

Animal Health Act 1981 (as amended)
Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (England) (No.2) Order 2006
Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (Wales) (No.2) Order 2006

General Licence for the Movement of Table Eggs within or out of a Protection or Surveillance Zone in England or Wales

I, being a veterinary inspector appointed by the Secretary of State and Welsh Ministers for the purposes of the Animal Health Act 1981, grant the following licence under Article 30 and Paragraph 14 of Schedule 4 and Article 31 and Paragraph 15 of Schedule 5 of the Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (England) (No.2) Order 2006 and Article 30 and Paragraph 14 of Schedule 4 and Article 31 and Paragraph 15 of Schedule 5 of the Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (Wales) (No.2) Order 2006:

Licence

This licence permits, subject to the conditions set out in the Schedule of Conditions attached, the direct movement of table eggs within or out of a Protection Zone or a Surveillance Zone in England or Wales to the following premises:

1. an egg packing centre designated by the Secretary of State in England or Welsh Ministers in Wales or
2. premises for disposal in England or Wales.

This licence comes into force at 2.30pm on 9th February 2017

Paul Honeyman

Veterinary Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State and Welsh Ministers

Date: 9th February 2017

Schedule of Conditions

- i. Immediately prior to each movement the licensee must inspect any poultry on the premises to confirm that they show no clinical signs that could be associated with Avian Influenza.
- ii. The move must be direct to the premises of destination.
- iii. The vehicle used must be leak proof, covered and carry a spill kit in case of any spillage on to the road.
- iv. The eggs must be packed either in new disposable packaging (including keyes trays) or in trays which have been effectively cleansed and disinfected in line with condition ix) below and marked as such by the operator carrying out the cleansing and disinfection. This packaging must not be recycled within the poultry industry unless it can be cleansed and disinfected. Trolleys and any other equipment must also have been effectively cleansed and disinfected in line with condition ix) below
- v. Shells and other parts of eggs which originate from farms located in the current protection or surveillance zone must be disposed of to an approved animal by- products rendering plant where they will be heat treated to destroy any Avian Influenza virus which may be present. Egg shell cannot be used unprocessed directly on land or for use in any products that are fed to animals.
- vi. Before entering or leaving the premises where eggs are loaded:
 - the exterior of the vehicle must be free of any visible contamination with poultry feathers, animal faeces, litter, mud, slurry, excretions, egg shell, broken egg or any other similar matter; and
 - the vehicle's wheels and wheel arches must be cleansed and disinfected. The cleansing and disinfection after loading must take place at a point beyond which no contamination with poultry feathers, animal faeces, litter, mud, slurry, excretions, egg shell or any similar matter can take place.
- vii. After unloading at the premises of destination:
 - the parts of the vehicle used to transport anything which might be contaminated with feathers, faeces, litter, mud, slurry, excretions, egg shell, broken egg or any similar matter must be cleansed and disinfected as soon as is reasonably practicable and, in any case, before the vehicle is used again; and
 - the packaging (trays) must be effectively cleansed and disinfected before reuse or must be destroyed.
- viii. All persons to whom this licence applies shall:
 - not enter or leave premises wearing clothing or footwear which is visibly soiled with mud, animal or bird faeces or any similar matter;
 - cleanse and disinfect their footwear on leaving premises within the controlled zone; and
 - take all other reasonable precautions to avoid the transfer of contamination between premises.
- ix. Disinfection must be in accordance with article 66(5) of the Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (England) (No.2.) Order 2006
- x. A record of the movement as required by article 74 of the Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (England)(No.2) Order 2006, must be made as soon as is reasonably practicable after the movement and retained for at least 6 weeks after the movement is completed.
- xi. When moving anything under the authority of this licence, a person must carry with him a consignment note. The consignment note must include:
 - (a) the type of bird product being moved,
 - (b) the date of the movement,
 - (c) the name of the consignor,

- (d) the address of the premises from which the movement started,
- (e) the registration of the vehicle used;
- (e) the name of the consignee, and
- (f) the address of the premises of destination.

- xii. A person moving anything under the authority of this licence must, if asked to do so by an inspector, or other officer of the relevant Minister, give their name and address, produce the consignment note and allow copies or an extract to be taken.

Notes

1. All other relevant legislation must be complied with. In particular, all the requirements of the Animal By-Products relevant legislation must be complied with.
2. Failure to observe the measures required in this licence is an offence under Section 73 of the Animal Health Act 1981. The penalty on conviction of an offence under this section is a maximum of six months imprisonment and/or an unlimited fine.
3. Contact your local Animal and Plant Health Agency Office or Local Authority for further advice on biosecurity measures and any other legislation that may apply.

Failure to observe the measures required in this licence is an offence under Section 73 of the Animal Health Act 1981. The penalty on conviction of an offence under this section is a maximum of six months imprisonment and/or an unlimited fine.