

Planning Applications: December Quarter 2010 (England)

In the period October to December 2010 local authorities undertaking district level planning

- received 110,600 applications, a decrease of around 1 per cent when compared with the December 2009 quarter;
- decided (granted or refused) 110,100 applications, an increase of 5 per cent when compared with the December 2009 quarter;
- granted 88,900 applications, an increase of 5 per cent when compared with the December 2009 quarter;
- decided 13,400 applications for residential developments, up by 6 per cent compared with the December 2009 quarter;
- decided 1,400 major residential developments applications (10 or more dwellings), up by 7 per cent compared with the December 2009 quarter;
- decided 66 per cent of major applications within 13 weeks;

Authorities undertaking 'county level' planning decided 310 applications, a decrease of 18 per cent when compared with the same quarter a year ago.

31 March 2011



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planning

Introduction

This quarterly Statistical Release presents National Statistics on authorities that undertake district and county level planning activities in England. It covers information on planning applications received and decided including decisions on applications for residential developments (dwellings) and enforcement activities. Data are provided at national, regional and local authority level and are based on information for the December quarter 2010 reported to Communities and Local Government as at 11th February 2011. The *Background Notes* section provides more detail of the terms used within this release.

Authorities undertaking district level planning

A summary of the trends in applications, decisions and permissions granted is provided in Table A. More detailed figures are available in the accompanying Live Tables (P120-P138).

Planning applications

In the December quarter 2010, authorities undertaking district level planning in England received 110,600 applications for planning permission (**Table P120**). This represents a decrease of 1 per cent compared with the corresponding quarter in 2009. In the year ending December 2010, authorities received 482,300 applications, an increase of 5 per cent on the year ending December 2009 figure.

Planning decisions

District level planning authorities decided 110,100 planning applications in the December quarter 2010, 5 per cent higher than in the same quarter last year. Most regions as well as the National Park authorities saw an increase in the number of applications decided compared to the December quarter 2009. The largest increases were in the National Parks (10 per cent), London and the South East of England (both 8 per cent), while in both the North East and North West the number of applications decided decreased very slightly. (**Table P121**).

In the year ending December 2010, 438,400 applications were decided, an increase of 6 per cent compared with the corresponding period a year ago. The North East saw a decrease of 1 per cent in the number of applications determined compared to the year ending December 2009, while Yorkshire and the Humber saw a very slight decrease; all other regions as well as the National Park authorities saw an increase. The largest increases were in London (10 per cent) and the South East (9 per cent) (**Table P122**).

Applications granted

86 per cent of all decisions in the December quarter 2010 were granted, an increase of 1 percentage point when compared with the December quarter 2009. Approval rates across the regions ranged from 80 per cent in London to 93 per cent in the North East (**Table P121**). These percentages represent a 1 percentage point increase for authorities in London and the North East when compared with the same quarter a year ago.

In the year ending December 2010, 86 per cent of all decisions were granted, an increase of 2 percentage points when compared with the year ending December 2009. Approval rates across the regions ranged from 79 per cent in London to 93 per cent in the North East (**Table P122**). These percentages represent a 1 percentage point increase in the approval rate for authorities in both regions compared to the year ending December 2009.

Table 1: District level planning applications received, decided and granted

Financial Year	Quarter	Received		Decided		Granted ¹	
		Number ('000s)	% change on corresponding quarter last year	Number ('000s)	% change on corresponding quarter last year	Number ('000s)	% change on corresponding quarter last year
2005-06	Jun	170	-8%	164	-5%	130	-6%
	Sep	161	-8%	158	-11%	125	-11%
	Dec	147	-8%	143	-8%	112	-9%
	Mar	165	-3%	134	-4%	105	-5%
2006-07	Jun	170	0%	155	-5%	123	-5%
	Sep	157	-2%	155	-2%	122	-2%
	Dec	149	1%	141	-1%	111	-1%
	Mar	168	2%	136	1%	107	3%
2007-08	Jun	174	2%	156	1%	124	1%
	Sep	166	6%	160	3%	126	2%
	Dec	151	1%	148	5%	116	5%
	Mar	158	-6%	132	-3%	102	-5%
2008-09 ^P	Jun	150	-14%	144	-8%	114	-8%
	Sep	135	-19%	136	-15%	108	-14%
	Dec	111	-26%	116	-22%	91	-21%
	Mar	111	-29%	93	-29%	73	-28%
2009-10 ^P	Jun	118	-21%	105	-27%	84	-27%
	Sep	119	-12%	112	-18%	90	-17%
	Dec	111	0%	105	-9%	85	-7%
	Mar	118	6%	96	3%	77	5%
2010/11 ^P	Jun	127	8%	112	7%	91	9%
	Sep	126	6%	120	7%	97	8%
	Dec	111	-1%	110	5%	89	5%
Year to Dec 2010 ^P		482	5%	438	6%	354	7%

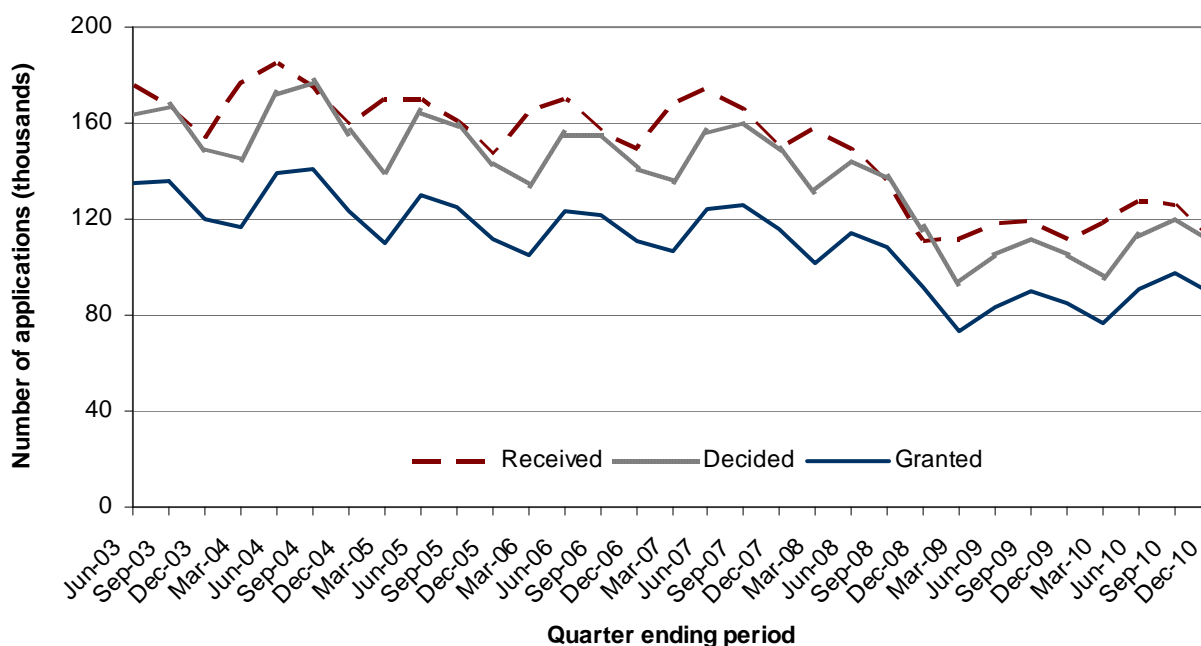
¹ Excludes planning applications which can neither be granted nor refused.

Figures are rounded and the components do not necessarily sum to the independently rounded totals.

Percentages are calculated using unrounded figures.

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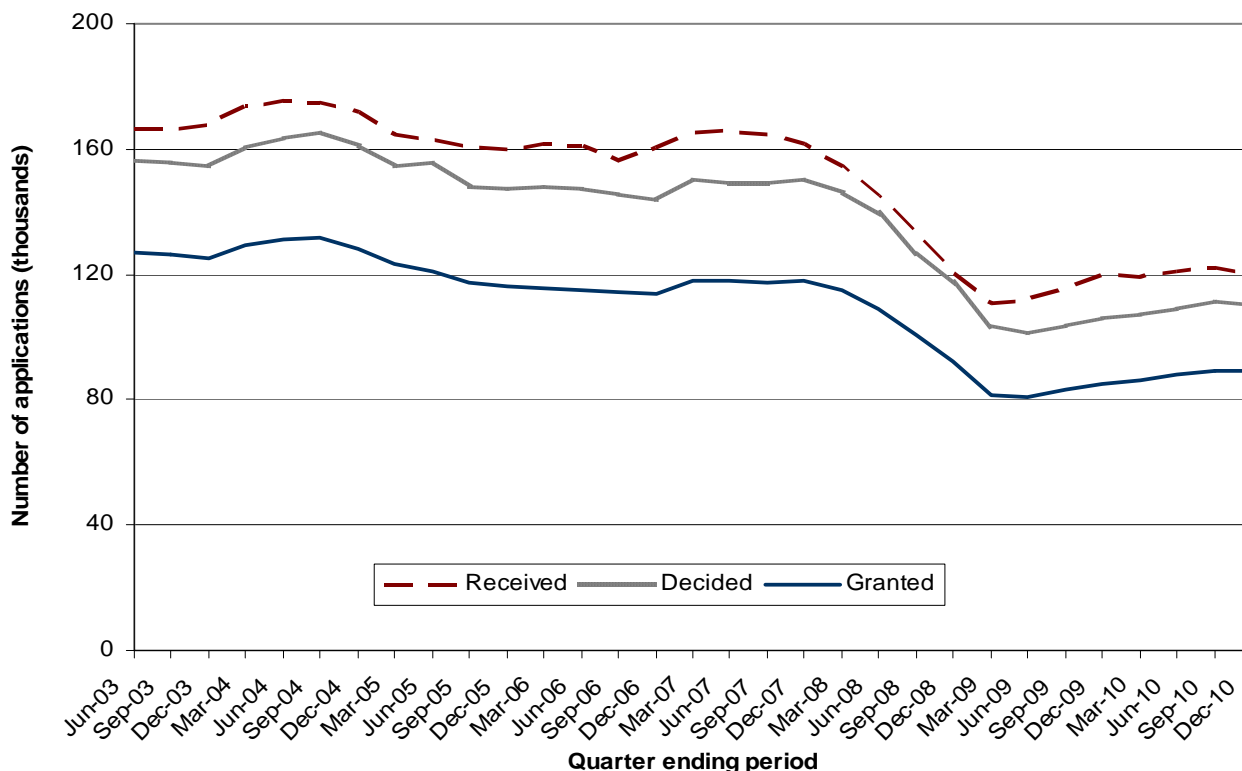
Figure 1: Number of planning applications received, decided and granted by district authorities



Seasonal adjustment

We have also calculated a seasonally adjusted time series of the numbers of planning applications received, decided and granted.

Figure 2: Number of planning applications received, decided and granted by district authorities (seasonally adjusted)



The effect of the market slowdown from the end of 2007 onwards can be clearly seen.

Further investigation has shown that only the 'Other' element of these series are actually seasonal in nature – these include such applications as householder applications (which covers loft conversions, extensions etc which are likely to be affected by the weather). Major and minor applications do not demonstrate a seasonal component.

Speed of applications

In the December quarter 2010, 66 per cent of major applications were processed within 13 weeks compared with 71 per cent in the December 2009 quarter. Also, 74 per cent of minor applications and 85 per cent of other applications were processed within 8 weeks (**Table P121**).

In the year ending December 2010, 69 per cent of major applications were processed within 13 weeks, compared with 71 per cent in the year ending December 2009. Also, 76 per cent of minor applications and 86 per cent of other applications were processed within 8 weeks (**Table P122**).

In the quarter ending December 2010, district level planning authorities decided 62 per cent of large-scale major applications, and 66 per cent of small-scale major applications within 13 weeks (**Table P125**).

In the year ending December 2010, district level planning authorities decided 60 per cent of large-scale major applications, and 71 per cent of small-scale major applications within 13 weeks (**Table P126**).

Residential Decisions

Decisions on all applications for residential developments increased from 12,600 in the December quarter 2009 to 13,400 in the December quarter 2010, an increase of 6 per cent. Major residential development increased by around 7 per cent compared to the December quarter 2009 (**Table P123**).

The number of residential developments decided increased by 4 per cent from 49,700 in the year ending December 2009 to 51,600 in the year ending December 2010 (**Table P124**).

In the December quarter 2010, authorities granted 80 per cent of major residential applications, compared with 78 per cent in the December quarter 2009, and determined 59 per cent of them within 13 weeks. 72 per cent of decisions on minor residential applications were granted and 67 per cent determined within 8 weeks.

In the year ending December 2010, authorities granted 79 per cent of major residential applications, compared with 72 per cent in the year ending December 2009, and determined 63 per cent of them within 13 weeks. 71 per cent of decisions on minor residential applications were granted and 70 per cent determined within 8 weeks.

Householder Developments

Householder developments are those developments to a house which require planning permission such as extensions, loft conversions, conservatories, and so on. Decisions made on householder developments increased by 5 per cent from 47,100 in the December quarter 2009 to 49,400 in the December quarter 2010 (accounting for 45 per cent of all decisions), while the number of householder developments decided increased by 7 per cent from 188,300 in the year ending December 2009 to 200,800 in the year ending December 2010 (accounting for 46 per cent of all decisions) (**Table P123/P124**).

Planning Applications for Gypsy and Traveller Pitches

From April 2008, local authorities have been required to provide information on decisions relating to planning applications for Gypsy and Traveller pitches. Information on Gypsy and Traveller pitches are shown in **Table P137/****Table P138** and are as reported by local planning authorities.

In the December quarter 2010, local planning authorities determined 7 major applications and granted 57 per cent of those applications with 57 per cent being determined within 13 weeks. Also, in the December quarter 2010 authorities determined 60 minor applications on Gypsy and Traveller pitches and granted 48 per cent with 32 per cent of those applications being determined within 8 weeks.

In the year ending December 2010, authorities determined 41 major applications for Gypsy and Traveller pitches. 61 per cent of the major applications were granted and 49 per cent were determined within 13 weeks. Also, authorities determined 250 minor applications on Gypsy and Traveller pitches. 53 per cent of the minor applications were granted and 37 per cent were determined within 8 weeks.

The highest number of applications for major Gypsy and Traveller pitches determined in the year ending December 2010 was in the South East (12 applications), with 58 per cent granted and 58 per cent determined in 13 weeks. Authorities in the South East also determined the highest number of minor applications (77 applications), with 47 per cent of those applications granted and 43 per cent determined within 8 weeks.

Enforcement action

Table P127 shows statistics on formal enforcement action taken by responding authorities. In the December quarter 2010, authorities issued 1,524 Enforcement Notices and served 1,163 Planning Contravention Notices, 239 Breach of Condition Notices, 34 Stop Notices and 56 Temporary Stop Notices, while 7 Enforcement Injunctions were granted and 4 were refused by the High/County Court.

Regulation 3 and 4 consents

Table P128 shows the number of Regulation 3 and 4 Consents granted since 2000-01. Under Regulation 3 of the Town and Country Planning General Regulations 1992, SI 1992/1492, a local planning authority makes an application to itself for permission to develop land within its area, and determines that application.

Regulation 4 is concerned with planning permission for development of land in which the local planning authority has an interest but which it does not itself propose to carry out.

In the December 2010 quarter, 1,026 Regulation 3 consents and 66 Regulation 4 consents were granted.

Applications for determination

Authorities received 1,445 applications for determination on whether local authority approval is required for certain works in the December quarter 2010 (**Table P128**). Local authorities decided to intervene in 212 cases (15 per cent).

Applications decided under delegated powers

Table P133 shows the percentage of applications decided by planning officers under a scheme of delegation and without referral to committee or councillors on such decisions. 332 authorities (out of 339) provided information on delegated decisions in the December quarter 2010 and on average, in this period authorities delegated 91 per cent of decisions to planning officers.

Authorities undertaking county level planning

Authorities that undertake county level planning activity – which includes counties, unitary authorities, London boroughs, metropolitan districts, urban development corporations and National Parks - received around 1,600 'county matters' applications in the year ending December 2010. This compares with over 482,000 planning applications received by authorities that undertake district level planning activities. Statistics for 'county matters' decisions are therefore likely to be much more volatile than those for districts because of the smaller numbers of such decisions.

Summary statistics on numbers of applications, decisions and permissions granted are shown in Table B. More detailed figures are in the accompanying Live Tables (P139 - P145).

Planning applications

In the December quarter 2010, authorities received 424 'county matter' applications, an increase of 4 per cent compared with the same quarter last year. County councils accounted for 79 per cent of total applications, unitary authorities for 14 per cent and metropolitan districts for 7 per cent (**Table P139**). The highest number of applications was received by Norfolk (29 applications). (**Table P143**)

In the year ending December 2010, authorities received 1,581 'county matter' applications. County councils accounted for 76 per cent of total applications, unitary authorities for 16 per cent and metropolitan districts for 7 per cent. The highest number of applications was received by Norfolk (104 applications) (**Table P144**).

Planning decisions

County matter authorities determined 310 planning applications in the December quarter 2010, a decrease of 18 per cent compared with the same quarter last year. Of these, 92 per cent were granted, an increase of 1 percentage point when compared with the same quarter last year (**Table P139**). Hampshire determined the highest number of planning applications (21 applications) followed by Nottinghamshire (20 applications) (**Table P143**). Waste developments accounted for 66 per cent of the total decisions and minerals developments accounted for 30 per cent (**Table P140**).

In the year ending December 2010, county matter authorities determined 1,225 planning applications. Of these, 93 per cent were granted. Hampshire determined the highest number of planning applications (61 applications) followed by Leicestershire (57 applications) (**Table P144**). Waste developments accounted for 68 per cent of the total decisions and minerals developments accounted for 27 per cent (**Table P141**).

Speed of decisions

In the December quarter 2010, county-level planning authorities determined 60 per cent of applications within 13 weeks (**Table P143**). In the year ending December 2010, county-level planning authorities determined 63 per cent of applications within 13 weeks (**Table P144**).

Regulation 3 and 4 consents

Table P143 and **P144** show the number of permissions granted by authorities under Regulations 3 and 4 of the Town and Country Planning General Regulations 1992. In the December quarter 2010, a total of 532 Regulation 3 consents were granted. The highest numbers of consents were granted by Lancashire (51 consents) and Kent (49 consents). In the year ending December 2010, a total of 2,743 Regulation 3 consents were granted. The highest numbers of consents were granted by Kent (231 consents) and Lancashire (201 consents). Also in the year ending December 2010, there were 2 Regulation 4 consents granted.

In order to better reflect the workload of authorities, information on the total number of decisions on applications for consent, agreement or approval of details or schemes required by conditions, as defined by Article 21 of the General Development Procedure Order 1995 has been collected from April 2000 and is also published in this table.

In the December quarter 2010, 483 decisions were made under Article 21, with the highest number reported by Cambridgeshire (63 decisions). The number of determinations under the review of mineral planning permissions was also collated, however only 7 were determined by county level planning authorities.

In the year ending December 2010, 1,776 decisions were made under Article 21, with the highest number reported by Cambridgeshire (211 decisions). The number of determinations under the review of mineral planning permissions was also collated, however only 36 were determined by county level planning authorities.

Enforcement action

In the December quarter 2010 county level planning authorities issued 17 Enforcement Notices and served 1 Stop Notice, 2 Temporary Stop Notices, 28 Planning Contravention Notices, 5 Breach of Condition Notices and granted 1 Enforcement injunction (**Table P145**).

Table B: County level planning applications granted, received and decided

Financial Year	Quarter	Planning Applications		Planning Decisions		Applications Granted	
		Number	% change on corresponding quarter last year	Number	% change on corresponding quarter last year	Number	% change on corresponding quarter last year
2005-06	Jun	466	-14%	390	-3%	353	-4%
	Sep	510	-6%	416	-17%	375	-19%
	Dec	398	-22%	458	-1%	417	0%
	Mar	483	-7%	419	-1%	386	0%
2006-07	Jun	450	-3%	416	7%	376	7%
	Sep	448	-12%	389	-6%	347	-7%
	Dec	441	11%	399	-13%	349	-16%
	Mar	466	-4%	387	-8%	363	-6%
2007-08	Jun	464	3%	393	-6%	364	-3%
	Sep	446	0%	375	-4%	348	0%
	Dec	444	1%	389	-3%	357	2%
	Mar	473	2%	341	-12%	317	-13%
2008-09	Jun	392	-16%	374	-5%	344	-13%
	Sep	439	-2%	379	1%	347	0%
	Dec	405	-9%	361	-7%	334	-6%
	Mar	431	-9%	393	15%	358	13%
2009-10	Jun	355	-9%	313	-16%	293	-15%
	Sep	406	-8%	336	-11%	304	-12%
	Dec	406	0%	376	4%	343	3%
	Mar	408	-5%	312	-21%	294	-18%
2010-11 ^P	Jun	352	-1%	306	-2%	283	-3%
	Sep	397	-2%	297	-12%	273	-10%
	Dec	424	4%	310	-18%	286	-17%
Year to Dec 2010 ^P		1581	-1%	1225	-13%	1136	-12%

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Data collection

Statistics of planning applications received and decided by authorities that undertake district level planning activity have been collated, on a quarterly basis, since April 1979 on the PS1 and PS2 General Development Control statistical returns (District). From the March quarter 2008, the PS1, PS2 and the Fee1 (revenue collected in respect of PS1 and PS2) returns, are now combined as a single return, the PSF return. Information on planning applications for authorities that undertake county level planning activities are collated on the CPS1/2 General Development Control statistical returns (County Matters). These are reported to the department via *Interform* – the department's housing and planning electronic data collection system.

Data quality

Both the PSF and CPS1/2 returns submitted by local planning authorities undergo thorough validation and checks. Inconsistent data highlighted during validation and checks are verified by contacting the local authority. Late returns are pursued to ensure the overall response rate is as high as possible. Where a response rate of 100% is not achieved estimates are imputed for non-responding authorities.

333 out of 339 (98 per cent) of authorities that undertake district level planning activities and 156 out of 163 (96 per cent) of authorities that undertake county level planning activities submitted data in time for this publication. Also, authorities for which partial or no data has been received over the year (i.e. they did not submit information for one or more quarters) are not shown in annual tables. The data includes imputation for the small number of non-responding district level authorities and are included in Tables P120-P124 where national and regional totals are presented. Performances of individual local authorities are presented in tables P131, P132, P135 and P136.

All figures included in the commentary have been calculated using unrounded data. As a result, there may be some apparent discrepancy with figures shown in the accompanying tables.

From April 2007 an indication on the level of quality assurance undertaken by the local authority is recorded as part of the final sign-off for these returns.

Accompanying tables

Accompanying tables are available to download alongside this release. These are:

Tables:

P120	District planning authorities – Planning applications received and decided by speed of decision
P121/P122	District planning authorities – Planning decisions by Region, type of authority and speed of decision
P123/P124	District planning authorities – Planning decisions by speed, performance agreements and type of development
P125/P126	District planning authorities – Major planning decisions by speed, performance agreements and type of development
P127	District planning authorities – Enforcement action
P128	District planning authorities – Regulation 3 and 4 consents granted and applications for determination
P129/P130	District planning authorities – Enforcement action by authority
P131/P132	District planning authorities – Planning decisions, by development type and speed of decision
P133/P134	District planning authorities – Applications received, decided, granted and delegated, environmental statements received and flow of applications by authority
P135/P136	District planning authorities – Planning decisions on Major and Minor residential development by authority
P137/P138	District planning authorities – Planning decisions on Major and Minor Gypsy and Traveller Pitches by authority
P139	'County matters' planning authorities – Planning applications received, decided and granted by type of authority
P140/P141	'County matters' planning authorities – Planning decisions decided and granted by type of authority and type and size of development
P142	'County matters' planning authorities – Planning decisions by speed of decision
P143/P144	'County matter' planning authorities – Planning applications received, decided and granted and Regulation 3 and 4 consents by authority
P145	'County matter' planning authorities – Enforcement action

Additional tables, earlier quarterly data and historic series can be accessed in the 'Live Tables' section ("Live Tables on Development Control Statistics") at

<http://www.communities.gov.uk/planningandbuilding/planningbuilding/planningstatistics/livetables/livetablesondevelopmentcontrolst/>

Background notes

1. County level planning applications are predominantly concerned with minerals extraction and waste disposal developments, as set out in Schedule 1 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and in the Town and Country Planning (Prescription of County Matters) (England) Regulations 2003 (SI 2003/1033).

2. Authorities undertaking county level planning include county councils, metropolitan districts, unitary authorities, London boroughs, national park authorities and urban development corporations. However, because of the nature of county matters applications, the large majority are handled by the county councils.

3. District level planning is undertaken by metropolitan and non-metropolitan districts, unitary authorities, national park authorities and urban development corporations. These authorities deal with all other planning applications that are not classified as county matters and mainly include applications for planning permissions on residential, offices, industrial, retail and householder developments.

4. **Householder Developments:** Householder developments are defined as those within the curtilage of a dwellinghouse which require an application for planning permission and are not a change of use. **Included** in householder developments are extensions, conservatories, loft conversions, dormer windows, alterations, garages, car ports or outbuildings, swimming pools, walls, fences, domestic vehicular accesses including footway crossovers, porches and satellite dishes. **Excluded** from householder developments are: applications relating to any work to one or more flats, applications to change the number of dwellings (flat conversions, building a separate house in the garden), changes of use to part or all of the property to non-residential (including business) uses, anything outside the garden of the property (including stables if in a separate paddock).

5. This Release is a web-only publication.

6. Details of officials who receive pre-release access to this statistical release 24 hours before publication can be found at <http://www.communities.gov.uk/corporate/researchandstatistics/statistics/nationalstatistics/>

7. National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure they meet customer needs.

Date of next publication

The next update of this Statistical Release will be published in June 2011.

Enquiries

1. This Statistical Release, as well as previous Releases, can be accessed from the Communities and Local Government website at: <http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/planningapplicationsq42010>

2. Any query regarding this Release should be addressed to: Development Control Statistics Branch, Housing Markets and Planning Analysis Division, Communities and Local Government, Zone 4/J4, Eland House, Bressenden Place, London SW1E 5DU.

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Information on Official Statistics is available via the UK Statistics Authority website:

www.statistics.gov.uk

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