

White turkeys (hens) kept in pole barns

All valuations expressed in pence per bird

Age (days)	7	14	21	28	35	42	49
Farm gate sales	538	566	598	634	667	709	752
Sales to butchers	538	566	598	634	667	709	752

Age (days)	56	63	70	77	84	91	98
Farm gate sales	798	848	900	957	1014	1074	1126
Sales to butchers	798	848	900	957	1014	1074	1126

Age (days)	105	112	119	126	133	140	147
Farm gate sales	1532	1938	2344	2750	3156	3562	3967
Sales to butchers	1391	1656	1921	2186	2452	2717	2982

Age (days)	154	161	168
Farm gate sales	4373	4779	5185
Sales to butchers	3247	3512	3777

This table is intended to provide valuations for Traditional Farm Fresh ('TFF') and/or seasonally-produced turkeys. They are NOT intended to be used for large-scale, intensive turkey production (e.g. Bernard Matthews/Faccenda Turkeys). Bird numbers for a typical TFF/seasonal site will generally be counted in hundreds rather than thousands, although larger enterprises may produce at the latter level. A typical 'intensive' production site will rear many thousands of birds (individual houses may contain up to 20,000 birds). Rearing accommodation tends to be simple - typically, birds will be reared in 'pole-barns' (open-sided buildings), although a variety of other general farm buildings may be used.

The table provides valuations for white-feathered hen birds. If a site rears 'as-hatched' flocks (hens and stags together in broadly equal numbers), the corresponding valuation table should be consulted.

Figures are provided for both 'farm gate' sales - i.e. sales direct to the final customer and for 'sales to butchers', which are intended to reflect trade values. Because of the difference in the resultant valuations, it is important to determine which type of outlet the farmer supplies. If both types of outlet are supplied, a pro-rata figure should be calculated. Similarly, if the age of the birds does not exactly match the figures given in the tables, the corresponding pro-rata figure should also be calculated.

Valuations have been based on a maximum slaughter age of 24 weeks at which point the average liveweight has been taken to be 7.5 kg (derived from industry targets) with an oven-ready weight of 6kg. Although valuations are determined on the basis of the age of birds, it is strongly recommended that for flocks that are 12 weeks or older, a random sample of 25 culled birds are weighed as a reference in case of future disputed valuation