

South Wales



Annual Report 2013 - 2014



Intro

Sarah Payne

Director, NOMS in Wales

NOMS in Wales is committed to working in partnership with MAPPA agencies to prevent people becoming victims of serious harm.

Although violent and sexual offending makes up only a small percentage of all crime in Wales the harm caused by such offending is considerable to victims, their families and communities. Existing and potential victims have a right to feel protected and safe and whilst it is never possible to eradicate the risk entirely, MAPPA is designed to bring agencies together to help manage that risk and keep it to a minimum. NOMS in Wales and all of the agencies involved in MAPPA place the protection of the public as their highest priority and this report reflects the determination of all involved to ensure that this important area of work remains at the forefront. I am proud of our staff, their successes of the past year and their commitment to excellence for MAPPA in Wales.



Peter Vaughan

Chief Constable, South Wales Police

South Wales Police are committed to a multi-agency approach to public protection and continue to build on the investment of recent years to protect our communities from the most serious sexual and violent offenders. Research indicates that MAPPA is an effective method of addressing the associated risks with offenders and of providing an enhanced service to the public. We are grateful to our staff and to our partners who contribute to this reduction in re-offending rates and in preventing more people becoming victims. Our highly trained and committed officers work together with partners from the full range of MAPPA agencies in order to jointly deliver on our mission of Keeping South Wales Safe.



What is MAPPA?

MAPPA background

- (a) MAPPA (Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements) are a set of arrangements to manage the risk posed by the most serious sexual and violent offenders (MAPPA-eligible offenders) under the provisions of sections 325 to 327B of the Criminal Justice Act 2003.
- (b) They bring together the Police, Probation and Prison Services in each of the 42 Areas in England and Wales into what is known as the MAPPA Responsible Authority.
- (c) A number of other agencies are under a Duty To Co-operate (DTC) with the Responsible Authority. These include Social Services, Health Trusts, Youth Offending Teams, Jobcentre Plus and Local Housing and Education Authorities.
- (d) The Responsible Authority is required to appoint two Lay Advisers to sit on each MAPPA area Strategic Management Board (SMB) alongside senior representatives from each of the Responsible Authority and duty to co-operate agencies.
- (e) Lay Advisers are members of the public with no links to the business of managing MAPPA offenders and act as independent, yet informed, observers; able to pose questions which the professionals closely involved in the work might not think of asking. They also bring to the SMB their understanding and perspective of the local community (where they must reside and have strong links).

How MAPPA works

- MAPPA-eligible offenders are identified and information about them is shared by the agencies in order to inform the risk assessments and risk management plans of those managing or supervising them.
- In the majority of cases that is as far as MAPPA extends but in some cases, it is determined that active multi-agency management is required. In such cases there will be regular MAPPA meetings attended by relevant agency practitioners.
- There are 3 categories of MAPPA-eligible offender:
Category 1 - registered sexual offenders; **Category 2** – (in the main) violent offenders sentenced to imprisonment for 12 months or more; and **Category 3** – offenders who do not qualify under categories 1 or 2 but who currently pose a risk of serious harm.
- There are three management levels intended to ensure that resources are focussed upon the cases where they are most needed; generally those involving the higher risks of serious harm. **Level 1** involves ordinary agency management (i.e. no MAPPA meetings or resources); **Level 2** is where the active involvement of more than one agency is required to manage the offender but the risk management plans do not require the attendance and commitment of resources at a senior level. Where senior oversight is required the case would be managed at **Level 3**.

MAPPA is supported by ViSOR. This is a national IT system for the management of people who pose a serious risk of harm to the public. The police have been using ViSOR since 2005 but, since June 2008, ViSOR has been fully operational allowing, for the first time, key staff from the Police, Probation and Prison Services to work on the same IT system, thus improving the quality and timeliness of risk assessments and of interventions to prevent offending. The combined use of ViSOR increases the ability to share intelligence across organisations and enable the safe transfer of key information when these high risk offenders move, enhancing public protection measures. All MAPPA reports from England and Wales are published online at: www.justice.gov.uk

MAPPA Statistics

MAPPA-eligible offenders on 31 March 2014

	Category 1: Registered sex offenders	Category 2: Violent offenders	Category 3: Other dangerous offenders	Total
Level 1	1161	385	-	1546
Level 2	37	80	26	143
Level 3	1	0	2	3
Total	1199	465	28	1692

MAPPA-eligible offenders in Levels 2 and 3 by category (yearly total)

	Category 1: Registered sex offenders	Category 2: Violent offenders	Category 3: Other dangerous offenders	Total
Level 2	135	241	27	403
Level 3	7	7	7	21
Total	142	248	34	424

RSOs cautioned or convicted for breach of notification requirements

10

Restrictive orders for Category 1 offenders

SOPOs, NOs & FTOs imposed by the courts

SOPOs	81
NOs	2
FTOs	0

Level 2 and 3 offenders returned to custody				
	Category 1: Registered sex offenders	Category 2: Violent offenders	Category 3: Other dangerous offenders	Total
Breach of licence				
Level 2	16	19	0	35
Level 3	3	0	0	3
Total	19	19	0	38
Breach of SOPO				
Level 2	3	-	-	3
Level 3	1	-	-	1
Total	4	-	-	4
Total number of Registered Sexual Offenders per 100,000 population				105

This figure has been calculated using the Mid-2013 Population Estimates: Single year of age and sex for Police Areas in England and Wales; estimated resident population, published by the Office for National Statistics on 26 June 2014, excluding those aged less than ten years of age.

Explanation commentary on statistical tables

MAPPA background

The totals of MAPPA-eligible offenders, broken down by category, reflect the picture on 31 March 2014 (i.e. they are a snapshot). The rest of the data covers the period 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2014.

(a) MAPPA-eligible offenders – there are a number of offenders defined in law as eligible for MAPPA management, because they have committed specified sexual and violent offences or they currently pose a risk of serious harm, although the majority (x% this year) are actually managed under ordinary agency (Level 1) arrangements rather than via MAPP meetings.

(b) Registered Sexual Offenders (RSOs) – those who are required to notify the police of their name, address and other personal details and to notify any changes subsequently (this is known as the “notification requirement.”) Failure to comply with the notification requirement is a criminal offence which carries a maximum penalty of 5 years’ imprisonment.

(c) Violent Offenders – this category includes violent offenders sentenced to imprisonment or detention for 12 months or more, or detained under a hospital order. It also includes a small number of sexual offenders who do not qualify for registration and offenders disqualified from working with children.

(d) Other Dangerous Offenders – offenders who do not qualify under the other two MAPPA-eligible categories, but who currently pose a risk of serious harm which requires management via MAPP meetings.

(e) Breach of licence – offenders released into the community following a period of imprisonment of 12 months or more will be subject to a licence with conditions (under probation supervision). If these conditions are not complied with, breach action will be taken and the offender may be recalled to prison.

(f) Sexual Offences Prevention Order (SOPO) – a court may make a SOPO at the time of dealing with certain sexual offenders or when the police make a special application on account of the offender’s behaviour in the community. The full order lasts for a minimum of five years, and can last indefinitely. A SOPO will require the subject to register as a sexual offender and can include conditions, for example to prevent the offender loitering near schools or playgrounds. If the offender fails to comply with (i.e. breaches) the requirements of the order, he can be taken back to court and may be liable to up to five years’ imprisonment.

(g) Notification Order – this requires sexual offenders who have been convicted overseas to register with the police, in order to protect the public in the UK from the risks that they pose. The police may apply to the court for a notification order in relation to offenders who are already in the UK or are intending to come to the UK.

(h) Foreign Travel Orders – these prevent offenders with convictions for sexual offences against children from travelling abroad where this is necessary to protect children from the risk of sexual harm.

Who we are:

Strategic Management Board of MAPPA, South Wales Area

The SMB is responsible for managing MAPPA activity in its area. This will include reviewing its operations for quality and effectiveness and planning how to accommodate any changes as a result of legislative changes, national guidance or wider criminal justice changes. The Secretary of State retains the power to issue guidance to the Responsible Authority on the discharge of its functions under MAPPA. The SMB are responsible for the implementation of the MAPPA Guidance in their area, in line with local initiatives and priorities

Members:

Alison Lewis	G4S / HMP Parc
Andrea Chichester	EMS
Andrew Gwynn	Children's Services, Rhondda Cynon Taf CBC
Barbara Ranger	South Wales Police
Beverly James	Lay Adviser
Caroline Dyer	Western Bay Youth Offending Services
Chris Fox	Cardiff County Council
Deborah Driffield	City and County of Swansea
Huw Thomas	Jobcentre Plus
Jane Randall	Cwm Taf UHB
Jayne Tottle	Cardiff & Vale UHB
Karen Gillard	NSPCC
Kate Beardall	Lay Adviser
Lance Carver	Vale of Glamorgan Council / Cardiff & Vale UHB
Lorraine Davies	South Wales Police
Lynda Williams	Cwm Taf UHB
Nigel Rees	MAPPA Co-ordinator
Rhian Davies	CAFCASS
Ruth Bagshaw	Abertawe Bro Morgannwg UHB
Sara Theaker	DWP
Stuart Mander	Gwalia
Tony Young	Children's Services, Cardiff City & County Council

Co-Chairs:

Gov. Steve Cross	HMP Cardiff
Eirian Evans ACE	Wales Probation
ACC Nikki Holland	South Wales Police

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All MAPPA reports from England and Wales are published online at:
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Probation
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