VIRAL HAEMORRHAGIC FEVERS RISK ASSESSMENT (Version 6: 15.11.2015)

VHF ENDEMIC COUNTRIES:

Information on VHF endemic countries can be found at https://www.gov.uk/viral-haemorrhagic-fevers-origins-reservoirs-transmission-and-guidelines or see VHF in Africa map at https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment data/file/365845/VHF Africa 960 640.png

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS:

- -Has the patient travelled to any area where there is a current VHF outbreak? (http://www.promedmail.org/) OR
- -Has the patient lived or worked in basic rural conditions in an area where Lassa Fever is endemic? (https://www.gov.uk/lassa-fever-origins-reservoirs-transmission-and-guidelines) OR
- -Has the patient visited caves / mines, or had contact with or eaten primates, antelopes or bats in a Marburg / Ebola endemic area? (https://www.gov.uk/ebola-and-marburg-haemorrhagic-fevers-outbreaks-and-case-locations) **OR**
- -Has the patient travelled in an area where Crimean-Congo Haemorrhagic Fever is endemic (http://www.who.int/csr/disease/crimean_congoHF/Global_CCHFRisk_20080918.png?ua=1) AND sustained a tick bite* or crushed a tick with their bare hands OR had close involvement with animal slaughter? (*If an obvious alternative diagnosis has been made e.g. tick typhus, then manage locally)

