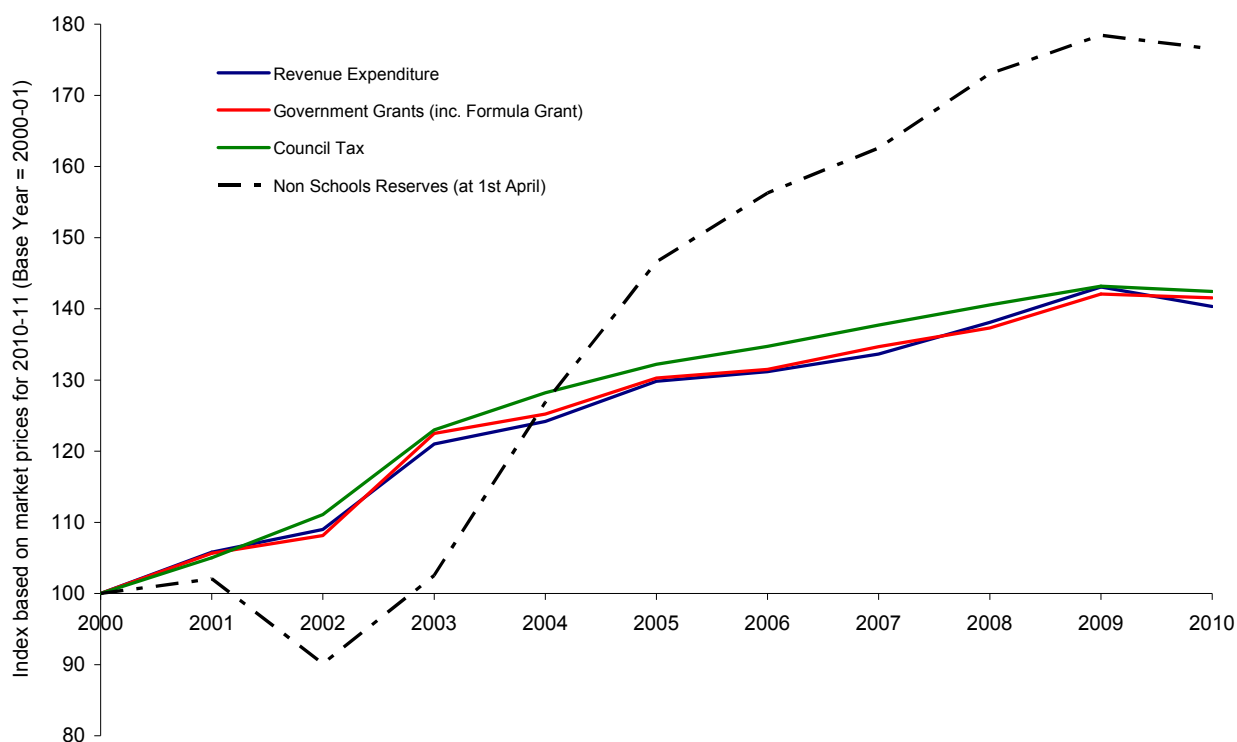
**Table 6: Financing of revenue expenditure since 2006-07 <sup>(a)</sup>**

	Revenue expenditure (£ million)	Government grants (£ million)	% of total	Redistributed non-domestic rates (£ million)	% of total	Council tax (£ million)	% of total
<b>Outturn</b>							
2006-07 <sup>(a)</sup>	88,172	49,093	56.0	17,506	20.0	22,453	25.0
2007-08 <sup>(a)</sup>	92,384	51,656	55.9	18,506	20.0	23,608	25.6
2008-09 (R) <sup>(a)</sup>	98,107	53,007	54.0	20,506	20.9	24,759	25.2
2009-10 (R) <sup>(a)</sup>	103,276	57,707	55.9	19,515	18.9	25,633	24.8
2010-11 <sup>(b)</sup>	104,314	57,736	55.3	21,517	20.6	26,254	25.2
<b>Budget</b>							
2011-12 <sup>(b)</sup>	101,885	55,320	54.3	19,017	18.7	26,451	26.0

(a) Produced on a Non-Financial Reporting Standard 17 basis. Sum of government grants, redistributed non-domestic rates and council tax does not normally exactly equal revenue expenditure because of the use of reserves and other adjustments

(b) Produced on a Non-International Accounting Standard 19 basis. Sum of government grants, redistributed non-domestic rates and council tax does not normally exactly equal revenue expenditure because of the use of reserves and other adjustments

**Chart B: Changes in revenue expenditure and its financing attributes since 2000-01 for England (Index based on 2010-11 market prices) – including non-school reserves <sup>(a)</sup>**



(a) Non-School reserve levels taken as at 1<sup>st</sup> April for each year, and inflated by 2010-11 market prices

## **Revenue Expenditure by region, since 2006-07, in cash and real terms**

7. **Table 7** shows revenue expenditure per capita, in both cash and real terms, across the financial years 2006-07 to 2010-11. Year-on-Year comparisons may not be valid owing to changes in local authority responsibilities.

### **One year change from 2009-10 to 2010-11:**

- In Cash Terms; some regions of England experienced an increase in revenue spending per capita, whereas others experienced a decrease. The North West Region of England experienced the largest increase in revenue spending per capita, of 1.7%. South West Region of England experienced the largest decrease, of 0.8%.
- In Real Terms; all regions of England experienced a decrease in revenue spending per capita. The North West Region of England experienced the smallest decrease of 1.0%. The South West Region of England experienced the largest decrease, of 3.5%, in revenue spending per capita.

### **Five year change from 2006-07 to 2010-11:**

- In Cash Terms; all regions of England experienced an increase in revenue spending per capita. The North East Region of England experienced the largest increase in spending per capita, of 17.4%. Both, Yorkshire & the Humber and East of England Regions experienced the smallest increase, of 13.5%.
- In Real Terms; all regions of England experienced an increase in revenue spending per capita. The North East Region of England experienced the largest increase, of 6.6%. Both Yorkshire & the Humber and East of England Regions experienced the smallest increase, of 3.1%.

**Table 7: Revenue expenditure per capita <sup>(1)</sup> by region, since 2006-07**

REGION	£ per capita (CASH TERMS)						
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09 (R)	2009-10 (R)	2010-11	% change from 2009-10 to 2010-11	% change from 2006-07 to 2010-11
North East	1,788	1,880	2,029	2,084	2,099	0.7	17.4
North West	1,802	1,858	1,972	2,037	2,072	1.7	15.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	1,677	1,752	1,836	1,909	1,903	-0.3	13.5
East Midlands	1,536	1,596	1,694	1,772	1,768	-0.2	15.1
West Midlands	1,702	1,787	1,874	1,941	1,964	1.2	15.4
East of England	1,516	1,571	1,670	1,727	1,721	-0.3	13.5
London	2,441	2,540	2,625	2,849	2,839	-0.3	16.3
South East	1,485	1,546	1,638	1,688	1,689	0.1	13.8
South West	1,501	1,565	1,675	1,738	1,724	-0.8	14.8
<b>ALL</b>	<b>1,737</b>	<b>1,808</b>	<b>1,906</b>	<b>1,993</b>	<b>1,997</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>15.0</b>
REGION	£ per capita (REAL TERMS <sup>(2)</sup> )						
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09 (R)	2009-10 (R)	2010-11	% change from 2009-10 to 2010-11	% change from 2006-07 to 2010-11
North East	1,969	2,024	2,120	2,142	2,099	-2.0	6.6
North West	1,985	2,001	2,061	2,092	2,072	-1.0	4.4
Yorkshire & the Humber	1,847	1,886	1,919	1,961	1,903	-3.0	3.1
East Midlands	1,691	1,718	1,771	1,821	1,768	-2.9	4.5
West Midlands	1,875	1,924	1,959	1,994	1,964	-1.5	4.7
East of England	1,670	1,691	1,746	1,774	1,721	-3.0	3.1
London	2,688	2,734	2,743	2,927	2,839	-3.0	5.6
South East	1,635	1,665	1,713	1,735	1,689	-2.6	3.3
South West	1,653	1,685	1,750	1,785	1,724	-3.5	4.3
<b>ALL</b>	<b>1,913</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>1,992</b>	<b>2,048</b>	<b>1,997</b>	<b>-2.5</b>	<b>4.4</b>

(1) Figures per capita calculated using ONS mid-year population estimates for respective years.

(2) Real Term figures based on market prices for 2010-11 using ONS GDP Deflator (updated: 25 October 2011)

## Revenue reserves

8. Revenue reserves are an accumulated surplus income, which can be used to finance future expenditure and to provide working balances. The transfer of money into reserves increases the budget requirement for the year.
9. **Table 8** shows the level of local authority revenue reserves at the beginning of each of the last five financial years. Pension reserves are not included in this table because they do not represent resources available to spend.

- The total level of non-schools revenue reserves stood at £14.3 billion at 31 March 2011 compared with £13.2 billion at 1 April 2010, an increase of 8.0%.
- Schools' reserves stood at £2.1 billion at 31 March 2011 compared with £1.8 billion at 1 April 2010, an increase of 12.2%.
- Between 2009-10 and 2010-11 the introduction of the new International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) accounting code resulted in a restatement of other earmarked financial reserve levels. Previous years reserve level figures (both outturn and budget figures) have not been adjusted to remove this effect. The main change relates to grant income, which, where no outstanding conditions existed, had to be recognised immediately in the General Fund Revenue Account. This has meant that balances previously held as receipts in advance are switched to reserves.

**Table 8: Level of revenue reserves**

£ million				
Non-schools reserves				
	Schools reserves	Other earmarked	Unallocated	Non-schools Total
<b>At 1 April</b>				
2006	1,596	7,644	2,939	<b>10,583</b>
2007	1,760	8,122	3,205	<b>11,327</b>
2008 (R)	2,009	9,014	3,373	<b>12,386</b>
2009 (R)	1,866	9,488	3,497	<b>12,986</b>
2010	1,834	9,756	3,471	<b>13,227</b>
<b>At 31 March</b>				
2011	2,057	10,511	3,773	<b>14,284</b>



## **Detailed outturn information**

10. The following annexes show all England detailed outturn information in the same way as it is returned to Department for Communities and Local Government. It forms the basis of the tables in this release

11. The annexes contain:

	<b>Form</b>	<b>Annex</b>
Revenue Service Expenditure Summary	RS	A1
Revenue Outturn Summary	RSX	A2
Income from specific grants	RG	A3
Education services	RO1	A4
Highways and Transport services	RO2	A5
Social Care	RO3	A6
Housing services	RO4	A7
Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning services	RO5	A8
Protective, Central and Other services	RO6	A9
Trading Services Revenue Account	TSR	A10
Subjective Analysis	SAR	A11
Business Improvement District Outturn (BID)	BIDO	A12
Derivation of service lines used in Table 1		B
Derivation of service lines used in Table 2		C
Distribution of local authorities by region and classification		D
Total number of authorities completing the SAR form and total in England		E

### **Service Net Current Expenditure**

- Net Income on Parking Services (off-street and on-street parking) has risen from £489.4 million in 2009-10 to £511.6 in 2010-11, which is a 4.5% increase.
- Net Income on Congestion Charging has increased from £153.0 million to £190.3 million, which is a 24.4% increase.
- Spending on Community Safety (which includes Crime Reduction, Safety Services and CCTV) has decreased from £504.1 million in 2009-10 to £463.0 million in 2010-11. This is a reduction of 8.2%.

## Annex A1: Revenue Outturn Summary (RS) 2010-11

		£ thousand		
		Net current expenditure	Capital Charges	Net total cost (excluding specific grants)
190	Education services	45,365,067	5,227,838	50,592,905
290	Highways and transport services	5,669,220	2,974,362	8,643,584
390	Social care	21,061,657	494,970	21,556,627
490	Housing services (GFRA only)	2,485,156	491,217	2,976,374
509	Cultural and related services	3,278,464	1,011,930	4,290,393
590	Environmental and regulatory services	5,201,998	413,663	5,615,664
599	Planning and development services	2,197,882	484,486	2,682,366
601	Police services	11,948,042	579,325	12,527,367
602	Fire and rescue services	2,164,656	167,722	2,332,378
690	Central services	3,191,060	674,751	3,865,810
698	Other services	117,630	172,154	289,784
<b>699</b>	<b>Total service expenditure (total of lines 190 to 698)</b>	<b>102,680,834</b>	<b>12,692,419</b>	<b>115,373,252</b>
701	Education: student support - mandatory awards	88		
711	Housing benefits: rent allowances - mandatory payments	14,127,187		
712	Housing benefits: non-HRA rent rebates - mandatory payments	470,155		
713	Housing benefits: rent rebates to HRA tenants - mandatory payments	3,952,689		
714	Housing benefits: subsidy limitation transfers from HRA	-10,195		
718	Contribution to the HRA re items shared by the whole community	8,562		
721	Parish precepts	356,750		
722	Integrated Transport Authority levy	0		
724	Waste Disposal Authority levy	0		
727	London Pensions Fund Authority levy	25,497		
728	Other levies	28,375		
731	External Trading Accounts net surplus(-)/ deficit(+)	-126,812		
732	Internal Trading Accounts net surplus(-)/ deficit(+)	87,058		
741	Capital charges accounted for in External Trading Accounts	-165,742		
742	Capital charges accounted for in Internal Trading Accounts	-128,976		
748	Adjustments to net current expenditure	-73,137		
<b>749</b>	<b>NET CURRENT EXPENDITURE (TOTAL OF LINES 699 TO 748)</b>	<b>121,232,333</b>		
754	Local tax collection: Council tax benefit paid to the Collection Fund	4,144,266		
757	Local tax collection: Non-domestic rate relief - discretionary payments	28,702		
759	Levy: Environment Agency flood defence	30,354		
765	Capital expenditure charged to the GF Revenue Account (CERA)	2,598,389		
771	Provision for bad debts	102,183		
773	Provision for repayment of principal	1,841,337		
776	Leasing payments	38,299		
781	Interest payable and similar charges	3,061,071	-15,570	
783	Interest: HRA item 8 payments and receipts	-803,870		
<b>785</b>	<b>SUB-TOTAL (total of lines 749 to 783)</b>	<b>132,273,059</b>		
786	Interest and investment income (-): external receipts and dividends	-662,595		
788	Private Finance Initiative (PFI) schemes - difference from service charge	38,327		
789	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) financial instruments adjustment account	15,185		
790	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) unequal pay back pay account	-199		
791	Specific and special revenue grants outside AEF	-27,191,498		
792	Appropriations to(+)/ from (-) Accumulated Absences Account	64,055		
793	Business Rates Supplement	-222,380		
<b>795</b>	<b>REVENUE EXPENDITURE (TOTAL OF LINES 785 TO 791)</b>	<b>104,313,953</b>		

*continued*

(a) A large portion of the CERA figures in contributed by Greater London Authority (GLA) group (amounting to 1,964 million), which includes the TfL component of the GLA Group in respect of their contributions towards the cost of the tube upgrade and crossrail.

## Annex A1: Revenue Outturn Summary (RS) 2010-11 (continued)

		£ thousand	
	<b>Net current expenditure</b>		
797	Specific and special revenue grants inside AEF	-45,828,592	
798	Area Based Grant (ABG)	-4,363,416	
<b>799</b>	<b>NET REVENUE EXPENDITURE (TOTAL OF LINES 795 TO 798)</b>	<b>54,121,949</b>	
801	Inter-authority transfers in respect of reorganisation	-23,359	
811	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) schools' reserves	223,650	
815	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) other earmarked financial reserves	755,470	
816	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) unallocated financial reserves	302,090	
<b>830</b>	<b>THE BUDGET REQUIREMENT (TOTAL OF LINES 799 TO 816)</b>	<b>55,379,796</b>	
851	Revenue Support Grant	-3,122,132	
856	Police grant	-4,373,502	
858	General GLA grant	-48,136	
870	Redistributed non-domestic rates	-21,516,501	
880	Other items	-65,367	
<b>890</b>	<b>COUNCIL TAX REQUIREMENT (TOTAL OF LINES 830 TO 880)</b>	<b>26,254,158</b>	
<hr/>			
<b>Financial reserves levels at start and end of 2010-11</b>		<b>At 1 April 2010</b>	<b>At 31 March 2011</b>
911	Schools reserves level	1,833,738	2,057,388
915	Other earmarked financial reserves level	9,755,909	10,511,379
916	Unallocated financial reserves level	3,470,668	3,772,759
920	Prior Year Adjustments	21,396	0
<hr/>			
<b>Capital charges</b>			
931	Depreciation	5,255,958	
933	Loss on impairment of assets	4,499,849	
935	Credit for amortisation of capital grants and other capital contributions	-509,781	
936	Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital by Statute	3,446,392	
<b>939</b>	<b>Total capital charges (TOTAL OF LINES 931 TO 935)</b>	<b>12,692,419</b>	
<hr/>			
<b>Equal pay costs</b>			
941	One off equal pay costs - falling on the schools budget	25,824	
942	One off equal pay costs - chargeable to any other revenue account	33,240	
<hr/>			
<b>Icelandic bank impairment</b>			
951	Interest payable and similar charges <sup>(b)</sup>	-3,594	
952	Interest and investment income (-): external receipts and dividends <sup>(c)</sup>	-19,859	
953	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) financial instruments adjustment account <sup>(d)</sup>	65,346	
954	Reversal of Revenue expenditure funded from capital by statute (RECS) <sup>(e)</sup>	-15,570	
			<i>continued</i>
<hr/>			
<p>(a) Change to the impairment charge calculated in 2009-10</p> <p>(b) Interest credited in respect of impaired Icelandic investments (from April 2010 to March 2011)</p> <p>(c) The reversal of any impairment charge and the reversal of any interest credited in reliance on regulation 30G (see terminology) of the 2003 Regulations (impairment of certain investments). Any voluntary write back of the credit permitted by the regulation is also included. This debit with equal the total of credits made in previous years.</p> <p>(d) Any impairment charge capitalised under the authority of a direction under section 16(2)(b) of the Local Government Act 2003</p>			

## Annex A1: Revenue Outturn Summary (RS) 2010-11 (continued)

			£ thousand
Net current expenditure without taking IAS19 into account			
	Net current expenditure on a non-IAS and PFI "off-balance sheet" basis	Net current expenditure on a IAS and PFI "off-balance sheet" basis	Net current expenditure on a non-IAS and PFI "on-balance sheet" basis
961	Education services	45,365,067	44,829,750
962	Highways and transport services	5,669,220	5,598,156
963	Social care	21,061,657	21,056,266
964	Housing services (GFRA only)	2,485,156	2,485,472
965	Cultural and related services	3,278,465	3,248,880
966	Environmental and regulatory services	5,201,999	5,136,999
967	Planning and development services	2,197,882	2,218,286
971	Police services	11,948,042	12,028,241
972	Fire and rescue services	2,164,656	2,151,840
975	Central services (excluding Non-distributed costs: retirement benefits )	2,825,681	2,828,356
976	Non-distributed costs: retirement benefits	365,380	263,855
978	Other services	117,630	117,630
981	External Trading Accounts net surplus(-)/ deficit(+)	-126,812	-129,196
982	Internal Trading Accounts net surplus(-)/ deficit(+)	87,058	87,059
983	Provision for repayment of principal	1,841,337	1,946,027
984	Interest payable and similar charges	3,061,071	3,426,285
985	Private Finance Initiative (PFI) schemes - difference from service charge	38,327	-
986	Pensions interest cost and expected return on pensions assets	-	5,087,024
987	Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) pensions reserve	-	10,022,390
<b>989</b>	<b>TOTAL (TOTAL OF LINES 961 TO 987)</b>	<b>107,581,813</b>	<b>107,581,813</b>

## Annex A2: Revenue Outturn Service Expenditure Summary (RSX) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees	Running expenses	Total expenditure	Sales, fees & charges	Other income	Total income	Net current expenditure	Capital Charges	Net Total Cost (excluding specific grants)
	(1)	(2)	(3) = (1) + (2)	(4)	(5)	(6) = (4) + (5)	(7) = (3) - (6)	(8)	(9) = (7) + (8)
190 Education services	32,418,301	18,482,994	<b>50,901,294</b>	2,126,292	3,409,935	<b>5,536,227</b>	<b>45,365,067</b>	5,227,839	<b>50,592,905</b>
290 Highways and transport services	1,328,499	7,186,298	<b>8,514,796</b>	2,063,209	782,364	<b>2,845,575</b>	<b>5,669,220</b>	2,974,362	<b>8,643,584</b>
390 Social care	7,186,544	19,805,398	<b>26,991,942</b>	2,717,978	3,212,308	<b>5,930,285</b>	<b>21,061,657</b>	494,970	<b>21,556,627</b>
490 Housing services (GFRA only)	786,278	2,682,130	<b>3,468,409</b>	554,645	428,604	<b>983,250</b>	<b>2,485,156</b>	491,217	<b>2,976,374</b>
509 Cultural and related services	1,826,468	2,892,586	<b>4,719,053</b>	914,944	525,643	<b>1,440,589</b>	<b>3,278,464</b>	1,011,930	<b>4,290,393</b>
590 Environmental and regulatory services	1,760,580	5,134,843	<b>6,895,424</b>	954,477	738,947	<b>1,693,424</b>	<b>5,201,998</b>	413,663	<b>5,615,664</b>
599 Planning and development services	1,271,494	2,119,848	<b>3,391,345</b>	672,099	521,367	<b>1,193,461</b>	<b>2,197,882</b>	484,486	<b>2,682,366</b>
601 Police services	10,763,248	2,176,408	<b>12,939,656</b>	446,526	545,088	<b>991,613</b>	<b>11,948,042</b>	579,325	<b>12,527,367</b>
602 Fire and rescue services	1,741,838	508,529	<b>2,250,367</b>	34,560	51,151	<b>85,711</b>	<b>2,164,656</b>	167,722	<b>2,332,378</b>
690 Central services	6,273,964	7,128,223	<b>13,402,187</b>	1,125,261	9,085,864	<b>10,211,126</b>	<b>3,191,060</b>	674,751	<b>3,865,810</b>
698 Other services	176,041	365,037	<b>541,078</b>	84,757	338,691	<b>423,449</b>	<b>117,631</b>	172,154	<b>289,785</b>
<b>699 TOTAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE (total of lines 190 to 698) <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>65,533,254</b>	<b>68,482,297</b>	<b>134,015,550</b>	<b>11,694,750</b>	<b>19,639,965</b>	<b>31,334,714</b>	<b>102,680,835</b>	<b>12,692,420</b>	<b>115,373,253</b>

(a) Does not include levies and transfers; please see Annexes A2 and B for this information

**Annex A3: Income from specific grants (RG) 2010-11****£ thousand****Grants within Aggregate External Finance (AEF)**

102	Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)	30,442,214
104	London Pay Addition	22,107
109	ContactPoint	11,237
141	School Standards Grant (including Personalisation)	1,547,917
145	Standards Fund (excluding elements now in ABG)	3,835,453
150	Sure Start, Early Years and Childcare Grant	1,801,281
152	Play (Pathfinders & Playbuilders)	6,144
153	Consortia Support Grant	9,928
154	Diploma Specific Formula Grant	46,183
155	Think Family Grant	69,845
157	Targeted Mental Health in Schools	22,537
195	Youth Opportunity	33,515
212	Kerbcraft Road Safety	79
215	Road Safety Partnerships	6,314
216	Road Maintenance: Potholes Grant	48,419
217	Congestion Performance Fund	1,506
218	Transport Innovation Fund	240
220	Concessionary Fares	189,101
221	GLA Transport Grant	2,954,434
231	Metropolitan Railway Passenger Services (include NEXUS Tyne and Wear Metro)	178,434
232	Mersey Travel	86,498
251	Rural Bus Challenge and Kickstart	621
252	Walking to School	459
253	Cycling	6,964
254	Smart Ticketing Grant	31,968
257	Travel Plan Bursaries	148
260	Urban congestion	1,012
261	Urban Bus Challenge and Kickstart	330
311	AIDS Support	24,670
320	Social Care Reform	209,749
324	Learning Disability Campus Closure Programme	49,455
326	Stroke Strategy	16,412
405	Housing Benefit and Council Tax Benefit Administration	483,594
481	Workstep	10,662
484	Right to Control Trailblazers	2,003
511	Homelessness	71,802
512	Housing Management	3,417
513	Housing Market Renewal Grant	17,362
514	The Growth Fund	15,531
522	Local Area Agreements (LAA) Pump Priming Grant	9,007
523	Other Local Area Agreements (LAA) Revenue Grants	56,135
524	Migration Impacts Fund	9,765
525	Renewing Neighbourhoods	603
537	New Dimension Grants	20,601
542	Fire Control	10,792

*continued*

## Annex A3: Income from specific grants (RG) 2010-11 (continued)

	£ thousand
545 The Private Finance Initiative (PFI)	826,703
571 Animal Movement Licences	3,051
575 Coastal Change Pathfinder	3,413
581 National Parks & Broads	52,813
592 Waste Regional Improvement and Efficiency	2,554
593 Waste LA Financial Incentives	3,559
611 Asylum Seekers	144,496
614 Alcohol Arrest Referral Pilots	2,322
615 Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conferences	6
616 Guns, Gangs & Knives	621
617 Drug Action Teams	77,043
618 Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships	2,822
621 Basic Command Units (BCU) Fund	29,063
625 Community Support Officers	135,258
631 Counter Terrorism	470,652
635 Crime Fighting Fund	265,073
643 Neighbourhood Policing Fund	186,616
647 Probation Loan Charges	748
648 Reform Deal	0
650 Additional Rule 2 Grant	85,489
667 Generations Together	1,077
669 LFEPA Civil Contingencies	606
<b>698 Other grants within AEF <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>1,168,150</b>
<b>699 TOTAL GRANTS INSIDE AEF (Total of Lines 102 to 698)</b>	<b>45,828,592</b>
<b>Grants outside Aggregate External Finance (AEF)</b>	
708 Further Education funding from Skills Funding Agency (SFA) - 19+ funding	138,271
711 Education Maintenance Allowance	598
712 Further Education funding from Young People's Learning Agency (YPLA) - 16-18 funding	949,636
713 Higher Education Funding Council (HEFC) Payments	37,497
715 Adult and Community Learning from Skills Funding Agency	339,349
716 Sixth forms funding from Young People's Learning Agency (YPLA)	2,047,839
718 Mandatory Student Awards	87
741 Council Tax Benefit: subsidy	4,184,403
745 Mandatory Rent Allowances: subsidy	14,146,866
746 Mandatory Rent Rebates outside HRA: subsidy	443,348
747 Rent Rebates Granted to HRA Tenants: subsidy	3,942,879
750 Beacon	875
751 Capacity Building	28,387
752 Housing Acts/ Urban Developments - contributions towards cost of loan charges	1,844
753 New Deal for Communities (NDC)	22,709
754 LG Efficiency Challenge Fund	8
755 Efficiency Improvements in Local Government	531
759 Invest to Save	168
766 Tackling Extremism	849
773 Rural Community Action Network (RCAN)	146
782 Tackling Violent Crime Programme	567
783 Crime Reduction Grants	6,381
788 Youth Offending Teams Grant	67,480
791 European Community grants	56,125
<b>798 Other grants outside AEF <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>774,653</b>
<b>799 TOTAL GRANTS OUTSIDE AEF (total of lines 708 to 798)</b>	<b>27,191,498</b>
<b>800 TOTAL SPECIFIC AND SPECIAL REVENUE GRANTS (total of lines 699 + 799)</b>	<b>73,020,089</b>

(a) This category may include amounts which should have been allocated to one of the main grants in the preceding rows



## Annex A4: Revenue Outturn Education services (RO1) 2010-11

									£ thousand
	Employees	Running expenses	Total expenditure	Sales, fees & charges	Other income	Total income	Net current expenditure	Capital charges	Net total cost (excluding specific grants)
	(1)	(2)	(3) = (1) + (2)	(4)	(5)	(6) = (4) + (5)	(7) = (3) - (6)	(8)	(9) = (7) + (8)
<b>Schools</b>									
10 Nursery schools	276,280	234,874	<b>511,154</b>	55,795	49,528	<b>105,324</b>	<b>405,829</b>	58,398	<b>464,227</b>
20 Primary schools	14,570,007	5,686,506	<b>20,256,513</b>	790,329	1,188,077	<b>1,978,404</b>	<b>18,278,110</b>	2,218,554	<b>20,496,665</b>
30 Secondary schools	13,520,751	6,526,579	<b>20,047,330</b>	806,622	1,282,292	<b>2,088,915</b>	<b>17,958,415</b>	2,252,952	<b>20,211,367</b>
40 Special schools	1,777,374	1,442,372	<b>3,219,747</b>	110,501	256,620	<b>367,121</b>	<b>2,852,625</b>	218,933	<b>3,071,559</b>
<b>Non-school funding</b>									
51 Strategic management of non-school services	467,471	843,551	<b>1,311,024</b>	85,309	227,399	<b>312,709</b>	<b>998,314</b>	116,740	<b>1,115,055</b>
52 Pre-school education	583,913	1,664,666	<b>2,248,579</b>	67,111	93,210	<b>160,320</b>	<b>2,088,259</b>	83,853	<b>2,172,112</b>
53 Youth education services	488,820	646,095	<b>1,134,913</b>	39,057	102,298	<b>141,354</b>	<b>993,559</b>	56,007	<b>1,049,565</b>
54 Adult and community learning	343,747	420,691	<b>764,439</b>	80,705	68,026	<b>148,730</b>	<b>615,709</b>	21,816	<b>637,524</b>
55 Student support	22,000	27,098	<b>49,099</b>	1,334	2,209	<b>3,544</b>	<b>45,555</b>	390	<b>45,945</b>
58 Other non-school education funding	367,939	990,558	<b>1,358,498</b>	89,529	140,277	<b>229,807</b>	<b>1,128,691</b>	200,196	<b>1,328,887</b>
<b>90 TOTAL EDUCATION SERVICES</b>	<b>32,418,301</b>	<b>18,482,993</b>	<b>50,901,295</b>	<b>2,126,291</b>	<b>3,409,935</b>	<b>5,536,228</b>	<b>45,365,066</b>	<b>5,227,839</b>	<b>50,592,905</b>

## Annex A5: Revenue Outturn Highways and Transport services (RO2) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees	Running expenses	Total expenditure	Sales, fees & charges	Other income	Total income	Net current expenditure	Capital charges	Net total cost (excluding specific grants)
	(1)	(2)	(3) = (1) + (2)	(4)	(5)	(6) = (4) + (5)	(7) = (3) - (6)	(8)	(9) = (7) + (8)
<b>Transport planning, policy and strategy</b>									
11 Highways maintenance planning, policy and strategy	155,832	159,973	<b>315,806</b>	72,916	75,847	<b>148,763</b>	<b>167,041</b>	78,266	<b>245,308</b>
12 Public and other transport planning, policy and strategy	67,048	83,046	<b>150,094</b>	13,652	24,990	<b>38,642</b>	<b>111,452</b>	39,764	<b>151,216</b>
20 Capital charges relating to construction projects	0	0	<b>0</b>	0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	553,531	<b>553,531</b>
<b>Highways and roads - maintenance</b>									
31 Structural maintenance - principal roads	23,022	129,923	<b>152,945</b>	12,239	29,147	<b>41,386</b>	<b>111,557</b>	160,043	<b>271,600</b>
32 Structural maintenance - other LA roads	67,731	301,598	<b>369,331</b>	29,805	60,152	<b>89,958</b>	<b>279,372</b>	113,805	<b>393,177</b>
33 Structural maintenance - bridges	17,787	54,158	<b>71,945</b>	8,089	8,286	<b>16,375</b>	<b>55,570</b>	86,148	<b>141,718</b>
41 Environmental, safety and routine maintenance - principal roads	59,390	329,542	<b>388,932</b>	25,641	23,994	<b>49,636</b>	<b>339,296</b>	40,472	<b>379,767</b>
44 Environmental, safety and routine maintenance - other LA roads	139,637	636,675	<b>776,312</b>	73,964	81,707	<b>155,670</b>	<b>620,642</b>	117,119	<b>737,761</b>
48 Winter service	21,779	194,947	<b>216,725</b>	3,827	8,613	<b>12,440</b>	<b>204,285</b>	11,710	<b>215,995</b>
49 Street lighting (including energy costs)	37,943	491,083	<b>529,026</b>	13,737	24,979	<b>38,716</b>	<b>490,310</b>	46,383	<b>536,694</b>
<b>Traffic management and road safety</b>									
51 Congestion charging	11,250	120,937	<b>132,187</b>	322,518	0	<b>322,518</b>	<b>-190,331</b>	0	<b>-190,331</b>
54 Road safety education and safe routes (including school crossing patrols)	70,662	95,646	<b>166,307</b>	26,606	19,965	<b>46,572</b>	<b>119,735</b>	7,739	<b>127,474</b>
58 Other traffic management	234,345	208,715	<b>443,061</b>	58,985	64,070	<b>123,054</b>	<b>320,007</b>	75,057	<b>395,062</b>
<b>Parking services</b>									
61 On-street parking	112,109	345,463	<b>457,571</b>	661,832	34,631	<b>696,463</b>	<b>-238,892</b>	20,445	<b>-218,445</b>
62 Off-street parking	72,556	281,408	<b>353,962</b>	586,483	40,141	<b>626,626</b>	<b>-272,664</b>	133,175	<b>-139,489</b>
<b>Public transport</b>									
71 Concessionary fares	7,930	1,256,706	<b>1,264,633</b>	40,219	152,330	<b>192,549</b>	<b>1,072,086</b>	471	<b>1,072,558</b>
72 Support to operators - bus services	21,076	1,039,508	<b>1,060,584</b>	39,298	87,246	<b>126,544</b>	<b>934,040</b>	11,187	<b>945,227</b>
73 Support to operators - rail services	1,340	821,608	<b>822,948</b>	383	10,924	<b>11,307</b>	<b>811,641</b>	17,519	<b>829,160</b>
74 Support to operators - other	8,626	165,015	<b>173,641</b>	4,937	4,986	<b>9,923</b>	<b>163,718</b>	7,307	<b>171,025</b>
76 Public transport co-ordination	188,580	452,321	<b>640,901</b>	39,345	26,763	<b>66,108</b>	<b>574,793</b>	1,394,769	<b>1,969,562</b>
80 Airports, harbours and toll facilities	9,862	18,025	<b>27,887</b>	28,731	3,591	<b>32,322</b>	<b>-4,435</b>	59,450	<b>55,015</b>
<b>90 TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORT SERVICES</b>	<b>1,328,499</b>	<b>7,186,298</b>	<b>8,514,795</b>	<b>2,063,209</b>	<b>782,364</b>	<b>2,845,574</b>	<b>5,669,220</b>	<b>2,974,361</b>	<b>8,643,584</b>

## Annex A5: Revenue Outturn Highways and Transport services (RO2) 2010-11 (continued)

									£ thousand
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Net current expenditure (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net total cost (excluding specific grants) (9) = (7) + (8)
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>									
<b>Joint arrangements included within maintenance (col. 5)</b>									
101 Structural maintenance - principal roads: joint arrangements in line 31					1,618				
102 Structural maintenance - other LA roads: joint arrangements in line 32					3,717				
103 Environmental/safety/routine maintenance principal roads: joint arrangements in line 41					966				
104 Environmental/safety/routine maintenance other LA roads: joint arrangements in line 44					2,401				
<b>Third party liability claims included within maintenance</b>									
130 Structural maintenance (all local roads): third party liability claims in lines 31+32	315	7,621	7,936	22	170	192	7,744	0	7,744
<b>Unplanned patching included within maintenance (col. 2)</b>									
141 Environmental/safety/routine maintenance principal roads: unplanned patching in line 41		4,172							
144 Environmental/safety/routine maintenance other LA roads: unplanned patching in line 44		20,998							
<b>On-street parking: breakdown of sales, fees and charges (col. 4)</b>									
161 On-street parking: Penalty Charge Notice income included in line 61				315,991					
162 On street parking: other sales, fees and charges in line 61				345,841					

## Annex A6: Revenue Outturn Social Care (RO3) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Net current expenditure (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net total cost (excluding specific grants) (9) = (7) + (8)
11 Social care strategy - children	95,144	75,809	<b>170,954</b>	1,863	12,435	<b>14,298</b>	<b>156,655</b>	2,872	<b>159,527</b>
25 Children's and families' services - asylum seekers	30,433	114,618	<b>145,050</b>	4,106	7,860	<b>11,966</b>	<b>133,084</b>	459	<b>133,543</b>
29 Children's and families' services - other	2,650,551	4,321,108	<b>6,971,660</b>	126,018	481,502	<b>607,519</b>	<b>6,364,140</b>	122,325	<b>6,486,466</b>
30 Social care strategy - adults	54,021	50,713	<b>104,733</b>	20,817	14,885	<b>35,702</b>	<b>69,032</b>	5,673	<b>74,705</b>
40 Older people (aged 65 or over) including older mentally ill	2,340,286	7,611,128	<b>9,951,415</b>	2,028,642	604,851	<b>2,633,498</b>	<b>7,317,920</b>	163,457	<b>7,481,378</b>
51 Adults aged under 65 with physical disability or sensory impairment	359,842	1,463,030	<b>1,822,870</b>	114,324	142,283	<b>256,604</b>	<b>1,566,266</b>	24,678	<b>1,590,944</b>
52 Adults aged under 65 with learning disabilities	1,086,837	4,603,544	<b>5,690,383</b>	303,086	1,519,683	<b>1,822,770</b>	<b>3,867,613</b>	137,737	<b>4,005,350</b>
53 Adults aged under 65 with mental health needs	400,916	1,035,536	<b>1,436,449</b>	71,386	218,447	<b>289,829</b>	<b>1,146,620</b>	25,515	<b>1,172,135</b>
75 Other adult Social care - asylum seekers - lone adults	9,692	46,808	<b>56,499</b>	14,063	7,967	<b>22,031</b>	<b>34,469</b>	246	<b>34,715</b>
79 Other adult social care - other	158,823	483,104	<b>641,926</b>	33,677	202,394	<b>236,071</b>	<b>405,856</b>	12,008	<b>417,862</b>
<b>90 TOTAL SOCIAL CARE</b>	<b>7,186,543</b>	<b>19,805,399</b>	<b>26,991,942</b>	<b>2,717,978</b>	<b>3,212,308</b>	<b>5,930,285</b>	<b>21,061,656</b>	<b>494,970</b>	<b>21,556,627</b>
99 Supporting people ancillary expenditure included within above total	15,973	185,591	201,563	263	11,177	11,440	190,123	79	190,202

## Annex A7: Revenue Outturn Housing services (RO4) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Net current expenditure (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net total cost (excluding specific grants) (9) = (7) + (8)
10 Housing strategy, advice and enabling	129,033	142,775	271,808	15,873	81,342	97,216	174,593	84,039	258,632
20 Housing advances	1,647	4,041	5,688	1,236	1,247	2,482	3,205	3,338	6,543
<b>Private sector housing renewal</b>									
31 Administration of financial support for repairs and improvements	51,052	58,210	109,261	13,401	44,770	58,170	51,091	147,391	198,481
38 Other private sector housing renewal	66,753	58,192	124,945	12,981	29,940	42,922	82,025	188,773	270,798
<b>Homelessness</b>									
39 Other nightly paid, privately managed accommodation	2,826	21,481	24,307	20,252	2,921	23,173	1,134	-98	1,036
40 Private managed accommodation leased by the authority	3,289	169,735	173,025	157,366	12,009	169,375	3,650	-65	3,585
41 Hostels (non-HRA support)	11,687	27,007	38,694	19,374	10,011	29,385	9,309	5,220	14,529
42 Bed/breakfast accommodation	5,076	94,921	99,996	53,071	20,208	73,278	26,718	1,383	28,101
43 Private managed accommodation leased by RSLs	1,002	50,892	51,894	33,688	2,256	35,944	15,950	29	15,979
44 Directly with a private sector landlord	1,252	47,568	48,820	31,375	18,826	50,201	-1,381	19	-1,362
45 Accommodation within the authority's own stock (non-HRA)	1,703	10,059	11,762	9,535	1,441	10,976	785	7,725	8,510
46 Other temporary accommodation	9,689	79,663	89,352	47,360	14,176	61,536	27,815	1,170	28,985
47 Homelessness: Administration	99,615	129,223	228,841	21,825	21,345	43,171	185,668	6,943	192,610
48 Accommodation within RSL stock	4,982	21,276	26,257	15,519	937	16,456	9,801	226	10,027
49 Homelessness: Prevention	23,093	26,282	49,375	2,630	6,794	9,424	39,951	436	40,388
50 Homelessness: Support	14,148	18,632	32,780	242	8,424	8,666	24,114	245	24,360
<b>Housing benefits</b>									
51 Rent allowances - discretionary payments	2,007	20,951	22,957	3,583	5,956	9,539	13,418	56	13,474
52 Non-HRA rent rebates - discretionary payments	98	2,309	2,407	481	812	1,293	1,114	3	1,117
53 Rent rebates to HRA tenants - discretionary payments	169	4,806	4,975	436	7,237	7,673	-2,698	4	-2,694
57 Housing benefits administration	262,747	342,709	605,454	25,158	65,010	90,168	515,286	7,233	522,521
60 Other council property (Non-HRA)	17,652	39,381	57,032	41,338	12,160	53,498	3,535	22,620	26,155
<b>Housing welfare</b>									
75 Supporting People	57,253	1,284,539	1,341,793	14,987	45,883	60,871	1,280,924	5,219	1,286,143
78 Other welfare services	19,505	27,475	46,981	12,934	14,898	27,832	19,149	9,308	28,457
<b>90 TOTAL HOUSING SERVICES (GFRA only)</b>	<b>786,277</b>	<b>2,682,129</b>	<b>3,468,408</b>	<b>554,645</b>	<b>428,604</b>	<b>983,250</b>	<b>2,485,156</b>	<b>491,217</b>	<b>2,976,374</b>

## Annex A8: Revenue Outturn Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning services (RO5) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Net current expenditure (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net total cost (excluding specific grants) (9) = (7) + (8)
<b>CULTURAL AND RELATED SERVICES</b>									
<b>Culture and heritage</b>									
111 Archives	34,648	25,749	60,397	5,813	6,697	12,510	47,887	6,862	54,749
112 Arts development and support	36,558	118,428	154,984	11,590	22,388	33,979	121,005	11,258	132,263
113 Heritage	28,822	42,436	71,258	21,013	11,281	32,294	38,964	18,548	57,512
114 Museums and galleries	112,303	173,457	285,758	33,405	34,793	68,197	217,561	56,392	273,953
115 Theatres and public entertainment	90,781	259,792	350,573	153,988	26,591	180,578	169,995	98,037	268,032
<b>Recreation and sport</b>									
121 Community centres and public halls	31,120	65,193	96,311	20,035	13,996	34,032	62,279	55,379	117,658
122 Foreshore	7,207	17,935	25,142	14,827	3,002	17,829	7,313	5,223	12,536
123 Sports development and community recreation	132,595	246,239	378,834	51,629	80,635	132,264	246,569	69,900	316,469
128 Sports and recreation facilities, including golf courses	357,101	617,500	974,602	367,593	96,607	464,200	510,399	388,460	898,860
130 Open spaces	390,690	716,819	1,107,508	137,866	153,980	291,844	815,661	160,194	975,855
140 Tourism	54,687	122,786	177,470	35,867	17,498	53,364	124,105	15,504	139,611
150 Library service	549,955	486,260	1,036,217	61,319	58,179	119,497	916,719	126,175	1,042,893
<b>190 TOTAL CULTURAL AND RELATED SERVICES</b>	<b>1,826,468</b>	<b>2,892,587</b>	<b>4,719,054</b>	<b>914,944</b>	<b>525,644</b>	<b>1,440,589</b>	<b>3,278,462</b>	<b>1,011,931</b>	<b>4,290,393</b>
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY SERVICES</b>									
210 Cemetery, cremation and mortuary services	72,986	145,101	218,086	212,489	16,383	228,872	-10,786	32,294	21,507
<b>Regulatory services</b>									
219 Trading standards	129,850	71,340	201,189	11,383	17,964	29,346	171,843	1,767	173,610
220 Water safety	1,233	1,863	3,096	384	99	483	2,613	80	2,693
221 Food safety	77,681	47,918	125,598	5,582	5,138	10,719	114,878	819	115,696
222 Environmental protection	97,218	78,777	175,995	11,625	16,375	27,998	147,995	5,529	153,524
223 Private rented housing standards	26,819	14,922	41,740	5,016	7,111	12,127	29,613	7,087	36,700
224 Health and safety	30,409	25,944	56,351	2,192	10,493	12,685	43,665	1,241	44,906
225 Port health	8,893	7,839	16,732	10,508	2,720	13,228	3,504	77	3,581
226 Pest control	24,983	24,358	49,340	14,431	3,253	17,684	31,656	647	32,302
227 Public conveniences	13,943	68,057	81,998	2,225	1,316	3,541	78,456	23,623	102,079
228 Animal and public health; infectious disease control	97,931	97,031	194,962	19,639	29,904	49,542	145,418	7,947	153,366
229 Licensing - Alcohol and entertainment licensing; taxi licensing	84,173	94,853	179,027	121,440	40,334	161,774	17,254	2,474	19,728

continued

## Annex A8: Revenue Outturn Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning services (RO5) 2010-11 (continued)

£ thousand									
	Employees	Running expenses	Total expenditure	Sales, fees & charges	Other income	Total income	Net current expenditure	Capital charges	Net total cost (excluding specific grants)
	(1)	(2)	(3) = (1) + (2)	(4)	(5)	(6) = (4) + (5)	(7) = (3) - (6)	(8)	(9) = (7) + (8)
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY SERVICES (continued)</b>									
<b>Community Safety</b>									
231 Crime Reduction	116,880	227,352	344,233	12,078	81,359	93,437	250,796	12,923	263,719
232 Safety Services	106,595	108,642	215,236	11,229	41,888	53,117	162,122	3,955	166,076
233 CCTV	27,765	45,704	73,469	6,308	17,062	23,369	50,098	11,165	61,264
<b>Flood defence, land drainage and coast protection</b>									
241 Defences against flooding	5,204	17,229	22,432	1,732	2,930	4,662	17,770	5,279	23,050
243 Land drainage and related work	2,494	35,160	37,654	1,217	1,246	2,463	35,191	549	35,741
247 Coast protection	3,197	14,467	17,665	585	3,015	3,600	14,064	24,302	38,366
250 Agricultural and fisheries services	1,856	14,474	16,330	15,744	6,957	22,701	-6,371	14,121	7,750
270 Street cleansing (not chargeable to Highways)	308,525	554,928	863,454	19,759	99,180	118,939	744,516	20,307	764,824
<b>Waste management</b>									
281 Waste collection	311,220	856,879	1,168,097	94,622	115,938	210,560	957,536	89,209	1,046,747
282 Waste disposal	65,909	1,784,710	1,850,619	126,784	109,279	236,063	1,614,557	89,299	1,703,855
283 Trade waste	23,557	121,222	144,778	144,142	17,235	161,378	-16,600	7,123	-9,477
284 Recycling	110,169	645,303	755,473	102,115	87,001	189,115	566,360	36,900	603,260
285 Waste minimisation	6,003	19,460	25,463	1,091	3,179	4,269	21,195	1,226	22,421
286 Climate change costs	5,089	11,315	16,404	156	1,593	1,749	14,655	13,721	28,377
<b>290 TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY SERVICES</b>	<b>1,760,581</b>	<b>5,134,845</b>	<b>6,895,423</b>	<b>954,477</b>	<b>738,948</b>	<b>1,693,424</b>	<b>5,201,998</b>	<b>413,662</b>	<b>5,615,663</b>
<b>PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES</b>									
310 Building control	127,835	97,899	225,737	124,562	19,718	144,280	81,457	1,321	82,778
320 Development control	325,202	293,944	619,146	228,502	38,581	267,082	352,064	16,581	368,646
<b>Planning policy</b>									
335 Conservation and listed buildings planning policy	25,798	18,409	44,207	3,010	3,540	6,550	37,658	4,449	42,107
338 Other planning policy	164,483	176,753	341,235	60,181	40,370	100,551	240,684	10,852	251,536
340 Environmental initiatives	67,340	77,505	144,844	14,642	29,263	43,905	100,939	20,113	121,052
350 Economic development	376,624	1,052,853	1,429,477	217,908	307,823	525,728	903,748	389,623	1,293,371
360 Community development	184,213	402,482	586,694	23,291	82,071	105,362	481,331	41,545	522,876
<b>390 TOTAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES</b>	<b>1,271,494</b>	<b>2,119,847</b>	<b>3,391,345</b>	<b>672,098</b>	<b>521,367</b>	<b>1,193,460</b>	<b>2,197,882</b>	<b>484,486</b>	<b>2,682,366</b>
<b>400 TOTAL CULTURAL, ENVIRONMENTAL, REGULATORY AND PLANNING SERVICES</b>	<b>4,858,541</b>	<b>10,147,280</b>	<b>15,005,818</b>	<b>2,541,518</b>	<b>1,785,954</b>	<b>4,327,472</b>	<b>10,678,347</b>	<b>1,910,080</b>	<b>12,588,424</b>

## Annex A9: Revenue Outturn Protective, Central and Other services (RO6) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Net current expenditure (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net total cost (excluding specific grants) (9) = (7) + (8)
<b>PROTECTIVE SERVICES</b>									
<b>100 TOTAL POLICE SERVICES</b>	<b>10,763,248</b>	<b>2,176,408</b>	<b>12,939,656</b>	<b>446,526</b>	<b>545,088</b>	<b>991,613</b>	<b>11,948,042</b>	<b>579,325</b>	<b>12,527,367</b>
<b>FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES</b>									
210 Community fire safety	211,855	65,325	<b>277,180</b>	7,194	7,306	<b>14,500</b>	<b>262,680</b>	13,425	<b>276,105</b>
220 Fire fighting and rescue operations	1,519,835	439,367	<b>1,959,202</b>	26,570	42,551	<b>69,121</b>	<b>1,890,081</b>	149,547	<b>2,039,628</b>
230 Fire and rescue service emergency planning and civil defence	10,148	3,837	<b>13,985</b>	796	1,294	<b>2,090</b>	<b>11,895</b>	4,750	<b>16,645</b>
<b>290 TOTAL FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES</b>	<b>1,741,838</b>	<b>508,529</b>	<b>2,250,367</b>	<b>34,560</b>	<b>51,151</b>	<b>85,711</b>	<b>2,164,656</b>	<b>167,722</b>	<b>2,332,378</b>
<b>CENTRAL SERVICES</b>									
<b>410 CORPORATE AND DEMOCRATIC CORE</b>	<b>693,102</b>	<b>1,388,250</b>	<b>2,081,352</b>	<b>60,793</b>	<b>267,441</b>	<b>328,234</b>	<b>1,753,119</b>	<b>32,840</b>	<b>1,785,960</b>
<b>CENTRAL SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC</b>									
<b>Local tax collection</b>									
421 Council tax collection	174,646	357,013	<b>531,657</b>	89,023	68,195	<b>157,219</b>	<b>374,440</b>	7,292	<b>381,732</b>
422 Council tax discounts for prompt payment	564	435	<b>999</b>	542	10	<b>552</b>	<b>447</b>	0	<b>447</b>
423 Council tax discounts locally funded	9	4,492	<b>4,501</b>	4	122	<b>126</b>	<b>4,375</b>	0	<b>4,375</b>
425 Council tax benefits administration	129,011	187,244	<b>316,255</b>	7,832	40,305	<b>48,138</b>	<b>268,117</b>	2,404	<b>270,521</b>
426 Non-domestic rates collection	30,654	68,196	<b>98,850</b>	15,645	66,362	<b>82,007</b>	<b>16,842</b>	732	<b>17,574</b>
428 BID ballots	76	91	<b>167</b>	71	28	<b>99</b>	<b>68</b>	3	<b>71</b>
430 Registration of births, deaths and marriages	81,495	41,988	<b>123,485</b>	79,998	8,298	<b>88,294</b>	<b>35,190</b>	4,542	<b>39,732</b>
<b>Elections</b>									
441 Registration of electors	32,961	45,952	<b>78,911</b>	2,812	3,916	<b>6,728</b>	<b>72,182</b>	549	<b>72,731</b>
442 Conducting elections	21,365	53,123	<b>74,487</b>	5,646	15,231	<b>20,876</b>	<b>53,611</b>	1,070	<b>54,681</b>
450 Emergency planning	35,075	30,835	<b>65,912</b>	3,824	8,027	<b>11,852</b>	<b>54,060</b>	998	<b>55,058</b>
460 Local land charges	24,939	44,013	<b>68,951</b>	69,604	6,596	<b>76,199</b>	<b>-7,252</b>	1,527	<b>-5,725</b>
470 General grants, bequests and donations	6,821	108,562	<b>115,384</b>	3,587	9,663	<b>13,250</b>	<b>102,134</b>	4,097	<b>106,231</b>

continued



## Annex A9: Revenue Outturn Protective, Central and Other services (RO6) 2010-11 (continued)

£ thousand									
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Net current expenditure (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net total cost (excluding specific grants) (9) = (7) + (8)
<b>CENTRAL SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC (continued)</b>									
475 Coroners' court services	20,868	75,955	<b>96,824</b>	3,320	22,680	<b>26,000</b>	<b>70,823</b>	499	<b>71,323</b>
476 Other court services	3,532	5,378	<b>8,910</b>	315	5,474	<b>5,789</b>	<b>3,121</b>	7,248	<b>10,369</b>
<b>NON-DISTRIBUTED COSTS</b>									
481 Retirement benefits	416,503	54,775	<b>471,278</b>	16,586	89,312	<b>105,898</b>	<b>365,380</b>	18,467	<b>383,847</b>
482 Costs of unused shares of IT facilities and other assets	20,940	40,919	<b>61,859</b>	13,691	9,246	<b>22,937</b>	<b>38,922</b>	28,730	<b>67,651</b>
483 Depreciation / impairment of surplus assets etc	13,822	6,904	<b>20,726</b>	632	-3,095	<b>-2,463</b>	<b>23,188</b>	-11,256	<b>11,933</b>
489 MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES	4,567,585	4,614,101	<b>9,181,685</b>	751,337	8,468,055	<b>9,219,391</b>	<b>-37,707</b>	575,008	<b>537,301</b>
<b>490 TOTAL CENTRAL SERVICES</b>	<b>6,273,964</b>	<b>7,128,225</b>	<b>13,402,189</b>	<b>1,125,261</b>	<b>9,085,864</b>	<b>10,211,126</b>	<b>3,191,060</b>	<b>674,751</b>	<b>3,865,809</b>
<b>MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES</b>									
491 Recharges within central services					2,091,883				
492 Recharges to general fund revenue account (excluding central services)					4,890,230				
493 Recharges to central government					137,101				
494 Recharges to other accounts					930,840				
495 Other management and support services income (excluding recharges)					418,001				
<b>500 TOTAL OTHER SERVICES</b>	<b>176,041</b>	<b>365,037</b>	<b>541,078</b>	<b>84,757</b>	<b>338,691</b>	<b>423,449</b>	<b>117,631</b>	<b>172,154</b>	<b>289,785</b>

## Annex A10: Trading Account Services Return (TSR) 2010-11

	£ thousand								
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Gross surplus (-)/ deficit (+) (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net surplus (-)/ deficit (+) (9) = (7) + (8)
<b>External Trading Accounts</b>									
260 Car Parks	2,161	10,624	12,785	19,092	1,481	20,573	-7,788	3,344	-4,444
281 Airports	714	496	1,210	1,405	1,749	3,154	-1,944	212	-1,732
282 Ports	3,371	3,645	7,016	5,531	118	5,649	1,367	2,254	3,621
283 Piers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
284 Toll bridges and roads	5,440	17,966	23,406	49,640	663	50,303	-26,897	9,987	-16,910
514 Museums	521	475	996	364	80	444	552	674	1,225
515 Theatres	5,416	14,864	20,280	15,951	1,114	17,065	3,215	468	3,683
521 Civic halls	2,746	5,373	8,119	3,556	4,069	7,624	495	1,709	2,205
525 Civic restaurants	5,185	5,933	11,118	9,109	667	9,776	1,342	25	1,367
528 Sports facilities	7,426	10,622	18,048	12,149	2,108	14,257	3,791	878	4,669
535 Crematoria	2,234	3,642	5,876	6,593	51	6,643	-767	1,073	306
550 Fishery harbours	1,272	4,032	5,304	5,380	153	5,533	-229	3,823	3,594
580 Trade waste	2,398	10,985	13,383	13,918	2,680	16,598	-3,215	230	-2,985
591 Building control	12,322	10,558	22,881	18,617	2,055	20,671	2,210	41	2,252
594 Corporation estates	2,957	32,510	35,468	58,619	29,502	88,121	-52,653	5,966	-46,687
595 Industrial estates	7,259	52,904	60,165	105,359	38,105	143,464	-83,302	55,947	-27,355
596 Investment properties	3,399	48,967	52,366	134,279	27,078	161,357	-108,991	48,105	-60,886
597 Market undertakings	17,835	49,111	66,946	62,144	20,367	82,511	-15,566	18,525	2,959
691-695 Other External Trading Accounts	69,104	403,785	472,890	380,627	96,440	477,067	-4,176	12,480	8,304
<b>698 TOTAL EXTERNAL TRADING ACCOUNTS</b>	<b>151,761</b>	<b>686,494</b>	<b>838,255</b>	<b>902,330</b>	<b>228,480</b>	<b>1,130,811</b>	<b>-292,555</b>	<b>165,742</b>	<b>-126,812</b>
<i>of which:</i>									
931 Depreciation								76,158	
933 Loss on impairment of assets								85,538	
935 Credit for amortisation of capital grants and other capital contributions								-1,507	
936 Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital by Statute (RECS)								5,553	
<b>939 Total capital charges (total of lines 931 to 935)</b>								<b>165,743</b>	

continued

## Annex A10: Trading Account Services Return (TSR) 2010-11 (continued)

	£ thousand								
	Employees (1)	Running expenses (2)	Total expenditure (3) = (1) + (2)	Sales, fees & charges (4)	Other income (5)	Total income (6) = (4) + (5)	Gross surplus (-)/ deficit (+) (7) = (3) - (6)	Capital charges (8)	Net Surplus (-)/ Deficit (+) (9) = (7) + (8)
<b>Internal Trading Accounts</b>									
716 Administrative Education support services	7,611	10,317	17,928	15,862	1,534	17,396	532	57	589
717 Specialist Education support services	22,998	8,988	31,986	18,434	13,151	31,585	401	366	767
723 Highways maintenance	196,093	296,123	492,216	176,635	323,709	500,344	-8,128	3,854	-4,274
726 On-street parking	3,422	3,563	6,985	4,435	2,727	7,162	-177	88	-89
733 Social Services: residential homes	0	1	1	3	0	3	-2	0	-2
734 Social Services: home care services	813	787	1,600	1,426	231	1,657	-57	0	-57
741 Housing management	11,218	4,239	15,457	12	15,342	15,354	103	4,101	4,204
752 Leisure management	10,576	7,510	18,086	8,627	9,402	18,029	57	143	200
757 Environmental cleaning and sweeping	18,668	11,686	30,354	7,399	23,792	31,191	-837	498	-339
810 Construction and property services	137,457	145,196	282,653	47,435	240,920	288,355	-5,701	13,620	7,919
821 Building cleaning	198,785	50,591	249,375	88,765	160,220	248,985	390	325	715
825 Building maintenance	144,189	213,137	357,326	216,766	140,824	357,589	-263	1,905	1,642
830 Grounds maintenance	78,741	101,947	180,688	37,803	122,658	160,461	20,227	4,836	25,063
841 Vehicle maintenance	55,767	142,902	198,669	71,707	139,902	211,610	-12,941	23,038	10,097
845 Vehicle management and transport	51,671	176,852	228,524	82,221	190,838	273,059	-44,536	33,240	-11,297
850 Refuse collection	27,898	30,068	57,966	18,844	44,223	63,067	-5,101	3,649	-1,452
860 Catering services	290,828	267,269	558,096	327,744	219,002	546,747	11,349	1,271	12,619
871 Office services (printing, security, etc)	31,442	67,492	98,934	44,199	58,187	102,386	-3,452	2,130	-1,322
872 Information Technology	60,910	95,164	156,074	25,499	141,940	167,439	-11,365	15,264	3,899
873 Finance services	43,106	30,246	73,352	8,982	70,129	79,111	-5,759	6,232	473
874 Legal services	48,215	27,178	75,393	16,681	61,202	77,883	-2,490	205	-2,285
875 Personnel services	35,682	24,295	59,977	5,319	42,782	48,101	11,876	1,302	13,178
891-895 Other Internal Trading Accounts	243,254	230,409	473,664	179,977	279,732	459,709	13,954	12,855	26,809
<b>898 TOTAL INTERNAL TRADING ACCOUNTS</b>	<b>1,719,343</b>	<b>1,945,959</b>	<b>3,665,305</b>	<b>1,404,774</b>	<b>2,302,447</b>	<b>3,707,222</b>	<b>-41,919</b>	<b>128,976</b>	<b>87,058</b>
<i>of which:</i>									
931 Depreciation								104,222	
933 Loss on impairment of assets								22,360	
935 Credit for amortisation of capital grants and other capital contributions								-1,961	
936 Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital by Statute (RECS)								4,355	
<b>939 Total capital charges (total of lines 931 to 935)</b>								<b>128,976</b>	
<b>899 TOTAL EXTERNAL+ INTERNAL TRADING ACCOUNTS</b>	<b>1,871,105</b>	<b>2,632,456</b>	<b>4,503,561</b>	<b>2,307,106</b>	<b>2,530,927</b>	<b>4,838,035</b>	<b>-334,474</b>	<b>294,718</b>	<b>-39,755</b>

## Annex A11: Subjective Analysis (SAR) 2010-11

£ thousand

	Education services	Highways and transport services	Social Care	Housing services (excluding HRA)	Cultural and related services	Environmental and regulatory services	Planning and development services
<b>PART A - PAY ESTIMATES</b>							
1 Teacher salary	16,924,894	92	16,805	0	913	0	83
2 Employers' National Insurance contributions	1,298,763	3	1,337	0	84	0	5
3 Employers' Pension contributions	2,196,265	0	2,720	0	125	0	5
4 Location allowance	8,276	0	0	0	0	-63	0
<b>5 TOTAL TEACHERS GROUP (Total of lines 1 to 4)</b>	<b>20,428,198</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>20,862</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>-63</b>	<b>93</b>
6 Police & Fire salary	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 Employers' National Insurance contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 Employers' Pension contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 Location allowance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>10 TOTAL POLICE &amp; FIRE GROUP (Total of lines 6 to 9)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
11 All Other Staff salary	9,099,774	1,050,393	5,578,407	610,551	1,445,584	1,353,310	964,580
12 Employers' National Insurance contributions	651,013	69,681	406,868	45,820	96,667	99,142	76,441
13 Employers' Pension contributions	1,275,844	148,210	828,863	92,646	201,541	199,005	150,574
14 Location allowance	9,215	1,535	15,268	1,757	7,236	3,329	3,609
<b>15 TOTAL ALL OTHER STAFF GROUP (Total of lines 11 to 14)</b>	<b>11,035,846</b>	<b>1,269,819</b>	<b>6,829,406</b>	<b>750,774</b>	<b>1,751,028</b>	<b>1,654,786</b>	<b>1,195,204</b>
16 Other Pay Related Costs	954,253	58,585	336,275	35,503	74,318	105,858	76,197
<b>17 TOTAL Part A (Total of lines 5, 10, 15, 16a &amp; 16b)</b>	<b>32,418,301</b>	<b>1,328,499</b>	<b>7,186,543</b>	<b>786,277</b>	<b>1,826,468</b>	<b>1,760,581</b>	<b>1,271,494</b>
<b>PART B - RUNNING EXPENSES</b>							
18 Repairs, Alterations and Maintenance of Buildings	985,557	122,156	82,949	23,702	169,926	60,345	42,929
19 Energy Costs - Electricity	308,606	147,282	29,943	9,981	66,940	12,055	12,439
20 Energy Costs - Gas and Other	250,504	1,703	27,382	2,124	44,087	8,182	4,554
21 Rents	150,916	34,655	86,339	238,209	32,901	17,267	30,621
22 Rates	429,171	78,579	26,326	3,635	100,676	35,939	20,185
23 Water Services	118,782	3,479	13,636	3,377	29,613	11,706	3,563
24 Fixtures & Fittings	29,618	1,808	2,867	743	3,952	2,233	1,035
25 Cleaning and Domestic Supplies	456,344	9,096	38,950	2,184	42,332	34,104	8,368
26 Grounds Maintenance Costs	121,128	37,991	8,607	2,533	142,380	50,570	4,255
27 Premises Insurance	121,133	3,731	6,250	1,359	18,904	2,792	15,879
28 Other Premises Related Expenditure	324,803	74,017	49,174	18,285	35,734	29,706	17,133
<b>29 TOTAL PREMISES EXPENSES (Total of lines 18 to 28)</b>	<b>3,296,562</b>	<b>514,497</b>	<b>372,423</b>	<b>306,132</b>	<b>687,445</b>	<b>264,899</b>	<b>160,961</b>
30 Direct Transport Costs - Vehicle Repair & Maintenance	23,168	13,313	14,775	759	17,287	78,903	826
31 Direct Transport Costs - Vehicle Running Costs	48,134	16,474	31,953	802	18,990	113,086	993
32 Contract Hire and Operating Leases	448,459	155,386	116,698	3,084	33,275	138,315	4,378
33 Car Allowances for Travelling Expenses	89,471	15,812	159,639	7,219	11,072	18,907	16,259
34 Public Transport Allowances for Travelling Expenses	146,572	56,140	33,342	1,117	3,392	1,578	3,095
35 Transport Insurance	10,030	1,730	2,799	137	1,807	6,980	160
36 Other Transport Related Expenditure	246,725	160,562	94,399	3,168	7,771	27,806	3,878
<b>37 TOTAL TRANSPORT EXPENSES (Total of lines 30 to 36)</b>	<b>1,012,559</b>	<b>419,417</b>	<b>453,605</b>	<b>16,286</b>	<b>93,594</b>	<b>385,575</b>	<b>29,589</b>

continued

## Annex A11: Subjective Analysis (SAR) 2010-11 (continued)

£ thousand

	Education services	Highways and transport services	Social Care	Housing services (excluding HRA)	Cultural and related services	Environmental and regulatory services	Planning and development services
<b>PART B - RUNNING EXPENSES (continued)</b>							
<b>Supplies &amp; Services</b>							
38 Equipment, Furniture & Materials	853,981	123,391	227,396	33,542	198,449	102,457	20,537
39 Catering	902,177	1,590	88,910	1,496	23,569	2,275	3,237
40 Clothing, Uniforms & Laundry	11,845	1,961	7,607	548	3,412	6,088	472
41 Printing, Stationery and General Office Expenses	312,489	19,289	53,764	12,224	38,803	20,431	33,849
42 Communications and Computing - Postage	34,793	4,049	9,022	6,690	7,323	3,296	4,622
43 Communications and Computing - Telephone	90,392	28,266	41,731	5,252	13,237	13,534	8,648
44 Communications and Computing - Computer Costs	354,494	90,744	50,220	18,129	30,056	17,525	22,771
45 Communications and Computing - Other	20,697	1,765	5,750	502	7,220	2,547	5,193
46 Subsistence and Conference Expenses	55,183	2,255	35,306	2,954	4,586	2,223	5,736
47 Subscriptions	99,301	4,339	13,729	15,187	18,968	7,844	121,302
48 Insurance	106,340	103,557	14,126	1,657	13,159	4,259	2,887
49 Schools' Non ICT Learning Resources	755,523	337	5,765	217	1,057	352	813
50 Schools' ICT Learning Resources	231,411	936	4,157	825	695	1,124	454
51 Exam Fees	349,123	144	2,734	121	810	179	291
52 Other Supplies and Services Expenditure	3,914,208	1,167,938	1,650,291	482,695	530,879	1,036,144	538,375
<b>53 TOTAL SUPPLIES &amp; SERVICES EXPENDITURE (Total of lines 38 to 52)</b>	<b>8,091,957</b>	<b>1,550,561</b>	<b>2,210,508</b>	<b>582,039</b>	<b>892,223</b>	<b>1,220,278</b>	<b>769,187</b>
<b>Third Party Payments</b>							
54 Joint Authorities and Other Local Authorities	517,566	554,832	981,054	83,109	148,271	218,155	74,063
55 Grants to Voluntary Bodies	505,011	27,543	708,398	161,440	112,365	49,913	263,279
56 Private Contractors and Other Agencies - Professional Services	780,008	327,112	3,008,502	188,968	84,037	323,083	131,825
57 Private Contractors and Other Agencies - Agency Staff	415,372	65,127	644,590	30,709	31,723	111,823	24,042
58 Private Contractors and Other Agencies - Other	2,431,840	1,894,760	9,420,456	908,821	229,377	1,725,412	142,214
59 Internal Trading Organisations	401,233	1,348,386	163,544	18,089	42,411	153,515	23,280
<b>60 TOTAL THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS (Total of lines 54 to 59)</b>	<b>5,051,030</b>	<b>4,217,760</b>	<b>14,926,544</b>	<b>1,391,136</b>	<b>648,184</b>	<b>2,581,901</b>	<b>658,703</b>
61 Total Transfer Payments (Discretionary)	27,098	88,273	643,935	28,066	6,908	3,592	19,588
62 Expenditure on Management and Support Services	1,003,787	395,790	1,198,384	358,470	564,233	678,600	481,819
<b>63 TOTAL Part B (Total of lines 29, 37, 53, 60, 61 &amp; 62)</b>	<b>18,482,993</b>	<b>7,186,298</b>	<b>19,805,399</b>	<b>2,682,129</b>	<b>2,892,587</b>	<b>5,134,845</b>	<b>2,119,847</b>
<b>PART C - INCOME</b>							
64 Rental Income	163,291	20,877	38,471	379,780	101,715	46,863	311,728
65 Recharges	786,017	509,705	583,491	163,909	210,157	315,409	194,583
66 All Other Income	4,586,920	2,314,992	5,308,323	439,561	1,128,717	1,331,152	687,149
<b>67 TOTAL Part C (Lines 64 to 66)</b>	<b>5,536,228</b>	<b>2,845,574</b>	<b>5,930,285</b>	<b>983,250</b>	<b>1,440,589</b>	<b>1,693,424</b>	<b>1,193,460</b>
<b>PART D - SUMMARY</b>							
<b>68 TOTAL PART A (= Line 17)</b>	<b>32,418,301</b>	<b>1,328,499</b>	<b>7,186,543</b>	<b>786,277</b>	<b>1,826,468</b>	<b>1,760,581</b>	<b>1,271,494</b>
<b>69 TOTAL PART B (= Line 63)</b>	<b>18,482,993</b>	<b>7,186,298</b>	<b>19,805,399</b>	<b>2,682,129</b>	<b>2,892,587</b>	<b>5,134,845</b>	<b>2,119,847</b>
<b>70 TOTAL PART C (= Line 67)</b>	<b>5,536,228</b>	<b>2,845,574</b>	<b>5,930,285</b>	<b>983,250</b>	<b>1,440,589</b>	<b>1,693,424</b>	<b>1,193,460</b>
<b>71 TOTAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE (Lines 68 + 69 - 70)</b>	<b>45,365,067</b>	<b>5,669,220</b>	<b>21,061,657</b>	<b>2,485,156</b>	<b>3,278,464</b>	<b>5,201,998</b>	<b>2,197,882</b>

*continued*

## Annex A11: Subjective Analysis (SAR) 2010-11 (continued)

£ thousand

	Police services	Fire & rescue services	Central services	Other services	TOTAL ALL SERVICES	Management and support services (inc in Central services)
<b>PART A - PAY ESTIMATES</b>						
1 Teacher salary	0	0	6,209	0	16,948,996	1,369
2 Employers' National Insurance contributions	0	0	61	0	1,300,253	57
3 Employers' Pension contributions	0	0	84	0	2,199,199	75
4 Location allowance	0	0	0	0	8,213	0
<b>5 TOTAL TEACHERS GROUP (Total of lines 1 to 4)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6,354</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>20,456,661</b>	<b>1,501</b>
6 Police & Fire salary	5,476,282	1,134,659	48,871	0	6,659,816	45,990
7 Employers' National Insurance contributions	466,849	88,105	4,218	0	559,172	3,838
8 Employers' Pension contributions	1,580,688	214,684	20,668	0	1,816,040	8,306
9 Location allowance	219,216	30,574	0	0	249,790	0
<b>10 TOTAL POLICE &amp; FIRE GROUP (Total of lines 6 to 9)</b>	<b>7,743,035</b>	<b>1,468,022</b>	<b>73,757</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9,284,818</b>	<b>58,134</b>
11 All Other Staff salary	2,309,582	159,953	4,329,687	63,690	26,965,511	3,401,356
12 Employers' National Insurance contributions	170,121	12,175	326,354	6,314	1,960,596	264,186
13 Employers' Pension contributions	335,783	29,017	711,192	10,386	3,983,061	503,582
14 Location allowance	57,437	4,882	26,905	1,053	132,226	15,587
<b>15 TOTAL ALL OTHER STAFF GROUP (Total of lines 11 to 14)</b>	<b>2,872,923</b>	<b>206,027</b>	<b>5,394,138</b>	<b>81,443</b>	<b>33,041,394</b>	<b>4,184,711</b>
16 Other Pay Related Costs	147,290	67,789	799,715	94,598	2,750,381	323,239
<b>17 TOTAL Part A (Total of lines 5, 10, 15, 16a &amp; 16b)</b>	<b>10,763,248</b>	<b>1,741,838</b>	<b>6,273,964</b>	<b>176,041</b>	<b>65,533,254</b>	<b>4,567,585</b>
<b>PART B - RUNNING EXPENSES</b>						
18 Repairs, Alterations and Maintenance of Buildings	200,836	28,663	262,543	62,595	2,042,201	233,897
19 Energy Costs - Electricity	51,490	8,221	77,231	4,053	728,241	68,404
20 Energy Costs - Gas and Other	22,628	7,171	29,427	1,743	399,505	25,521
21 Rents	91,318	6,047	172,469	10,735	871,477	147,363
22 Rates	93,901	30,906	190,021	5,097	1,014,436	161,331
23 Water Services	8,037	2,923	16,023	1,050	212,189	13,710
24 Fixtures & Fittings	952	692	3,231	2,508	49,639	2,541
25 Cleaning and Domestic Supplies	36,673	8,334	71,554	7,303	715,242	63,295
26 Grounds Maintenance Costs	2,269	1,246	20,817	3,148	394,944	17,664
27 Premises Insurance	4,064	1,315	45,363	1,760	222,550	37,627
28 Other Premises Related Expenditure	28,646	2,502	115,652	4,304	699,956	76,844
<b>29 TOTAL PREMISES EXPENSES (Total of lines 18 to 28)</b>	<b>540,814</b>	<b>98,020</b>	<b>1,004,331</b>	<b>104,296</b>	<b>7,350,380</b>	<b>848,197</b>
30 Direct Transport Costs - Vehicle Repair & Maintenance	67,783	9,703	26,685	2,501	255,703	22,033
31 Direct Transport Costs - Vehicle Running Costs	95,327	19,617	39,757	2,805	387,938	30,204
32 Contract Hire and Operating Leases	17,803	36,304	37,345	3,786	994,833	28,371
33 Car Allowances for Travelling Expenses	31,203	7,703	58,043	1,388	416,716	45,203
34 Public Transport Allowances for Travelling Expenses	18,094	2,715	8,118	184	274,347	4,781
35 Transport Insurance	21,891	4,299	11,749	183	61,765	10,039
36 Other Transport Related Expenditure	28,959	582	16,000	-661	589,189	7,915
<b>37 TOTAL TRANSPORT EXPENSES (Total of lines 30 to 36)</b>	<b>281,060</b>	<b>80,923</b>	<b>197,697</b>	<b>10,186</b>	<b>2,980,491</b>	<b>148,546</b>

*continued*

## Annex A11: Subjective Analysis (SAR) 2010-11 (continued)

	Police services	Fire & rescue services	Central services	Other services	TOTAL ALL SERVICES	£ thousand
						<i>Management and support services (inc. in Central)</i>
<b>PART B - RUNNING EXPENSES (continued)</b>						
<b>Supplies &amp; Services</b>						
38 Equipment, Furniture & Materials	83,016	29,229	119,243	8,229	1,799,470	94,239
39 Catering	16,974	3,000	22,965	3,344	1,069,537	15,396
40 Clothing, Uniforms & Laundry	35,361	17,093	6,804	451	91,642	5,488
41 Printing, Stationery and General Office Expenses	34,999	3,741	147,280	4,498	681,367	94,311
42 Communications and Computing - Postage	7,035	563	81,276	2,188	160,857	46,950
43 Communications and Computing - Telephone	109,588	10,635	112,034	768	434,085	95,263
44 Communications and Computing - Computer Costs	296,006	19,719	411,843	4,010	1,315,517	343,607
45 Communications and Computing - Other	63,960	4,404	55,390	1,450	168,878	47,412
46 Subsistence and Conference Expenses	22,525	3,252	49,944	202	184,166	17,489
47 Subscriptions	4,475	1,095	67,363	8,283	361,886	29,011
48 Insurance	25,390	3,304	81,365	7,843	363,887	70,902
49 Schools' Non ICT Learning Resources	-392	0	10,077	0	773,749	9,904
50 Schools' ICT Learning Resources	0	0	775	0	240,377	279
51 Exam Fees	953	0	5,867	0	360,222	1,977
52 Other Supplies and Services Expenditure	482,317	31,925	1,145,432	85,251	11,065,455	535,143
<b>53 TOTAL SUPPLIES &amp; SERVICES EXPENDITURE (Total of lines 38 to 52)</b>	<b>1,182,207</b>	<b>127,960</b>	<b>2,317,658</b>	<b>126,517</b>	<b>19,071,095</b>	<b>1,407,371</b>
<b>Third Party Payments</b>						
54 Joint Authorities and Other Local Authorities	51,168	2,013	127,177	26,113	2,783,521	47,900
55 Grants to Voluntary Bodies	5,316	986	97,284	14,183	1,945,718	31,815
56 Private Contractors and Other Agencies - Professional Services	27,912	13,485	514,051	29,781	5,428,764	402,749
57 Private Contractors and Other Agencies - Agency Staff	19,107	7,737	133,549	1,773	1,485,552	98,542
58 Private Contractors and Other Agencies - Other	63,488	230	516,065	17,963	17,350,626	344,970
59 Internal Trading Organisations	0	289	64,147	8,574	2,223,468	37,279
<b>60 TOTAL THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS (Total of lines 54 to 59)</b>	<b>166,991</b>	<b>24,740</b>	<b>1,452,273</b>	<b>98,387</b>	<b>31,217,649</b>	<b>963,255</b>
61 Total Transfer Payments (Discretionary)	0	0	64,383	-1,277	880,566	36,522
62 Expenditure on Management and Support Services	5,336	176,886	2,091,883	26,928	6,982,116	1,210,210
<b>63 TOTAL Part B (Total of lines 29, 37, 53, 60, 61 &amp; 62)</b>	<b>2,176,408</b>	<b>508,529</b>	<b>7,128,225</b>	<b>365,037</b>	<b>68,482,297</b>	<b>4,614,101</b>
<b>PART C - INCOME</b>						
64 Rental Income	15,464	4,470	127,817	47,086	1,257,562	92,876
65 Recharges	8,773	3,008	8,050,054	88,341	10,913,447	7,989,052
66 All Other Income	967,376	78,233	2,033,255	288,022	19,163,700	1,137,463
<b>67 TOTAL Part C (Lines 64 to 66)</b>	<b>991,613</b>	<b>85,711</b>	<b>10,211,126</b>	<b>423,449</b>	<b>31,334,709</b>	<b>9,219,391</b>
<b>PART D - SUMMARY</b>						
<b>68 TOTAL PART A (= Line 17)</b>	<b>10,763,248</b>	<b>1,741,838</b>	<b>6,273,964</b>	<b>176,041</b>	<b>65,533,254</b>	<b>4,567,585</b>
<b>69 TOTAL PART B (= Line 63)</b>	<b>2,176,408</b>	<b>508,529</b>	<b>7,128,225</b>	<b>365,037</b>	<b>68,482,297</b>	<b>4,614,101</b>
<b>70 TOTAL PART C (= Line 67)</b>	<b>991,613</b>	<b>85,711</b>	<b>10,211,126</b>	<b>423,449</b>	<b>31,334,709</b>	<b>9,219,391</b>
<b>71 TOTAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE (Lines 68 + 69 - 70)</b>	<b>11,948,042</b>	<b>2,164,656</b>	<b>3,191,060</b>	<b>117,630</b>	<b>102,680,832</b>	<b>-37,707</b>

**Annex A12: Business Improvement District Outturn Transactions (BID) 2010-11**

	£ thousand
<b>1 BALANCE AT 1 APRIL 2010</b>	<b>-5,664</b>
<b>Expenditure for 2010-11</b>	
2 Revenue expenditure: employee costs	2,403
3 Revenue expenditure: running expenses	18,602
4 Capital expenditure	210
<b>5 TOTAL EXPENDITURE (lines 2 to 4)</b>	<b>21,214</b>
<b>Income for 2010-11</b>	
6 Income from BID levies	20,441
7 Contribution from the billing authority	434
8 Contribution from a county council	2
9 Contribution from parish councils	1
10 Other contributions	693
<b>11 TOTAL INCOME (lines 6 to 10)</b>	<b>21,571</b>
<b>12 BALANCE AT 31 March 2011 (line 1 - line 5 + line 11)</b>	<b>-5,308</b>



## Annex B: Derivation of service lines used in Table 1

	Line Reference	Levies/transfers
<b>Education</b>	RS line 190 RS line 701	Mandatory student awards
<b>Highways and transport</b>	RS line 290 RS line 722	Integrated transport authority levy
<b>Social care</b>	RS line 390	
<b>Housing (excluding Housing Revenue Account)</b>	RS line 490 RS line 714 RS line 718	Subsidy limitation transfers from HRA Contribution to HRA re items shared by whole community
<b>Cultural</b>	RS line 509	
<b>Environment</b>	RS line 590 RS line 724	Waste disposal authority levy
<b>Planning</b>	RS line 599	
<b>Police</b>	RS line 601	
<b>Fire and rescue</b>	RS line 602	
<b>Central services</b>	RS line 690 RS line 721 RS line 727	Parish precepts London Pensions Fund Authority levy
<b>Mandatory rent allowances</b>	RS line 711	
<b>Mandatory rent rebates to non-HRA tenants</b>	RS line 712	
<b>Mandatory rent rebates to HRA tenants</b>	RS line 713	
<b>Other</b>	RS line 698 RS line 728 RS line 731 RS line 732 RS line 741 RS line 742 RS line 748	Other levies External Trading Accounts net surplus/deficit Internal Trading Accounts net surplus/deficit Capital charges accounted for in External Trading Accounts Capital charges accounted for in Internal Trading Accounts Adjustments
<b>Appropriations to (+) / from (-) Accumulated Absences Account</b>	RS line 792	
<b>Reversal of Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital by Statute</b>	RS line 767 RS line 768	Only applicable for 2009-10 this line was removed in 2010-11
<b>Total net current expenditure</b>	RS line 749 RS line 792	

## Annex C: Derivation of service lines used in Table 2

	Line reference	Additional Information
<b>Total Net Current Expenditure</b>	RS line 749	
<b>Capital Financing</b>	RS line 773	Provision for repayment of principle
	RS line 776	Leasing payments
	RS line 781	Interest payments: external payments
	RS line 783	Interest: HRA item 8 payments and receipts
<b>Capital Expenditure charges to the Revenue Account</b>	RS Line 765	
<b>Council Tax Benefit</b>	RS Line 754	Local Tax Collection, council tax benefit paid to the collection fund
<b>Discretionary Non-Domestic Rate relief</b>	RS Line 757	Local Tax Collection, non-domestic rate relief - discretionary payments
<b>Bad debt provision</b>	RS Line 771	
<b>Flood defence payments to Environment Agency</b>	RS Line 759	Levy from Environment Agency for Flood Defence
<b>Private Finance Initiative (PFI) schemes - difference from service charge</b>	RS Line 788	
<b>Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) financial instruments adjustment account</b>	RS Line 789	
<b>Appropriations to(+)/ from(-) unequal pay back pay account (b)</b>	RS Line 790	
<b>Interest receipts</b>	RS Line 786	Interest and investments income - external receipts and dividends
<b>Specific grants outside AEF</b>	RS Line 791	
<b>Business Rates Supplement</b>	RS Line 793	
<b>Specific grants inside AEF</b>	RS Line 797	
<b>Area Based Grant (ABG)</b>	RS Line 798	
<b>Transfers and Adjustments</b>	RS Line 801	Inter-authority transfers in respect of reorganisation
<b>Appropriations from other revenue reserves</b>	RS Line 811	School Reserves
	RS Line 815	Other earmarked financial reserves
	RS Line 816	Unallocated financial reserves
<b>Budget requirement</b>	RS Line 830	
<b>Revenue Support Grant</b>	RS Line 851	
<b>Redistributed non-domestic rates</b>	RS Line 870	
<b>Police grant</b>	RS Line 856	
<b>General Greater London Authority (GLA) grant</b>	RS Line 858	
<b>Other items</b>	RS Line 880	
<b>Council tax requirement</b>	RS Line 890	

## Survey Design for collecting Revenue Outturn (RO) Estimates in 2010-11

12. During May 2011 until July 2011, all 444 local authorities in England were requested to complete the Revenue Outturn (RO) form to show all their transactions related to the general fund revenue account. This included all elements of gross and net current expenditure, capital charges, net total costs and also elements that finance net current expenditure, which include; levy payments, interest receipts, central government grants, use of reserves,, council tax and other non current expenditure items. Annex D shows the distribution of local authorities responsible for completing the RO forms by classification and region.

### Annex D: Distribution of Local Authorities by Region and Classification

		Local Authority Classification									ALL	
		Greater London Authority	Shire Counties	Shire Districts	Inner London Boroughs <sup>(a)</sup>	Outer London Boroughs	Unitary Authorities <sup>(b)</sup>	Metropolitan Districts	Police Authorities	Fire Authorities		Other Authorities <sup>(c)</sup>
Region	North East	0	0	0	0	0	7	5	3	3	2	20
	North West	0	2	18	0	0	6	15	5	4	5	55
	Yorkshire & the Humber	0	1	7	0	0	5	9	4	4	4	34
	East Midlands	0	5	36	0	0	4	0	5	3	1	54
	West Midlands	0	3	19	0	0	4	7	4	4	1	42
	East of England	0	5	41	0	0	6	0	6	3	1	62
	London	1	0	0	13	20	0	0	0	0	5	39
	South East	0	7	55	0	0	12	0	5	5	2	86
	South West	0	4	25	0	0	12	0	5	4	2	52
<b>ENGLAND</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>444</b>

(a) Inner London Boroughs include City of London

(a) Unitary Authorities includes Isle of Scilly

(b) Other Authorities include National Park Authorities, Waste Disposal and Integrated Transport Authorities

## Survey Design and Methodology for Grossing SAR 2010-11 data

During May 2011 until July 2011, all 444 local authorities in England were requested to complete the Revenue Outturn form to show all expenditure and income transactions from their General Fund Revenue Account. Out of 444, 128 local authorities were selected to complete an additional Subjective Analysis Return (SAR) form which is essentially is an extension of the subjective analysis in the General Fund Revenue Account Outturn suite. In principle, therefore, its totals are designed to agree with the Net Current Expenditure on the individual Revenue Outturn forms, and the Total Service Expenditure line on the Revenue Summary form. The three main components of SAR cover:

- (a) **Pay Estimates – Direct employee expenses**; which include total salaries, employers’ national insurance contributions, employer’ pension contributions and local allowances
- (b) **Running Expenses**; which includes premises and transport related expenditure, supplies and services and third party payments (including agency staff costs)
- (c) **Income**; which includes recharges, rental income and other sources of income (including sales, fees and charges)

The 128 local authorities were selected to ensure all classes of authorities in England are adequately represented. Below is a table showing the five main classes (stratum) for which local authorities in England are differentiated, and the total number of the local authorities selected to complete the SAR form and total in England, for each class:

<b>Annex E: Total number of authorities completing the 2010-11 SAR form and total in England</b>		
<b>Authority Class</b>	<b>Total number of authorities completing the SAR form</b>	<b>Total number of authorities in England that complete the Revenue Outturn forms</b>
Shire Districts	28	201
Shire Counties	14	27
London Boroughs, Metropolitan Districts and Unitary Authorities & Isle of Scilly <sup>(a)</sup>	51	125
Single Purpose <sup>(b)</sup>	34	90
Greater London Authority	1	1
<b>Total no. of authorities</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>444</b>
<p>(a) Isle of Scilly is classed as being similar to a unitary authority</p> <p>(b) Single Purpose authorities include Police, Fire, Waste, Transport and National Park authorities</p>		

## **Grossing methodology for producing Subjective Analysis Returns (SAR) figures:**

The grossing process to create the England totals using SAR information from the selected sample of authorities is done in three stages, as below:

### **Stage (1):**

The first stage involves aggregating the raw SAR information for each of the five classes separately (e.g. Shire Districts, Shire Counties). The 'Total All Service' column (on the SAR form) is made of eleven core services (which include Education Services, Highways and Transport Services, Social Care, Housing Services etc.). If we consider the first component of SAR (Pay Estimates) and only consider one of the stratum (say  $k$ , where  $k = 1$  to 5):

Let  $X(i, j, k)$  denote the aggregated raw data for subjective expenditure line  $i$  (within the Pay Estimates category, where  $i = 1$  to  $n$ ) and core service  $j$  (where  $j = 1$  to 11). This total would be the aggregate of all authorities in stratum  $k$  that completed the SAR information.

Let  $T(j, k)$  denote the actual overall total figure (which would be derived from the RO forms) for core service  $j$ . This total would be the aggregate of all local authorities in Stratum  $k$ .

Let  $G(i, j, k)$  denote the grossed figure for subjective expenditure line  $i$  (within the Pay Estimates category, where  $i = 1$  to  $n$ ) and core service  $j$  (where  $j = 1$  to 11). This total would be an estimate of how much expenditure we hypothesise all local authorities would have spent for subjective expenditure line  $i$  under core service  $j$  if we had collated information from all local authorities in stratum  $k$  (contrary to a sample of authorities).

Therefore, for core service  $j$  and stratum  $k$ :

$G(i, j, k) = [T(j, k) / \sum X(i, j, k)] * X(i, j, k)$ , summing across all subjective expenditure lines  $i = 1$  to  $n$ , which fall under the 'Pay Estimates' category.

Using the above method we can generate grossed values for all subjective expenditure lines  $i$ , for all core services  $j$  and for all stratum  $k$ .

### **Stage (2):**

The next stage involves generating 'Total All Services' figures (across all eleven of the core services) for each of the subjective expenditure lines  $i$  and stratum  $k$ .

Let  $T_s(i, k)$  denote the 'Total All Services' figure for subjective expenditure line  $i$  (within the Pay Estimates category) and stratum  $k$ .

Therefore:

$T_s(i, k) = \sum G(i, j, k)$ , summing across all the core services  $j$  ( $j = 1$  to 11)

### **Stage (3):**

The last stage involves generating the 'Total All Services' figures for England level (i.e. across all of the five stratum) for each of the subjective expenditure lines  $i$ .

Let  $T_E(i)$  denote the 'Total All Service' figure at England level for subjective expenditure line  $i$  (within the Pay Estimates category).

$T_E(i) = \sum T_s(i, k)$ , summing across all the stratum  $k$  ( $k = 1$  to  $5$ ).

The overall England total figure for Pay Estimates (summing across all subjective expenditure lines  $i$ ) should equate to the figure provided on the RSX under employee costs, for Total Service Expenditure.

The same process is used to calculate expenditure estimates for the remaining two SAR components (i.e. Running Expenses & Income).

There have been several revisions to the 2009-10 local authority data as a result of 2010-11 validation work, including to SAR data. The revised 2009-10 SAR data can be found at:

<http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/revenue200910finaloutturn>

## Terminology used in this release

A list of terms relating to local government finance is given in the glossary at Annex G of *Local Government Finance Statistics England* No. 21 2011. This is accessible at <http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/statistics/pdf/1911067.pdf>. The most relevant terms for this release are explained below.

**Aggregate External Finance** - is the total amount of grant provided to finance all local government expenditure, excluding that subject to separate arrangements under statutory schemes, rent allowances and rebates and council tax benefit, which are funded by specific grants outside Aggregate External Finance.

Business Rates Supplement is income which relates to specific projects expected to promote economic development. This includes income from levying a local supplement on the business rate and using the proceeds for investment in the local area.

**Current expenditure** - is the cost of running local authority services within the financial year. This includes the costs of staffing, heating, lighting and cleaning, together with expenditure on goods and services consumed within the year. This expenditure is offset by income from sales, fees and charges and other (non-grant) income, which gives **total net current expenditure** (line 749). Total net current expenditure also includes payments made by local authorities on behalf of central government, under statutory schemes and the payment of rent allowances and rebates. Such payments are fully funded by central government through specific grants outside **Aggregate External Finance**.

**Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)** – there was a change in the funding of specific and formula grants in 2006-07 largely due to changes in the way that expenditure on schools is funded. From 2006-07, local authorities receive school funding through specific grant rather than funding previously included in formula grant.

**Greater London Authority (GLA) Group** – this includes GLA and its constituent bodies, Metropolitan Police Authority, London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority, Transport for London (TfL) and London Development Agency (LDA). Transactions in their General Fund Revenue Account are reported by the GLA and the four functional bodies as a group.

### **Appropriations to/from financial instruments adjustment account (line 789) Appropriations to/from unequal pay back pay account (line 790)**

These are two new lines connected with the adjustments permitted or required by our regulations. The accounts show figures fully compliant with accounting standards, but regulations made by CLG provide for adjustments to those figures to prevent excessive increases in council tax. The first line allows for adjustments connected with borrowing and investments, including the regulation on Icelandic banks investments. The second allows for the regulation that permits a charge for unequal pay back pay to be deferred until payments are due to be made (accounting requires a charge as soon as the liability is established).

### **International Accounting Standard 19 (IAS 19)**

Local authorities are required to account for Employee benefits (pensions) in accordance with IAS 19 from 2010-11. This requirement is enshrined in the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the UK, published by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) and in CIPFA's Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP).

Under IAS19 most of the pension schemes covering local government employees are classed as defined benefit schemes. The main implication of defined benefit status is that retirement benefits are accounted for on the basis of the retirement benefit entitlement to which employment in the year gives rise, rather than the cash amounts of employer's contribution or pension due for the year. That is, the IAS19 pension liability will include all the total pension liabilities for all employees and not when the pension is.

The major exception to defined benefit status is the teachers' pension scheme, which is administered centrally; local authorities account for this on a defined contribution basis, and the charges to service expenditure equal the employer's contribution.

The defined benefit charges are not allowed to impact on council tax payers, the charge that must ultimately be carried by taxpayers is the employer's contributions due for the year. Consequently, the effects on the revenue account are that the net current expenditure service lines are on a defined benefit basis, but the Budget Requirement is based on the cash contributions due. This neutrality is achieved by reversing out the impact of IAS19 and replacing this with the actual cash contributions.

The information excluding IAS19 that we collect on the form is critical for our key users. In particular, the Office for National Statistics use the information on a non-IAS19 basis for their key statistics on Public Sector Finances and National Accounts. The following table shows summary service expenditure on both an IAS19 and a non-IAS19 basis from the RA form.

### **PFI schemes in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**

Under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) the PFI schemes are brought 'on balance sheet'. Local authorities have been required to account for their PFI schemes on the IFRS basis as from 2010-11.

For National Accounts purposes, however, PFI schemes should be accounted for 'on balance sheet' basis only where **economic ownership** of the asset rests with the Authority.

**Economic ownership** for national accounts purposes is determined by the same test as applies under UK accounting standards and hence that local authorities applied in preparing their 2009-10 accounts. The basis of that test was set out in Appendix E to the 2008 SORP, and depends on whether the local authority or the contractor has an asset of the property used to provide the contracted services. A party has an asset of the property where that party has access to the benefits of the property and exposure to the risks inherent in those benefits.

**Formula Grant** – the main channel of government funding. This includes **Redistributed non-domestic rates, Revenue Support Grant** and Police grant. The distribution is determined by the Formula spending shares formulae, also taking account of authorities' relative ability to raise council tax and the floor damping mechanism. There are no restrictions on what local government can spend it on.

**Redistributed non-domestic rates** – non-domestic rates which, having been paid into the non-domestic rating pool, are redistributed between local authorities on the basis of population, as part of **Formula Grant**.

**Revenue expenditure** (line 795) - is equal to total net current expenditure (line 749), plus capital financing costs and a few minor adjustments, but excludes expenditure financed by grants outside **Aggregate External Finance**. Revenue expenditure is



financed by grants inside Aggregate External Finance, council tax and authorities' reserves.

**Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital under Statue (RECS)** - This is expenditure that is revenue under normal accounting principles but which legislation allows to be financed as capital expenditure. Examples are grants given to local residents for capital purposes. RECS is entered in Revenue Outturn (RO) suite of forms under the relevant service line for Net Current Expenditure, and the total amount reversed out appears in Line 767 of the RS part of the RO suite of forms, which will continue to be entered in the Capital Outturn Return (COR). These entries replace the amortisation of deferred charges, which previously formed one element of capital charges.

**Revenue Support Grant** – a general grant which replaced rate support grant in 1990-91. Now it is distributed as part of **Formula Grant**.

### **Icelandic bank investments**

Where an authority holds investments in Icelandic banks that were affected by the defaults in Autumn 2008 it would normally be the case that the impairment loss would be charged in the 2008-09 accounts. In the RO suite the entries appear in the RS form. The impairment was entered in line 781 and any interest credited in respect of the investment in line 786. Where the authority has taken advantage of regulation **30G** in the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 (inserted by SI 2009 No 321) entries permitted or required by the regulations appear in line 789. These entries are shown separately in lines 951-953 of the RS form. Figures are generally calculated using CIPFA methodology published in their LAAP bulletins.

### **Regulation 30G**

Regulation 30G allows, authorities to neutralise the debits for the impairment losses required by accounting practice in the 2008-09 account. However, an authority taking advantage of that relief will be required to make a debit in the 2010-11 accounts equal to the total of all the credits made under the regulation. Thus, the benefit conferred by the regulation is temporary – it simply postpones the effect of the impairment loss.

**Specific Grants inside AEF** - These are revenue grants which are paid to local authorities by individual government departments, for which the local authority has sole responsibility for decisions on how the grant is allocated. The main purpose for the provision of these grants is to deliver core local authority services.

**Specific Grants outside AEF** - These are revenue grants, which are paid to local authorities by individual government departments. However, the local authority usually only acts as the 'middle person', as the grants are passed over to a third party which administers the service. The local authority **does not** normally have any control over the service for which the grant was intended for. This responsibility rests solely with the third party that receives the grant.

## Data quality

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer demands.

The information for 2010-11 in this release is derived from Revenue Outturn (RO) Returns submitted to Department for Communities and Local Government by all 444 local authorities in England. The national figures in this report are based on valid returns for all local authorities in England.

Only data for authorities that have completed a valid form is used in the computation of national figures for the statistical release. If we do not hold a complete set of capital data for authorities in England, we use the grossing methodology to compute the national figures. This method does not calculate figures for missing or invalid authorities; it only derives an England national figure based on the following properties;

- i. data currently held from validated authorities
- ii. number of missing or invalid authorities and what type of classification group they fit in (e.g. Single Purpose Authorities, Shire Districts, Shire Counties, Unitary Authorities, Metropolitan Districts, London Boroughs etc.)

As we received valid data from all authorities in England there has not been a need to use this grossing methodology.

Figures are subjected to rigorous pre-defined validation tests both within the forms themselves, while the forms are being completed by the authority and also in Communities and Local Government itself as the data are received and stored. These include:

1) **In form validation:** This refers to warnings that are built into the excel forms that are sent to authorities. Forms have been pre-programmed with sense checks to highlight figures outside a set range. If an authority inputs figures that are likely to be incorrect, the form flags up to the officer inputting the data that this value could be incorrect. In some fields the figure can still be accepted if a reason is given whereas some cells will definitely be rejected as it is deemed impossible. In the majority of cases this means that the forms are returned completed and without any validation queries.

2) **CLASS (Computerised Local Authority Statistics System) validation:** Once the figures have been received by DCLG, they get inputted onto the CLASS database, which has built in checks that return errors and warnings for unexpected figures. CLASS can then be asked to output a list of warnings and errors which a team member can look through and contact an authority about if necessary.

3) **Manual (or analytical) validation:** These are extra checks done manually by the teams to double check the figures they receive. During this process the teams also liaise with relevant policy sections and the Group Accountant to clarify and rectify any anomalies. Furthermore the data received from LAs are compared with other data sources (both internal and external).

4) **Post validation:** Figures get checked and double-checked on the statistical releases. Particular attention is paid to making sure the values have been entered correctly and the figures on the graphs and tables correlate with each other.

Please note that the figures in this release have not been adjusted to take into account changes of responsibility between 2009-10 and 2010-11.

There have been several revisions to 2009-10 Revenue Outturn data. This is the result of further quality assurance of 2009-10 in light of the new data for 2010-11 and subsequently liaising with authorities to produce the best possible data for both years.

As mentioned on the front cover there was a full response by local authorities to the Revenue Outturn 2010-11 form. Within these completed forms all areas of the form were completed either straight away or after validation. There was not set pattern to any initial incompleteness of the forms or specific areas within the forms. If forms were to contain missing sections that could have impacts as to ensuring financing balances with expenditure DCLG may not publish the completed sections of the form because they could not be fully validated. Fortunately, response rate and completion rate is high and often full.

Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP) is a set of general guidance notes which are provided to local authorities, providing them with instructions on how to account on various elements of public service expenditure. The services are primarily broken down into a few main groups (e.g. Children and Family Services, Housing Services, Central services). Within each group, detailed guidance is provided on all possible elements of spending, which a LA could have responsibility over. The BVACOP is used by all LA's as a foundation for constructing their accounts in the financial year. Therefore the categorisation defined by BVACOP is used as a basis for our form design and guidance, enabling LA to report their financial data under the correct headings – improving quality of the outputs. In-depth discussions take place with several authorities, prior to them being put forward to Central and Local Government Information Partnership/Finance (CLIP/F) for agreement, as part of our ongoing review of enhanced data collection. CLIP/F is also kept informed of the full planned developments to meet the HM Treasury and ONS requirements.

For a summary of BVACOP (now called SERCOP) please see the following web link including information on legislative requirements:

<http://www.cipfastats.net/sercop/>

## **Uses made of the data**

1. The data in this Statistical Release are essential for a number of different purposes. A central and immediate purpose is to provide the Secretary of State, Ministers, HM Treasury and the Office for National Statistics with the most up to date information available on local authority revenue spending for decision making. In particular, the data are provided to the Office for National Statistics for National Accounts purposes and to HM Treasury for monitoring and forecasting the financial situation.

2. The data are also important sources for various evidence based policy and financial decisions and answering numerous parliamentary questions. In addition they are used by local authorities and their associations, regional bodies, members of the business community and the general public.
3. Various Government Departments also utilize this data, some examples include:
  - a. Food Standards Agency uses the national level data to get a view of expenditure on food safety for all LA's across England. They also make use of the local level data to match expenditure on Food Safety and Trading Standards to their own data on number and type of businesses in each local authority, numbers of interventions and enforcement actions undertaken by each LA and the average compliance rates to food hygiene law. This enables them to develop a set of performance indicators for each local authority so that they could measure variations between authorities, good practice and how different levels of expenditure impact on enforcement activity and compliance.
  - b. The Efficiency Programme Team within Department for Health uses the data to look at the operational breakdown costs for Adult Social Services in order to derive average staff costs. This allows them to develop various efficiency indicators for Adult Social Services.
  - c. The parking services data are used by the Department for Transport to monitor LA's that have taken on civil parking enforcement powers and also to brief the ministers.
4. Further uses of this data are made internally by DCLG users, such as the Value for Money (VfM) analysis – where unitised expenditure figures for each service area (e.g. education) are derived to make comparisons against local authority's performance.
5. The Audit Commission also make use of revenue expenditure data, such as in their 'Protecting the public purse' publication which reports on the current level of fraud and it's impact on the economy. It produces various strategies that could help to fight fraud against local government and taxpayers. Additional uses include the Commission's value for money (VfM) profile tool which is utilized for highlighting areas where costs and performance may not be commensurate or where costs look high. They use comparative information about costs, service outputs and outcomes and track performance over time.
6. The SAR information is also used as a key management and information tool. In particular, the analysis of employee expenses is used internally by DCLG as part of the evidence base for policy on local government pay and workforce issues. The analysis of running expenses is used by the Office of National Statistics in the estimation of Gross Domestic Product.
7. Comments and feedback from the end user for further improvement or about your experiences with this product will be welcomed. Please send all views to: [lgf1.revenue@communities.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:lgf1.revenue@communities.gsi.gov.uk)

## **Background Notes**

1. This Statistical Release can be found at the following web address:  
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/revenueexpenditure/>
2. For press enquiries about this Statistical Release, please contact the Local Government press desk on 0303 444 1201 or email [press.office@communities.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:press.office@communities.gsi.gov.uk). For other enquiries, please contact Mansukh Makwana on 0303 444 2119 or email [LGF1.REVENUE@communities.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:LGF1.REVENUE@communities.gsi.gov.uk).
3. Timings of future releases are regularly placed on the Department's website, <http://www.communities.gov.uk/corporate/researchandstatistics/statistics/publicationschedule/> and on the National Statistics website, [www.statistics.gov.uk/press\\_release/currentreleases.asp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/press_release/currentreleases.asp)
4. Please see the web link below for access to the papers tabled to the 'Central and Local Information Partnership – Finance' (CLIP-F) group, <http://www.clip.local.gov.uk/lgv/core/page.do?pageId=31626>

Items 3, 6 and 11 in the most recent meeting (October 2011) are related to the production of Revenue statistics. These include an information on 'Business Information Districts' data collection, ongoing work with the Department of Health to ensure joint working and also information on Quarterly Revenue Outturn.

CLIP Finance (CLIP F) is a consultative group which considers the collection, presentation and analysis of data on local government finance. It has been in existence since 2006, prior to this the group was known as Working Group on Local Government Financial Statistics (WGLGFS). The membership consists of representatives from central government departments, local government, CIPFA and the Audit Commission, and generally meets three times a year. To ensure users are made aware of significant changes and adjustments to Local Government Finance forms papers are tabled, discussed and published. Please visit the website for details of likely changes for future Revenue/Capital statistical releases.

5. Final Revenue Outturn figures will be published in a further Statistical Release later this year.
6. The notes, which accompany each form sent to local authorities, can be found at:  
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/usefulinformation/formst timetable/revenueforms/>
7. For a fuller picture of recent trends in local government finance, readers are directed to *Local Government Finance Statistics England* No. 21 2011, which is available in hard copy from Communities and Local Government Publications, Cambertown House at [product@communities.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:product@communities.gsi.gov.uk) (Tel. 0300 123 1124) and electronically from the Communities and Local Government website:  
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/statistics/pdf/1911067.pdf>

8. We consistently comply with our user engagement strategy, by publishing both the national level and local level figures on the DCLG website and ensuring our key users are made aware two weeks prior to the publication of the statistical release. The publication date is also highlighted on ONS publication hub and a web-link is added on the day of the release. In both cases we highlight all quality considerations and any revisions to historical data sets. Documentation on DCLG engagement strategy to meet the needs of statistical users can be found at:

<http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/engagementstrategystatistics>

9. Both the Scottish Government and the Welsh Assembly Government also collect revenue outturn data. Their information can be found at the following websites:

Scotland:

<http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Local-Government-Finance>

Wales:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/headlines/localgov2010/100623/?lang=en>

Northern Ireland:

[http://www.doeni.gov.uk/index/local\\_government/local\\_government\\_funding.htm](http://www.doeni.gov.uk/index/local_government/local_government_funding.htm)

#### **Symbols and conventions**

...	=	not available
0	=	zero or negligible
—	=	not applicable
	=	discontinuity
(P)	=	provisional
(R)	=	revised since the last statistical release

#### **Rounding**

Where figures have been rounded, there may be a slight discrepancy between the total and the sum of constituent items.