Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

Compensation for Bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis, and Enzootic Bovine Leukosis – October 2014

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Compensation payable during **October 2014**, in England for a bovine animal compulsorily slaughtered for Bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis and EBL disease control purposes will be as detailed below.

Table of Non-pedigree Bovine Categories

Beef Sector

| Male | | Female | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Age | Compensation | Age | Compensation |
| | due (£/head) | | due (£/head) |
| Up to 3 months | 235 | Up to 3 months | 188 |
| Over 3 months up to 6 months | 461 | Over 3 months up to 6 months | 401 |
| Over 6 months up to 9 months | 584 | Over 6 months up to 9 months | 472 |
| Over 9 months up to 12 months | 790 | Over 9 months up to 12 months | 659 |
| Over 12 months up to 16 months | 922 | Over 12 months up to 16 months | 790 |
| Over 16 months up to 20 months | 1,024 | Over 16 months up to 20 months | 909 |
| | | (inc calved) | |
| 20 months and over | 1,067 | 20 months and over | 973 |
| Breeding bulls 20 months and over | 1,212 | 20 months and over calved | 887 |

Dairy Sector

| Male | | Female | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| Age | Compensation | Age | Compensation |
| | due (£/head) | | due (£/head) |
| Up to 3 months | 46 | Up to 3 months | 101 |
| Over 3 months up to 6 months | 170 | Over 3 months up to 6 months | 393 |
| Over 6 months up to 12 months | 326 | Over 6 months up to 12 months | 559 |
| Over 12 months up to 16 months | 608 | Over 12 months up to 16 months | 733 |
| Over 16 months up to 20 months | 647 | Over 16 months up to 20 months | 769 |
| 20 months and over | 740 | Over 20 months and up to 84 months calved | 1,458 |
| | | Over 20 months and up to 84 months not calved | 885 |
| | | Over 84 months | 846 |

Table of Pedigree Bovine Categories

Beef Sector

| Male | | Female | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Age | Compensation | Age | Compensation |
| | due (£/head) | | due (£/head) |
| 0 months up to 6 months | * | 0 months up to 6 months | * |
| 6 months up to 12 months | 1,756 * * | 6 months up to 12 months | 1,568 |
| Over 12 months up to 24 months | 3,595 | Over 12 months up to 24 months | 1,630 |
| Bull 24 months and over | 2,463 | 24 months and over (not calved) | 1,523 |
| | | Calved over 24 months and up to | * |
| | | 36 months | |
| | | Calved 36 months and over | 1,607 |

Dairy Sector

| Male | | Female | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Age | Compensation | Age | Compensation |
| | due (£/head) | | due (£/head) |
| Up to 2 months | * | Up to 2 months | 463 |
| Over 2 months up to 12 months | * | Over 2 months up to 10 months | 823 |
| Over 12 months up to 24 months | 1,957 | Over 10 months up to 18 months | 993 |
| Bull 24 months and over | * | Over 18 months not calved | 1,445 |
| | | Calved over 18 months and up to | 1,771 |
| | | 36 months | |
| | | Calved over 36 months and up to | 1,572 |
| | | 84 months | |
| | | Calved over 84 months | 988 |

^{*} Compensation to be determined using individual valuation

Notes

- 1. The above table details the compensation payable for those animals slaughtered because they are either affected with bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis or EBL or are suspected of having one of these diseases; or are the offspring or cohorts of confirmed BSE cases.
- 2. Compensation for bovine animals slaughtered for Bovine TB, EBL and Brucellosis is calculated in England under the Cattle Compensation (England) Order 2012 (based upon average livestock market prices for the relevant categories) and the Individual Ascertainment of Value (England) Order 2012. Compensation for bovine

^{**} Compensation to be determined using previously ascertained market price (see paragraph 6 below)

animals slaughtered for BSE is calculated in England under the TSE (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013, in Wales under the TSE (Wales) Regulations 2008, and in Scotland under the TSE (Scotland) Regulations 2010, which use data from the same system as England.

- 3. Table valuations are entirely objective and based on real market data. Rates for the 51 cattle categories are determined using large amounts of contemporaneous sales data for same category, but disease free, cattle. Sales data for around 1.4m cattle is collected each year to support table valuations. For non-pedigree table values one month's sales data is used, whereas six months' data is used to determine table values for pedigree animals to ensure that data from either of the key sales periods in spring or autumn is included in the calculation.
- 4. The values in the table of categories above have been derived from sales information obtained from store markets, prime markets, rearing calf sales, breeding sales and dispersal sales in Great Britain between 21 August 2013 and 20 September 2014 for non-pedigree animals, and between 21 March 2014 and 20 September 2014 for pedigree animals.
- 5. Each calendar year, a statistical analysis of sales data collected during a twelve month period, is carried out to determine the minimum number of sales records required each month to enable Defra to have confidence in the average market price calculated for each category. This statistical data has helped Defra identify the level of variability in sales prices for each category. This intelligence is used to determine when there is insufficient data to support a table valuation for any particular category.
- 6. Where the Secretary of State considers that the sales data for any particular bovine category in any given month are inadequate, or such price data is unavailable, the compensation payable will either be at the level of the most recently ascertained value for the same category, or alternatively the Secretary of State may opt to pay compensation at the level of the market value of the animal in question, as ascertained under the Individual Ascertainment of Value (England) Order 2012 or the TSE (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013.
- 7. Where an owner slaughters an animal voluntarily and privately (which must be agreed with the Department) no compensation is payable, i.e. the owner accepts the salvage payment from the slaughterhouse in lieu of Defra compensation.
- 8. Compensation for may be reduced for TB reactor cattle disclosed in herds with seriously overdue TB tests.