



Statistical Release

9th December 2011

QUARTERLY REVENUE OUTTURN FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN ENGLAND: QUARTER 2 2011-12

- Total net current expenditure for quarter 2 was estimated to be £28.9bn.
- The forecast net current expenditure figure for 2011-12 is £119.1bn.
- This is an increase of 0.8 per cent on the initial reported budget of £118.06bn.

This statistical release provides quarterly revenue outturn data for local authorities in England, for quarter 2 of the financial year 2011-12, and compares it to revenue account data for the same financial year. The data are drawn from Quarterly Revenue Outturn (QRO) forms and Revenue Account (RA) forms for all of the 444 authorities in England which complete the form. To conform to National Accounts principles, these figures are provided on a non International Accounting Standard 19 (IAS19) and a PFI “off balance sheet” basis, unless otherwise stated.

The release has been compiled by the Local Government Finance: Data Collection, Analysis and Accountancy division of the Department for Communities and Local Government.

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Estimated Quarterly Revenue Outturn data, Q1 and Q2 2011-12 by local authority, region and class of authority

Introduction

1. Authorities in England submit budget data to the Department before the start of each financial year on the Revenue Account (RA) form, and Revenue Outturn (RO) data after the end of the year.
2. The Quarterly Revenue Outturn (QRO) data, which are collected following quarters 1, 2 and 3 of the financial year, provide an early indication of local authority revenue outturn. Historically, outturn on revenue spending has differed from initial (RA) budget, and these quarterly returns allow data to be improved as spending patterns become clearer throughout the year.
3. The quarter 2 figures in this release are based on valid returns from 431 authorities. The Q1 figures are based on valid returns from 437 authorities. Authorities whose data are missing or invalid are listed in paragraph 20.f. Where authority information is missing or invalid, figures have been imputed for the purpose of calculating aggregate figures, as described in the methodology section of this release.
4. This release provides the first estimate of quarter 2 revenue outturn data. Authorities will have the opportunity to revise their Q2 data following quarter 3, and an update of these figures will then be published.
5. Throughout this release, comparisons are made between the RA (budget) figures submitted by authorities and their QRO outturn figures. It is important to note that the RA figures are a snapshot produced by authorities at a single point prior to the financial year. The purpose of the

comparison is to update the expected expenditure data with actual expenditure data and give a clearer picture of what authorities are spending over the year. A difference between the budget figure and the outturn figure does not necessarily represent an over- or under-spend.

6. In particular, the number of academies present in a local authority's area may have changed since the point at which the RA budget was produced. This will affect the authority's budget position, and an element of any difference between RA and QRO education figures can be assumed to be due to this change for affected authorities.

Quarterly revenue outturn data

7. Table 1 shows the QRO data for quarter 2 of 2011-12 at a national level, subject to grossing as outlined in sections 13 and 14.

- Nationally, net current expenditure for the quarter was £28.9bn.
- One quarter of the comparable budgeted (RA) figure was £29.51bn. Quarter 2 outturn expenditure was 2.2 per cent lower than this RA figure.

Table 1: Estimated Quarterly Revenue Outturn data for England Q2 2011-12			
Net current expenditure (£m)		Q1 Outturn (R)	Q2 Outturn
QRO line			
1, 2	General Public Services	775	655
3	Defence	11	11
4, 5	Public order and Safety	3,468	3,493
6, 7, 8	Economic Affairs	1,351	1,383
9	Environmental Protection	1,024	1,108
10, 11, 12	Housing and Community Amenities	390	434
13	Health^(a)	0	0
14	Recreation, Culture and Religion	662	712
15	Education	8,380	8,132
Imputed	Non-pay element of schools expenditure	2,190	2,203
16, 17	Social Protection	5,473	5,651
18	Non-distributed costs: retirement benefits	125	131
19	Other Services	135	83
20	TOTAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE (TOTAL OF LINES 1 TO 19)^(b)	23,985	23,994
22	Housing benefits: rent allowances - mandatory payments	3,556	3,668
23	Housing benefits: non-HRA rent rebates - mandatory payments	124	122
24	Housing benefits: rent rebates to HRA tenants - mandatory payments	1,001	1,026
25	Housing benefits: subsidy limitation transfers from HRA	0	1
27	Contribution to the HRA re items shared by the whole	2	2

community			
28	Parish precepts	151	108
29	Passenger Transport Authority levy ^(c)	-13	-2
30	Waste Disposal Authority levy ^(c)	0	2
31	London Pensions Fund Authority levy	8	8
32	Other levies	14	9
33	External Trading Accounts net surplus(-)/ deficit(+)	-79	-57
37	<i>Capital charges included in External Trading Accounts (Line 33)</i>	-3	-3
34	Internal Trading Accounts net surplus(-)/ deficit(+)	52	-15
38	<i>Capital charges included in Internal Trading Accounts (Line 34)</i>	2	-4
35	Adjustments to net current expenditure	11	2
36	NET CURRENT EXPENDITURE (TOTAL OF LINES 20 TO 35)^(b)	28,811	28,867
39	Interest payable and similar charges	648	776
(a)	Under the definition of health expenditure in COFOG-1 (see glossary) this figure is currently zero for all authorities.		
(b)	Includes non-pay element of schools expenditure imputed from RA returns.		
(c)	This levy should net out to zero across the year. The fact that it does not do so for the outturn figure(s) is likely to be due to timing differences and estimation on the part of authorities. Authorities have the opportunity to revise their Q1 figures on their Q2 form, or to submit missing figures. These figures include those revisions, and therefore differ from the figures published in the Q1 release.		
(R)	missing figures. These figures include those revisions, and therefore differ from the figures published in the Q1 release.		

8. In-year forecasts (predicted outturn for the whole year) are provided for a number of lines on the QRO. Table 2 shows these figures at a national level for total service expenditure and net current expenditure and compares them to the RA figures provided before the start of the financial year.

- The in-year forecast for total service expenditure is 100.8 per cent of the RA figure for the year.
- The in-year forecast for net current expenditure is 100.8 per cent of the RA figure.

Table 2: Forecast Revenue Outturn data for England at Q2 2011-12			
	2011-12 Forecast Outturn (QRO)^(a)	2011-12 Budgeted (RA) figure	Percentage change from RA
Net current expenditure (£m)			
20 TOTAL SERVICE EXPENDITURE	100,272	99,504	0.8%
36 NET CURRENT EXPENDITURE	119,057	118,059	0.8%
39 Interest payable and similar charges	3,049	3,098	
(a)	Forecast includes non-pay element of schools expenditure imputed from RA returns.		

9. Table 3 shows total net current expenditure (including the imputed non-pay element of schools expenditure) for quarter 2, the in-year forecast, and the comparable RA figure, by region and by class of authority.

- Nationally, total net current expenditure for quarter two made up 24.2 per cent of the in-year forecast figure.
- The in-year forecast outturn ranges from 95.8 per cent of the RA figure for the Greater London Authority to 102.1 per cent for Shire Counties.
- Quarter two outturn ranges from 19.0 per cent of the in-year forecast for Other Authorities to 24.9 per cent for Shire Districts.

Table 3: Total net current expenditure by region and class of authority					
Total net current expenditure (£m)	Quarter 2 outturn	2011-12 Forecast Outturn (QRO)	2011-12 Budgeted (RA) figure	Q2 outturn as percentage of in-year forecast	In-year forecast as percentage of RA
ENGLAND	28,867	119,057	118,059	24.2	100.8
<u>Region</u>					
North East	1,481	5,998	6,002	24.7	99.9
North West	3,990	16,570	16,056	24.1	103.2
Yorkshire and the Humber	2,847	11,262	11,066	25.3	101.8
East Midlands	2,117	8,746	8,778	24.2	99.6
West Midlands	2,923	12,157	12,022	24.0	101.1
East of England	2,770	11,635	11,446	23.8	101.7
London	6,300	25,560	25,769	24.6	99.2
South East	3,978	16,858	16,791	23.6	100.4
South West	2,462	10,273	10,130	24.0	101.4
<u>Class of authority</u>					
London Boroughs	4,961	20,032	19,998	24.8	100.2
Greater London Authority	1,337	5,516	5,756	24.2	95.8
Metropolitan Districts	5,972	23,953	23,649	24.9	101.3
Unitary Authorities	5,425	22,756	22,289	23.8	102.1
Shire Counties	6,683	28,341	27,745	23.6	102.1
Shire Districts	2,084	8,361	8,261	24.9	101.2
Police Authorities	2,012	8,390	8,643	24.0	97.1
Fire Authorities	347	1,470	1,477	23.6	99.5
Other Authorities	46	240	241	19.0	99.4

Additional table

10. An additional table has been produced at local authority level, for authorities which submitted valid data. This is not included in the printed

version of this release. It is available on the Department's website at <http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/revenueexpenditure/revenue201112/> and shows quarter 1 and quarter 2 outturn data and in-year forecast data at local authority, region and class of authority level. The quarter 1 data in this release are the most up-to-date figures received from authorities, who had the opportunity to update their Q1 figures on their Q2 return. The aggregate figures may, therefore, differ from the figures reported in the Q1 release. Underlying local authority level data for the Q1 release remain available online, accompanying the Q1 release, at the link above.

Methodology

11. This release compares QRO data with RA data in a number of cases. The forms are not directly comparable and so, in order to make the comparison, relevant RA lines have had to be aggregated to provide a comparison to each QRO line. A mapping document which shows the relationship between lines on the RA, RO and QRO forms is available online at <http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/revenueexpenditure/revenue201112/>.
12. The non-pay element of schools expenditure is not collected on the QRO form, but is imputed from the 2011-12 RA figure and the 2010-11 RO figure. This non-pay element is taken to be the proportion of RA line 190 (total schools expenditure) for each authority which is deemed likely to apply to schools' non-pay (see paragraph 16), multiplied by the percentage in paragraph 14 which converts it to a quarterly figure.
13. Aggregate national, regional and class of authority figures are produced by using imputed figures for any authority which failed to submit its form by the deadline for inclusion in this release, or for which the form was received but contained significant data quality issues which could not be resolved with the authority in time for publication.
14. The imputed figures for such authorities are taken to be a percentage of the comparable Revenue Account (RA) figures submitted for the financial year. This is the Q2 outturn figure as a percentage of the comparable RA figure for valid authorities. For this release, this percentage was calculated to be 24.4 per cent. This methodology assumes that the missing authority's outturn is in keeping with its budgeted expenditure and that its expenditure in the current quarter, as a percentage of its budgeted expenditure for the year, is the same as that for authorities for which validated QRO data are available. As the RA and QRO lines are not identical, RA lines have been aggregated to form a comparison with the relevant QRO line.
15. In order to estimate the education line (line 15) for authorities with missing or invalid data, both RA and RO (Revenue Outturn) figures are used. The

2010-11 RO for each authority¹ is used to determine the percentage of its total net current expenditure on schools which is made up of employee costs. This percentage is applied to the RA figure for total net current expenditure on schools to estimate the employee element of this expenditure, and is added to RA lines 150 and 160 (services to young people, and other school related education functions) to produce an estimate of the annual QRO education figure for the authority. The quarterly figure is then estimated by applying to this annual figure the percentage described in paragraph 14.

16. Similarly, the non-pay element of schools' expenditure is calculated by taking the remaining portion of the RA figure and estimating the quarterly figure as in paragraph 15. This calculation is carried out for all education authorities, and the figures are reported separately in Table 1. **This methodology has changed since the quarter 1 release** when the total education expenditure for an authority was assumed to remain at the level reported on the RA form.
17. A small number of authorities asked to provide their own non-pay schools figures for the Q2 return, which we have included in the release in place of the imputed figure. It is anticipated that from quarter 3 all authorities will have the option to provide their own non-pay figure, with imputations then being used only for those authorities which decline to do so, or which would need to contact schools directly to obtain the figure.
18. Where imputation methodology has been applied to an authority for the purpose of producing aggregate figures, no data are published for that authority in the online LA-level table (available at <http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/revenueexpenditure/revenue201112/>).

Strengths and limitations of the data

19. The QRO data provide a timely indication of revenue expenditure at local authority level, giving an earlier indication than was previously possible using only the RO data collected after year-end.
20. The data are limited by certain factors, as outlined below.
 - a. Local authorities are asked to work to a level of materiality of £1m for all lines except 33, 34, 37 and 38 (trading account lines), for which the materiality level is £5m.
 - b. For the purposes of the QRO return, authorities are asked to estimate the apportionment of central service charges to the appropriate service lines on an accrued basis. However, the majority of authorities do not undertake this apportionment formally until year end. There is a large difference, therefore, between the RA and QRO

¹ At quarter 1 the 2010-11 RO data were not available and 2009-10 data were used instead.

for line 2 within General Public Services, as authorities have either had to estimate the apportionment or have not undertaken any apportionment of recharges in their return (instead including all costs in line 2 of the return).

- c. The non-pay element of schools expenditure is not collected on the QRO form, but is imputed from the RA form as outlined in paragraph 16. This methodology assumes that the spending pattern for this type of expenditure is the same as the average spending pattern of valid authorities across all lines on the form.
- d. The definition of total service expenditure used for RA and QRO differs slightly. Total service expenditure for RA includes non-distributed costs relating to carbon reduction transactions and to unused shares of IT facilities and other assets, which are excluded from the QRO definition. In 2011-12, the net effect of these transactions was to increase the RA total service expenditure figure for England by £44.2m. This inconsistency will be corrected for the next financial year.
- e. Where authorities fail to submit a return, or where, at the point of publication, significant data quality issues remain, figures for the authority are imputed for the purpose of calculating aggregate figures (see paragraphs 14 and 15). This imputation relies on a number of assumptions, including that the authority's expenditure remains in line with its budget and that the proportion of its expenditure occurring in the current quarter is equal to the same proportion for validated authorities. **1.6 per cent of the net current expenditure reported for England is comprised of imputed values.**
- f. Authorities for whom valid data were not available at the point at which this release was finalised were:

Authority	Q1 unavailable	Q2 unavailable
Brentwood	Yes	Yes
Cleveland Combined Fire Authority		Yes
Eastbourne		Yes
Epping Forest	Yes	Yes
Harlow	Yes	
Hastings		Yes
Havant		Yes
Isles of Scilly		Yes
Lee Valley Regional Park Authority	Yes	Yes
Portsmouth UA	Yes	Yes
Thurrock UA	Yes	Yes
Uttlesford		Yes
West London Waste Authority	Yes	Yes
Weymouth & Portland		Yes

Data quality

21. The information in this Statistical Release is derived from Department for Communities and Local Government Quarterly Revenue Outturn (QRO) returns submitted by local authorities in England. All local authorities are required to complete all relevant parts of the QRO return.
22. Figures are subjected to rigorous pre-defined validation tests as the data are received and stored, and queries are followed up with authorities prior to publication.
23. The release document, once prepared, is also subject to intensive peer review before being cleared as fit for the purposes of publication.
24. It should be recognised that this is the first year in which QRO data have been collected from authorities on a statutory basis. Data quality can be expected to improve as local authorities become more familiar with the form, and as an increase in the amount of data available provides more options for validation checks.

Uses made of the data

25. The purpose of the QRO collection is to improve the economic data used for fiscal monitoring by HM Treasury and the data used to monitor changes in the wider economy which are maintained by the Office for National Statistics. This in turn supports the Government's aims of maintaining sound public finances and macroeconomic stability. Improving the local authority data provided to central government is a key part of this.
26. Comments and feedback from the end user for further improvement or about your experiences with this product will be welcomed. Please send all views to gro@communities.gsi.gov.uk.

Terminology used in this release

27. A list of terms relating to local government finance is given in the glossary at Annex G of Local Government Finance Statistics England No. 21 2011. This is accessible at <http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/financialstatistics212011>. The terms most relevant to this release are explained below.
28. **Aggregate External Finance** is the total amount of grant provided to finance all local government expenditure, excluding that subject to separate arrangements under statutory schemes, rent allowances and rebates and council tax benefit, which are funded by specific grants outside Aggregate External Finance.
29. **Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG) codes** provide a standard means of referring to services provided by government. Further detail on what is covered by each COFOG code is available from the UN Statistics Division (link below). COFOG-1 codes (the highest level

of the hierarchy) are used on the QRO form. Line 13 of the form (Health) is included so that a full picture of expenditure under all COFOG codes can be provided. However, at present, no local authorities are responsible for services which fall under the COFOG definition of Health. (<http://unstats.un.org/unsd/cr/registry/regcst.asp?Cl=4>).

30. **Current expenditure** is the cost of running local authority services within the financial year. This includes the costs of staffing, heating, lighting and cleaning, together with expenditure on goods and services consumed within the year. This expenditure is offset by income from sales, fees and charges and other (non-grant) income, which gives **total net current expenditure**. Total net current expenditure also includes payments made by local authorities on behalf of central government, under statutory schemes and the payment of rent allowances and rebates. Such payments are fully funded by central government through specific grants outside **Aggregate External Finance**.
31. **International Accounting Standard 19 (IAS 19)**. Local authorities' final accounts are required to comply in full with International Accounting Standard 19 on employment benefits. This requires future liabilities for retirement benefits to be recognised in the accounts for all the main categories of local government employees, with the exception of teachers. However, for National Accounts purposes, the cost of retirements is taken to be the benefits and contributions actually payable in the year.
32. **PFI schemes in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**. Under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), assets provided under PFI schemes are normally shown on the authority's balance sheet. Local authorities are required to account for their PFI schemes on the IFRS basis. For National Accounts purposes, however, PFI schemes are accounted for on an "on balance sheet" basis only where economic ownership of the asset rests with the authority. **Economic ownership** for national accounts purposes is determined by whether the local authority or the contractor has an asset of the property used to provide the contracted services. A party has an asset of the property where that party has access to the benefits of the property and exposure to the risks inherent in those benefits.

Background notes

33. This Statistical Release can be found at the following web address:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/revenueexpenditure/revenue201112/>
34. For press enquiries about this Statistical Release, please contact the Local Government press desk on 0303 444 0444 or email press.office@communities.gsi.gov.uk. For other enquiries please contact Katy Fone on 0303 444 1213 or email gro@communities.gsi.gov.uk.
35. Timings of future releases are regularly placed on the Department's website,

<http://www.communities.gov.uk/corporate/researchandstatistics/statistics/publicationschedule/> and on the National Statistics website, www.statistics.gov.uk/press_release/currentreleases.asp

36. Guidance notes, which accompany each form sent to local authorities, can be found at:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localgovernmentfinance/quarterlyrevenue/>
37. For a fuller picture of recent trends in local government finance, readers are directed to Local Government Finance Statistics England No. 21 2011, which is available electronically from the Department for Communities and Local Government website:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/financialstatistics212011>
38. The Scottish Government, Welsh Assembly Government and Northern Ireland Government collect annual revenue outturn data. Their information can be found at the following websites:
 - a. Scotland:
<http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Local-Government-Finance>
 - b. Wales:
<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/headlines/localgov2010/100623/?lang=en>
 - c. Northern Ireland:
http://www.doeni.gov.uk/index/local_government/local_government_funding.htm
39. Quarterly capital statistics are published for England and are available at the following weblink:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/statistics/xls/1984124.xls>
40. Revenue Account (RA) and Revenue Outturn (RO) data for England are available at the following weblink:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/localregional/localgovernmentfinance/statistics/revenueexpenditure/>
41. A draft statistics plan describing our proposals for collecting and publishing official statistics over the period April 2011 to March 2012 can be found at:
<http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/plan201112consultation>

Symbols and conventions

Symbols

... Not available

0 Zero or negligible

n/a Not applicable

|| Discontinuity

(P) Provisional

(R) Revised since the last statistical release

Rounding

Where figures have been rounded there may be a discrepancy between the published total and the sum of the constituent items.

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