

Presented to Parliament pursuant to Severn Bridge Act 1992, c.3, s. 28(4)

---

# Severn Bridges Act 1992 Account 2008-2009

Presented to Parliament pursuant to Severn Bridge Act 1992, c.3, s. 28(4)

---

# Severn Bridges Act 1992 Account 2008-2009

ORDERED BY THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TO BE PRINTED 3 FEBRUARY 2010

The National Audit Office  
scrutinises public spending  
on behalf of Parliament.

The Comptroller and Auditor General  
is an Officer of the House of Commons, Amyas Morse,  
He is the head of the National Audit Office  
which employs some 900 staff.  
He and the National Audit Office  
are totally independent of Government.

He certifies the accounts of all Government  
departments and a wide range of other public  
sector bodies; and he has statutory authority  
to report to Parliament on the economy, efficiency  
and effectiveness with which departments and  
other bodies have used their resources.

Our work leads to savings and other efficiency  
gains worth many millions of pounds: at  
least £9 for every £1 spent running the Office.

This account can be found on The Stationery Office's  
web site at [www.tsoshop.co.uk](http://www.tsoshop.co.uk)

© Crown copyright 2009

The text in this document may be reproduced  
free of charge in any format or medium providing  
it is reproduced accurately and not used in a misleading context.  
The material must be acknowledged as Crown copyright  
and the title of the document specified.

Where we have identified any third party copyright  
material you will need to obtain permission from  
the copyright holders concerned.

For any other use of this material please write to  
Office of Public Sector Information, Information Policy Team,  
Kew, Richmond, Surrey TW9 4DU or e-mail: [licensing@opsi.gov.uk](mailto:licensing@opsi.gov.uk).

# Contents

	Page
Foreword and Management Commentary	2
Statement of Secretary of State and Accounting Officer responsibilities	5
Statement on the System of Internal Control	6
The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General	9
Income and Expenditure Account	11
Statement of Assets and Liabilities	12
Notes to the Accounts	13
Appendix A: Accounts direction given by the Treasury	16
Appendix B: Rates of interest direction given by the Treasury	17

# Foreword and Management Commentary

## Background Information

The road across the Rivers Severn and Wye was opened to traffic on 9 September 1966. Under the Severn Bridge Tolls Act 1965 (the 1965 Act) the Secretary of State for Transport (formerly the Minister of Transport) had powers to levy tolls for the use of this road on a scale which would be sufficient, but not more than sufficient, over a period of 40 years from the date of opening to provide for the purposes defined in the 1965 Act.

The 1965 Act was repealed by the Severn Bridges Act 1992 (the 1992 Act) which provided for the Secretary of State to procure, using private funds, the construction of a second tolled road crossing of the Severn Estuary and to operate a new tolling regime on both crossings.

The new tolling regime came into effect on 26 April 1992, operated by the private sector concessionaire, Severn River Crossing plc (SRC), under a concession agreement with the Secretary of State. SRC designed, constructed and built the second crossing, and operate and maintain both crossings. SRC retains revenues from tolls during the concession period.

Under Section 6 (4) of the 1992 Act, the concession period will run for a maximum of 30 years from 26 April 1992. During that period, SRC is responsible, among other aspects, for levying tolls and for preparing annual statements of accounts of revenue and associated costs. These accounts are independently audited by a firm of chartered accountants and laid before Parliament by the Secretary of State for Transport in accordance with Section 27 of the 1992 Act.

Under section 5.1.1 of the concession agreement, the concession period will end when SRC achieve a cumulative revenue of £995,830,000, expressed in July 1989 prices. The Highways Agency reviews the projected concession end date every six months using data supplied by SRC to gain assurance that the revenue target will be recovered within the concession period. The Agency also obtains assurance on the cumulative level of tolls from SRC's annual accounts.

Until 1992, finance for the project was provided by a number of banks and by debenture stockholders. Under the concession agreement, SRC assumed responsibility for £122m of the £126m outstanding debt on the existing bridge. Of that debt, £62m was paid by SRC on 26 April 1992, and the balance of £60m was subordinated (meaning that the loan ranks below other loans with regard to claims on assets or earnings) to lending banks and to stockholders under the terms of an Inter-creditor Agreement<sup>1</sup> until the end of the concession period. The amount of the subordinated debt due to the Consolidated Fund is increased annually in line with the Retail Price Index. Interest at a rate of 2.956 per cent per half annum on the indexed amount was originally payable by SRC by equal half yearly instalments. Under the 2003 refinancing package, described below, interest payable is now rolled up and added to the subordinated debt to be paid by SRC to the Consolidated Fund at the end of the concession period. The remaining £4m balance due to the Consolidated Fund is the responsibility of the Secretary of State.

On the 12 September 2000, the European Court of Justice ruled that Value Added Tax (VAT) should be applied to tolls levied by private operators. The ruling included those undertakings operated by private companies under a PFI concession agreement with the Secretary of State. VAT was applied to the Severn bridges tolls on 1 February 2003.

The Government gave a commitment to offset the cost of VAT and protect the motorist from the impact of the ruling, and agreed to re-finance the SRC concession. As part of the re-financing deal, the required cumulative real revenue target rose from £976,837,740 to £995,830,000, expressed in July 1989 prices to fully compensate SRC for the loss of VAT-related revenue.

<sup>1</sup> Inter-creditor agreement made between the concessionaire, Bank of America International Limited as Agent Bank, Bank of America International Limited as trustee for EIB and the banks providing the Senior Bank Facility, BZW, EIB, The Prudential Assurance Company Limited and the Secretary of State in his capacity as lender.

If SRC went into administration or if the contract was terminated for any other reason, the Secretary of State would assume full responsibility for the assets and liabilities of SRC. On the basis of SRC's audited accounts as at 31 December 2008 and the cash flow forecast provided in January 2009, the Agency's own review confirms that SRC will have sufficient funds to be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. Therefore, the Highways Agency's considered view is that there is no significant risk of SRC not meeting its liabilities as they fall due.

## Financial Implications of cable corrosions

Significant corrosion of the main suspension cables of the M48 Severn Bridge was identified during an intrusive inspection programme that started in April 2006. The inspections were carried out, using guidelines published in December 2004, after corrosion was found in similar bridges in other parts of the world. Following completion of the special investigations, and the subsequent laboratory wire testing, structural assessment certificates for the Severn Bridge, valid for 12 months, were signed on 1 April 2008. A monitoring specification was also agreed by the Agency's Technical Approval Authority. The assessment certificates were re-certified on 1 April 2009 and will be continue to be reviewed annually.

As part of work to monitor and address the corrosion problem, the Agency has implemented measures to slow down further corrosion by providing a system of dehumidification to dry out the cables. This first stage system, for the most severe location, became operational in February 2008, although some of the work did not complete until July 2008 because of delays due to bad weather. A second phase of work to install the dehumidification system to the entire length of the cables began in February 2008 and became operational on 17 December 2008. The system monitoring data shows that the cables are being successfully dehumidified. By July 2009, the relative humidity at 15 of the 16 exhaust points had reduced to below 60 per cent, a level at which the corrosion process is significantly reduced. The aim is to reduce the relative humidity within the cables to below 40 per cent.

Acoustic monitoring equipment that will help inform on the ongoing rate of cable deterioration, has been installed and is fully operational.

The Agency continues to review the long term traffic management strategy for the bridge and has developed scenario plans, including traffic management measures and repair options with cost ranges. Further intrusive inspections will be needed at intervals of four to five years and the Agency and SRC have started to plan for the second routine inspection in 2010.

The costs of dealing with this corrosion, defined as a latent defect, are borne by the Secretary of State and, therefore, shown in these accounts. These costs form part of the accumulated deficit and will be recovered from tolls to be levied by the Secretary of State during the period between the end of the concession period and the date on which the power to levy tolls will cease, being 25 April 2027 or such earlier date as may be determined under section 7 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992. To the end of the financial year 2007-2008, the work associated with the corrosion had cost £4.3m which is included under both the Operations and Administration expenditure. This includes the costs of the 2006 inspections, design, contract preparation and supervision, traffic management, wire testing and initial assessment work. In 2008-2009, the Agency spent a further £7.8m on completing the installation of the dehumidification system and the ongoing work in relation to the monitoring and assessment of the cable and traffic conditions in addition to the upgrading of the signs for the crossing.

The bridge remains safe for use but, as a precautionary measure, vehicles over 7.5 tonnes are currently restricted to lane one in each direction. This is to reduce the risk of the bridge being heavily loaded during an exceptional event, such as an unplanned closure of the M4 Second Severn Crossing.

The M48 Severn Crossing provides a key transportation link supporting the surrounding local economies in England and Wales and the Agency recognises the importance of keeping this route safe and open to traffic.

## Accounts of the Secretary of State

Under Section 28 (1) (b) of the 1992 Act the Secretary of State is required to prepare a statement of accounts in respect of each financial year, or part thereof, up to the last day on which tolls may be levied.

The accounts deal with the subordinated debt due to the Consolidated Fund, the debt balance of £4m due to the Consolidated Fund which remains the responsibility of the Secretary of State and any other expenditure arising on either of the bridges which does not fall under SRC's remit. The accounts of the Secretary of State record the cumulative net deficit due to the Exchequer. At the end of the concession period this deficit will be recovered from tolls levied by the Secretary of State. Under Section 5 (4) of the 1992 Act the power to levy tolls will cease on 25 April 2027 or such earlier date as may be determined under Section 7 of the 1992 Act when the total receipts accruing to the Secretary of State equal or exceed the cumulative net deficit owed to the Exchequer at the end of the concession period.

Expenditure shown in these accounts is part of the Department for Transport Resource Accounts. Interest receivable on the Subordinated Debt is also included in the Resource Accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with a Direction given by the Treasury in 1994 in pursuance of Section 28 (2) (a) of the 1992 Act. The Direction is reproduced as Appendix A to the Accounts. The Rates of Interest Direction given by the Treasury is provided at Appendix B.

The accounts have been audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) under the Severn Bridges Act 1992. His audit certificate and report are at pages 9 and 10.

## Assurances over the Concession Agreement

I am content that the cumulative revenue target will be reached within the concession period.

### **Statement regarding Disclosure of Information to the Auditors**

So far as I am aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware of and I have taken all reasonable steps to make myself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

### **Date of Issue**

The Account has been authorised for issue on 30 November 2009 by the Accounting Officer.

*Graham Dalton*  
Accounting Officer

30 November 2009

## Statement of Secretary of State and Accounting Officer responsibilities

Under Section 28 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992, the Secretary of State is required to prepare a statement of accounts for each financial year in the form and on the basis directed by the Treasury. The accounts are prepared on an accruals basis and must present fairly the income and expenditure for the financial year and the assets and liabilities at year-end.

The Treasury have appointed the Chief Executive of the Highways Agency as the Accounting Officer for the account. His relevant responsibilities as Accounting Officer, including his responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which he is answerable and for the keeping of proper records, are set out in HM Treasury's 'Managing Public Money'.



## Statement on Internal Control

The Statement on Internal Control describes the overall control environment and the management of risk within the Highways Agency. Management and preparation of this account, and the underlying accounting transactions, are subject to the control environment of the Highways Agency to which the following statement refers. There are no risks identified specifically for the Severn Bridges Act 1992 Account and transactions.

### The scope and purpose of the system of internal control

As Accounting Officer, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the Agency's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and departmental assets for which I am personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to me in Managing Public Money. This includes responsibility for transactions in respect of the Severn Bridges Act 1972 Account.

The Highways Agency's system of internal control was in place for the year ended 31 March 2009 and up to the date of approval of the accounts. It accords with Treasury guidance.

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

Risk management informs a number of internal control processes designed to fulfil the Agency's governance objectives

- we have clear strategic direction, objectives, responsibilities and key targets in support of government policies;
- we ensure efficiency, best value, integrity, propriety and regularity in the use and stewardship of public funds and assets and that clear accountability for expenditure and stewardship of assets is in place;
- we manage our projects and contracts to ensure delivery on time, within budget and to the appropriate quality;
- the information and advice we use and provide is Trusted, Reliable, Useful and Effective; and
- our people, partners and procedures comply with relevant legal, government, departmental and technical standards and requirements.

### The risk and control framework

I have established a framework of responsibility for risk management, with appropriate support, guidance and procedures in all parts of the Agency's business.

My staff work closely with their counterparts in the Department for Transport to ensure that risk management systems are compatible, there is clear accountability for managing risks, joint action is taken where appropriate to manage risks, and the Department is kept informed of risks as appropriate.

The Highways Agency Board (which comprises the senior members of the Agency and three independent non-executive directors) meets frequently to consider the plans, performance and strategic direction of the Agency, the most important risks to successful delivery of those plans and the Agency's stewardship of public assets. The Board sets the Agency's risk appetite in line with that of the Department for Transport Board and remains committed to good risk management in the interests of improved delivery.

The Board identifies strategic risks to the Agency's business. Managers identify and evaluate risks to successful delivery of the Agency's operational and control objectives when they prepare and monitor directorate and divisional management plans.

I hold regular meetings with Ministers when operational risks are discussed. Ministers receive direct reports about risks to key initiatives as well as reports on risks to delivery of Public Service Agreement Targets through the Department for Transport reporting system.

I am keenly aware that risks to public stakeholders arise from many aspects of the development and operation of the strategic highways network.

While developing new works, the Agency involves the public in risk management through the normal consultation process. My senior staff and I regularly meet with stakeholder groups and cover their views on risks to their interests in these meetings. Road Safety risks are managed through a developing set of safety action plans based on the views from the public and stakeholders with the objective of meeting the targets set by the Department for Transport Road Safety Strategy.

## Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review consists of discussions with my Head of Internal Audit and the chair of the Audit Committee. It is informed by the work of my internal auditors, stewardship reports from the executive managers within the Agency who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports.

I have been advised on the implications of the result of this review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Board and the Audit Committee, and on data handling and the management of Information risk by the Information Director in her capacity as Senior Information Risk Officer (SIRO). Measures to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system are in place. As a result of my review and the advice received I have instigated the Agency's participation in the National Fraud Initiative conducted by the Audit Commission<sup>1</sup>.

The Agency's corporate governance arrangements are designed to comply with the *Code of Good Practice on Corporate Governance in Central Government Departments*<sup>2</sup>.

The Audit Committee is made up of the Agency's three non-executive directors, one of whom chairs it. I, my Head of Internal Audit, Finance Director, and Traffic Operations director and representatives from the Department for Transport and National Audit Office attend meetings of the Audit Committee but have no vote. The independent Chairman of the Audit Committee advises as appropriate on key risk and control issues. The Audit Committee meets approximately every quarter and reviews the Agency's assessment of corporate risk, considering wider Departmental risk as appropriate. In addition, it considers reports from the Agency's Fraud Committee and monitors progress with the internal audit programme, health and safety audits and other assurance processes operating across the Agency, ensuring recommendations arising are implemented. During 2008-2009, the Audit Committee specifically reviewed: operational contingency planning, fraud resilience in the Agency and the wider supply chain, data assurance and handling, procurement capability, post project evaluation processes, changes to accounting standards, and contractual delegations.

My Head of Internal Audit provides regular reports on key risk and control issues, to standards defined in the Government Internal Audit Standards, and an annual independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Agency's system of internal control together with recommendations for improvement.

The Head of Internal Audit's opinion for the year 2008-2009 is that on the basis of the evidence obtained during the year sound systems of corporate governance, risk management and internal control are established and found to be operating effectively with some minor exceptions.

In his opinion there are no significant weaknesses that fall within the scope of issues that should be reported in the Statement on Internal Control. Actions to rectify specific weaknesses identified by my internal auditors are under way.

The SIRO's advice on Information Risk and Information handling is given below.

1 <http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk/nfi/>

2 <http://www.hm-treasury.gov.uk/media/7/5/corpgovernancecode280705.pdf>

In my Statement on Internal Control for 2007-2008 I reported that action had been commissioned to

- ensure that management of the Agency's information assets, handling of personal data and management of information risks continues to meet current & future business needs and represents good practice;
- conduct a trial of continuous monitoring of our financial transactions and associated electronic records to assess whether it will provide a cost-effective improvement to the Agency's system of internal control; and
- improve the Investment Control Framework as a result of lessons learned from a post-implementation review.

As a follow-up I can report that

During the year the Agency continued to implement the Cabinet Office guidance on information risk management. My Senior Information Risk Officer's assessment of information risk performance on is that the Agency's information assets held on the Agency's business IT infrastructure are being managed effectively and appropriate risk controls are in place. Senior staff responsible for teams that handle personal data have received training in implementing the Cabinet Office guidelines.

Risk assessments conducted on assets so far show that the required level of risk control is in place for those assets and in some cases is exceeded. Risk assessments will have been conducted on all assets on the HA Business IT infrastructure by March 2009 and a full report was made in the SIRO report for Quarter 4.

Following the Post-Implementation review the Investment Control Framework has been refined, is well embedded in Agency procedures, and provides good visibility and transparency to senior managers about investment decisions.

*Graham Dalton*  
Accounting Officer

30 November 2009

# The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the Houses of Parliament

I certify that I have audited the financial statements of the Severn Bridges Act 1992 Account for the year ended 31 March 2009 under the Severn Bridges Act 1992. These comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them.

## Respective responsibilities of the Secretary of State, Accounting Officer and Auditor

The Secretary of State and Accounting Officer are responsible for preparing the Foreword and Management Commentary and the financial statements in accordance with the Severn Bridges Act 1992 and HM Treasury directions made thereunder and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. These responsibilities are set out in the Statement of Secretary of State and Accounting Officer responsibilities.

My responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements, and with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

I report to you my opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly the assets and liabilities in relations to functions exercised under the Severn Bridges Act 1992 and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Severn Bridges Act 1992 and HM Treasury directions made thereunder. I also report whether in all material respects the assets and liabilities in relation to functions exercised under the Severn Bridges Act 1992 have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

In addition, I report to you if the Highways Agency has not kept proper accounting records, if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit, or if information specified by HM Treasury is not disclosed.

I review whether the Statement on Internal Control reflects the Highways Agency's compliance with HM Treasury's guidance, and I report if it does not. I am not required to consider whether this statement covers all risks and controls, or form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Highways Agency's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

I read the information contained in the Foreword and Management Commentary and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. I consider the implications for my report if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. My responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

## Basis of audit opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. My audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Accounting Officer in the preparation of the financial statements.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error, and that in all material respects the income and expenditure have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## Opinions

In my opinion

- the financial statements present fairly the assets and liabilities in relation to functions exercised under the Severn Bridges Act 1992 as at 31 March 2009 and the income and expenditure for the year then ended, in accordance with the Severn Bridges Act 1992 and HM Treasury directions made thereunder;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Severn Bridges Act 1992 and HM Treasury directions made thereunder; and
- information included in the Foreword and Management Commentary is consistent with the financial statements.

### **Opinion on regularity**

In my opinion, in all material respects the income and expenditure has been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

### **Report**

I have no observations to make on these financial statements.

*Amyas C E Morse*  
Comptroller and Auditor General

15 December 2009

National Audit Office  
151 Buckingham Palace Road  
Victoria  
London SW1W 9SS

## Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2009

	Note	2008-2009 £000	2007-2008 £000
<b>Income and gain arising from subordinated debt due to the Consolidated Fund</b>			
Interest receivable	3	7,564	6,917
Indexation gain	4	4,653	3,401
<b>Total income and gain</b>		<b>12,217</b>	10,318
<b>Expenditure</b>			
Capital	1c, 5	0	57
Operations	6	7,049	4,239
Administration	7	966	454
Notional interest	8	10,062	10,822
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>18,077</b>	15,572
Deficit for the year		5,860	5,254
Deficit brought forward		101,434	96,180
<b>Accumulated deficit to be recovered through tolling</b>		<b>107,294</b>	101,434

The accumulated deficit represents the cumulative net costs to the Exchequer in relation to the operation and maintenance of the Severn crossing, not borne by the concessionaire. These are recoverable from tolls to be levied by the Secretary of State during the period between the end of the concession period and the date on which the power to levy tolls will cease, being 25 April 2027 or such earlier date as may be determined under section 7 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992.

*The notes on pages 13 to 15 form part of these accounts.*

## Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 31 March 2009

	2008-2009	2007-2008	
	Note	£000	£000
<b>Long term assets</b>			
Subordinated debt	4	<b>96,868</b>	92,215
Accumulated interest receivable	3	<b>38,063</b>	30,499
Accumulated deficit recoverable through tolling	I&E	<b>107,294</b>	101,434
		<b>242,225</b>	224,148
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	<b>(2,045)</b>	(1,090)
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>240,180</b>	223,058
<b>Total due to the consolidated fund</b>	10	<b>(240,180)</b>	(223,058)

Graham Dalton  
Accounting Officer

30 November 2009

*The notes on pages 13 to 15 form part of these accounts*

# Notes to the accounts

## 1 Statement of accounting policies

### a Accounting convention

The Accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis.

An Accounts Direction has been given by H M Treasury and is reproduced in Appendix A.

### b Notional interest

Notional Interest, calculated at National Loans Fund rates prescribed by H M Treasury, is charged on

- i The Subordinated Debt and the amount owed to the Consolidated Fund at the commencement of the concession;
- ii Balances derived from the receipt and payment transactions undertaken in the financial year; and
- iii The annual deficits brought forward from previous years, as if each were financed by a term loan.

An interest rate direction has been given by H M Treasury and is reproduced in Appendix B.

### c Capital expenditure

Expenditure on capital items is charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year of acquisition, in order that the accumulated deficit fully represents the amount recoverable from tolling by the Secretary of State.

## 2 Claims

Claims by the concessionaires and contractors have arisen in the normal course of operation of the concession agreement. To the extent that it is judged that unmet claims will become payable, such amounts have been included as expenditure and accrued as current liabilities.

## 3 Accumulated interest receivable

	<b>2008-2009</b>	2007-2008
	<b>£000</b>	£000
Opening balance as at 1 April	<b>30,499</b>	23,582
In year interest accrued	<b>7,564</b>	6,917
<b>Closing Balance as at 31 March</b>	<b><u>38,063</u></b>	<u>30,499</u>

With effect from 1 January 2003, interest receivable on the subordinated debtor was added to the accumulated interest amount in accordance with clause 4.1 of the Loan Agreement. The concessionaire will pay the accumulated interest amount to the Secretary of State at the end of the concession period, currently predicted to be mid 2016.

## 4 Subordinated debt

Subordinated Debt of £60m due to the Consolidated Fund was assumed by SRC on 26 April 1992 and is indexed by reference to the Retail Price Index, as described in the Foreword and Management Commentary. The debt is repayable when the concession is terminated or in other specified circumstances. The concessionaire is entitled, at any time after it has repaid the Debenture Stock in full, to repay the indebtedness or any part together with accrued interest subject to giving the Secretary of State not less than 30 days notice of its intention. In the event of termination of the concession agreement, other than termination by reason of default, the concessionaire shall be relieved of the outstanding obligations.



	<b>2008-2009</b>	2007-2008
	<b>£000</b>	£000
Opening balance as at 1 April	<b>92,215</b>	88,814
In year indexation	<b>4,653</b>	3,401
Closing Balance as at 31 March	<b>96,868</b>	92,215

## 5 Capital expenditure

	Freehold Land £000	Structures £000	Plant and Machinery £000	<b>Total</b> £000
Cumulative acquisitions written off as at 31 March 2008	11,121	4,799	122	<b>16,042</b>
Acquisitions in year	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Cumulative acquisitions written off as at 31 March 2009	<u>11,121</u>	<u>4,799</u>	<u>122</u>	<b>16,042</b>

## 6 Operations

	<b>2008-2009</b>	2007-2008
	<b>£000</b>	£000
<b>Operations expenditure comprises</b>		
Ancillary works; repairs and strengthening; and structural maintenance*.	<b>7,049</b>	4,239
	<b>7,049</b>	4,239

\* Includes the cost of investigating and monitoring the M48 Severn Bridge main cables defect.

## 7 Administration

	<b>2008-2009</b>	2007-2008
	<b>£000</b>	£000
<b>Administration expenditure comprises</b>		
Legal and Professional	<b>31</b>	28
Consulting Engineers	<b>922</b>	414
Audit Fee	<b>13</b>	12
	<b>966</b>	454

## 8 Notional interest

	<b>2008-2009</b>	2007-2008
	<b>£000</b>	£000
<b>Notional Interest on</b>		
Amount owed to Consolidated Fund at 26 April 1992	<b>734</b>	734
Subordinated Debt	<b>5,625</b>	5,625
Receipt and payment transactions	<b>8</b>	7
Accumulated annual deficits *	<b>3,695</b>	4,456
	<b>10,062</b>	10,822

\* Interest is calculated based on the appropriate National Loans Fund maturity rate. For 2008-2009 the rate applied was 3.65 per cent (2007-2008 4.64 per cent).

**9 Creditors**

	<b>2008-2009</b>	2007-2008
	<b>£000</b>	£000
Operations	<b>1,609</b>	998
Administration	<b>436</b>	79
Capital	<b>0</b>	13
	<b><u>2,045</u></b>	<u>1,090</u>

**10 Consolidated Fund**

	£000
Debt due to the Consolidated Fund at 1 April 2008	223,058
Notional Interest	10,062
Notional Audit Fee	13
Net cash advances*	<u>7,047</u>
<b>Debt due to the Consolidated Fund at 31 March 2009</b>	<b><u>240,180</u></b>

	£000
* Net cash advances	£000
Trade creditors outstanding as at 31 March 2008	1
In-year expenditure	7,064
Recoveries from Severn River Crossing	<u>(18)</u>
	<u>7,047</u>

**11 Contingent liabilities**

In the event of default by the concessionaire the Highways Agency would have to assume responsibility for operating and maintaining both the existing bridges. It is not practicable to estimate the potential net cost (if any) that would arise in such a situation. As described in the Foreword and Management Commentary the Highways Agency consider it unlikely that default could occur in the short or medium term future.

**12 Financial instruments**

FRS 29, which supersedes the requirements of FRS 13 and FRS 25, requires specified minimum disclosures about the nature and extent of credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk that the Highways Agency faces in undertaking its activities. Due to the largely non-trading nature of its activities and the way in which government agencies are financed, the Agency is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by many business entities. Moreover, financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk than would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS 29 mainly applies. The Agency has very limited powers to borrow or invest surplus funds. Financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities and are not held to change the risks facing the Agency in undertaking its activities. There are no specific risks which have been identified as relating to the Severn Bridges Act 1992 account that would require disclosure under FRS13.

As permitted by FRS13, debtors and creditors which mature or become payable within 12 months from the balance sheet date have been omitted from the risk profile.

*Liquidity risk*

The capital, operation and administration costs of the Highways Agency are financed by resources voted annually by Parliament to the Department for Transport.

The Highways Agency is not therefore exposed to significant liquidity risks.

*Interest-rate risk*

The financial asset carries a fixed rate of interest; therefore there is no exposure to interest rate risk.

*Exchange-rate risk*

The Highways Agency is not exposed to any significant exchange rate risk with regards to the Severn Bridges Act 1992 account.

## Appendix A

### Accounts Direction given by the Treasury

The Treasury in pursuance of Section 28 (2) (a) of the Severn Bridges Act 1992, hereby gives the following Direction

- 1 The statement of accounts which it is the duty of the Secretary of State for Transport to prepare in respect of the year ended 31 March 1994 and in any subsequent financial year shall comprise
  - a a foreword which shall include
    - i a statement that the accounts have been prepared in accordance with a Direction given by the Treasury in pursuance of Section 28 (2) (a) of the Severn Bridges Act 1992;
    - ii information on significant events during the period;
  - b an Income and Expenditure Account
  - c a Statement of Assets and Liabilities; and

including in each case such notes as may be necessary to present fairly the income and expenditure for the period and the assets and liabilities at the end of the period in relation to functions under the Severn Bridges Act 1992. The statement of accounts shall disclose the total sum due to the Consolidated Fund as at 31 March 1994 and for any subsequent financial year.

- 2 The statement of accounts shall be prepared under the historical cost convention on an accruals basis and shall follow the format attached to this Direction although minor drafting changes may be made without seeking the approval of the Treasury.
- 3 Details of movements within the Consolidated Fund shall be disclosed by way of notes to the accounts.
- 4 The accounts prepared under the Severn Bridges Act 1992 shall observe all relevant accounting and disclosure requirements as given in 'Government Accounting' and in any disclosure and accounting requirements which the Treasury may issue from time to time.
- 5 This Accounts Direction (excluding the proforma accounts) shall be reproduced as an Appendix to the accounts.

*F Martin*  
Treasury Officer of Accounts

27 July 1994

## Appendix B

### Rates of Interest Direction given by the Treasury

- 1 The Treasury directs that under Schedule 4 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992 the following rates of interest are applicable to the accounts for the period 26 April 1992 to 31 March 1993 which were prepared in accordance with Section 28 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992
  - a for subordinated debt and the opening balance due to the Consolidated Fund the average National Loans Fund ER 10 to 15 year interest rate; and
  - b the average National Loans Fund 1 year Maturity rate in respect of receipts and payments.
- 2 The Treasury directs that under Schedule 4 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992 the following rates of interest are to be applied to the accounts from 1 April 1993 onwards are to be prepared in accordance with Section 28 of the Severn Bridges Act 1992
  - a for the subordinated debt and the amount owed to the Consolidated Fund at the commencement of the concession the National Loans Fund 25 year Maturity rate as at 26 April 1992. This rate is deemed to be fixed and unless altered by the Treasury is to remain as such for the duration of the concession;
  - b for receipt and payment transactions undertaken within a financial year the prevailing National Loans Fund 1 year maturity rate which is to be applied to each transaction when it takes place; and
  - c for the interest on the annual deficit carried forward the National Loans Fund Maturity rate as shown in the table below.

Deficit for the Financial Period / Year	Carried Forward to 1 April	National Loans Fund Maturity Rate as at 1 April fixed for the duration of the Concession	Current National Loans Fund Banding
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1992-1993	1993	29 year rate	= Over 25 year band
1993-1994	1994	28 year rate	= " " " "
1994-1995	1995	27 year rate	= " " " "
1995-1996	1996	26 year rate	= " " " "
1996-1997	1997	25 year rate	= " " " "
1997-1998	1998	24 year rate	= Over 15 year band
1998-1999	1999	23 year rate	= " " " "
1999-2000	2000	22 year rate	= " " " "
2000-2001	2001	21 year rate	= " " " "
2001-2002	2002	20 year rate	= " " " "
2002-2003	2003	19 year rate	= " " " "
2003-2004	2004	18 year rate	= " " " "
2004-2005	2005	17 year rate	= " " " "
2005-2006	2006	16 year rate	= " " " "
2006-2007	2007	15 year rate	= " " " "
2007-2008	2008	14 year rate	= Over 10 year band
2008-2009	2009	13 year rate	= " " " "
2009-2010	2010	12 year rate	= " " " "
2010-2011	2011	11 year rate	= " " " "
2011-2012	2012	10 year rate	= " " " "
2012-2013	2013	9 year rate	= " " 9 "
2013-2014	2014	8 year rate	= " " 8 "
2014-2015	2015	7 year rate	= Over 7 year band
2015-2016	2016	6 year rate	= " " 6 "
2016-2017	2017	5 year rate	= " " 5 "
2017-2018	2018	4 year rate	= " " 4 "
2018-2019	2019	3 year rate	= " " 3 "
2019-2020	2020	2 year rate	= " " 2 "
2020-2021	2021-2022	1 year rate	= " " 1 "

The above rates are to be applied to the individual amounts of the annual deficits until such time as the concession is terminated or until the Treasury so directs.

For further information about the National Audit Office please contact:

National Audit Office  
Press Office  
157-197 Buckingham Palace Road  
Victoria  
London  
SW1W 9SP  
Tel: 020 7798 7400  
Email: [enquiries@nao.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:enquiries@nao.gsi.gov.uk)

DG Ref: 009224-001

Published by TSO (The Stationery Office) and available from:

**Online**

[www.tsoshop.co.uk](http://www.tsoshop.co.uk)

**Mail, Telephone, Fax & E-mail**

TSO

PO Box 29, Norwich, NR3 1GN

Telephone orders/General enquiries: 0870 600 5522

Order through the Parliamentary Hotline Lo-call 0845 7 023474

Fax orders: 0870 600 5533

E-mail: [customer.services@tso.co.uk](mailto:customer.services@tso.co.uk)

Textphone 0870 240 3701

**The Parliamentary Bookshop**

12 Bridge Street, Parliamentary Square,

London SW1A 2JX

Telephone orders/General enquiries 020 7219 3890

Fax Orders 020 7219 3866

Email [bookshop@Parliament.uk](mailto:bookshop@Parliament.uk)

Internet: <http://www.bookshop.parliament.uk>

**TSO@Blackwell and other Accredited Agents**

Customers can also order publications from

**TSO Ireland**

16 Arthur Street, Belfast BT1 4GD

028 9023 8451 Fax 028 9023 5401

ISBN 978-0-10-328853-6



9 780103 288536