

# Essence of Care 2010

Benchmarks for Care Environment



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# Essence of Care 2010

*BENCHMARKS FOR THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF CARE*

**Benchmarks for Care Environment**



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# Best Practice – General Indicators

The factors and indicators for each set of benchmarks focus on the specific needs, wants and preferences of *people* and carers. However, there are a number of general issues<sup>1</sup> that must be considered with every factor.

These are:

## People's experience

- *People* feel that care is delivered at all times with compassion and empathy in a respectful and non-judgemental way
- The best interests of *people* are maintained throughout the assessment, planning, implementation, evaluation and revision of care and development of services
- A system for continuous improvement of quality of care is in place

## Diversity and individual needs

- Ethnicity, religion, belief, culture, language, age, gender, physical, sensory, sexual orientation, developmental, mental health, social and environmental needs are taken into account when diagnosing a health or social condition, assessing, planning, implementing, evaluating and revising care and providing equality of access to services

## Effectiveness

- The effectiveness of practice and care is continuously monitored and improved as appropriate
- Practice and care are evidence-based, underpinned by research and supported by practice development

## Consent and confidentiality

- Explicit or expressed valid consent is obtained and recorded prior to sharing information or providing treatment or care

1 Also see Department of Health (2010) NHS Constitution The NHS belongs to us all. Department of Health: London accessed 07 May 2010 at [http://www.dh.gov.uk/prod\\_consum\\_dh/groups/dh\\_digitalassets/@dh/@en/@ps/documents/digitalasset/dh\\_113645.pdf](http://www.dh.gov.uk/prod_consum_dh/groups/dh_digitalassets/@dh/@en/@ps/documents/digitalasset/dh_113645.pdf)

- *People's* best interests are maintained where they lack the capacity to make particular decisions.<sup>2</sup>
- Confidentiality is maintained by all staff members

### **People, carer and community members' participation**

- *People, carers'* and community members' views and choices underpin the development, planning implementation, evaluation and revision of personalised care and services and their input is acted upon
- Strategies are used to involve *people* and carers from isolated or hard to reach communities

### **Leadership**

- Effective leadership is in place throughout the organisation

### **Education and training**

- Staff are competent to assess, plan, implement, evaluate and revise care according to all *people's* and carers' individual needs
- Education and training are available and accessed to develop the required competencies of all those delivering care
- *People* and carers are provided with the knowledge, skills and support to best manage care

### **Documentation**

- Care records are clear, maintained according to relevant guidance and subject to appropriate scrutiny
- Evidence-based policies, procedures, protocols and guidelines for care are up-to-date, clear and utilised

### **Service delivery**

- Co-ordinated, consistent and accessible services exist between health and social care organisations that work in partnership with other relevant agencies

2 Mental Capacity Act 2005 accessed 25 November 2008 at <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2005/9/contents>

- Care is integrated with clear and effective communication between organisations, agencies, staff, *people* and carers
- Resources required to deliver care are available

## Safety

- Safety and security of *people*, carers and staff is maintained at all times

## Safeguarding

- Robust, integrated systems are in place to identify and respond to abuse, harm and neglect<sup>3</sup>
- All agencies working with babies, children and young *people* and their families take all reasonable measures to ensure that the risks of harm to babies, children's and young *people's* welfare are minimised.<sup>4</sup>

3 Department of Health (2010) Clinical Governance and Adult Safeguarding – An Integrated Approach Department of Health: London accessed 30 May 2010 at [http://www.dh.gov.uk/prod\\_consum\\_dh/groups/dh.digitalassets/@dh/@en/@ps/documents/digitalasset/dh\\_112341.pdf](http://www.dh.gov.uk/prod_consum_dh/groups/dh.digitalassets/@dh/@en/@ps/documents/digitalasset/dh_112341.pdf)

4 Department of Health (2006) Safeguarding Children. A Summary of the Joint Chief Inspector's Report on Arrangements to Safeguard Children Department of Health: London accessed 30 May 2010 at [http://www.dh.gov.uk/en/Publicationsandstatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/DH\\_4103428](http://www.dh.gov.uk/en/Publicationsandstatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/DH_4103428)



## Benchmarks for Care Environment

### Agreed person-focused outcome

*People* are confident that the care environment meets their needs and preferences

## Definitions

For the purpose of these benchmarks, the **care environment** is defined as:

*an area where care takes place. For example, this could be a building or a vehicle.*

The term **people** refers to all people, other than staff, who are visiting or are resident in the care environment.

The term **staff** refers to any employee, or paid and unpaid worker (for example, a volunteer), who has an agreement to work in that setting and is involved in promoting well-being.

The **personal environment** is defined as the immediate area in which an individual receives care. For example, this can be in a person's home, a consulting room, hospital bed space, prison, or any treatment/clinic area.

**Agreed person-focused outcome**

*People* are confident that the care environment meets their needs and preferences

<b>Factor</b>	<b>Best practice</b>
1. Access to the care environment	<i>People</i> can access the care environment easily and safely
2. Culture – ‘How it feels’	<i>People</i> feel comfortable, safe, reassured, confident and welcome
3. Well-maintained environment	<i>People</i> experience care in a tidy and well-maintained area
4. Clean environment	<i>People</i> experience care in a consistently clean environment
5. Infection control precautions	<i>People</i> feel confident that infection control precautions are in place
6. Personal environment	<i>People’s</i> personal environment is managed to meet their needs
7. Linen and furnishings	<i>People’s</i> care is supported by effective use of linen and furnishings

# Factor 1

## Access to the care environment

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### POOR PRACTICE

*People* have great difficulty accessing the care environment

### BEST PRACTICE

*People* can access the care environment easily and safely

## Indicators of best practice for factor 1

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. *general indicators* (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor
- b. up-to-date information about the care environment, facilities and how to access them, is readily available and given in advance (where applicable)
- c. parking and 'set down' points are near care areas (where possible) and transport (including links with public transport) is available for those who need it
- d. car parking charges are kept to a minimum and access is given to the hospital travel costs scheme
- e. the entrance of the care environment is obvious, clearly sign posted, safe, welcoming, and easily reached and entered

- f. a reception and/or helpdesk and/or help lines are in place to assist people in navigating through the environment (where applicable)
- g. all staff are responsive, welcoming and provide directions to people
- h. signage and maps are clear, consistent, logical and easy to understand
- i. the environment is easy to move around, encourages independence of all people and assistance is available as required
- j. facilities are colour coded (where appropriate) and/or nationally recognised symbols used to assist with recognition
- k. resources are available to facilitate communication
- l. systems for eradicating, minimising and managing queuing and waiting (for example, appointment systems, use of tickets etc) are consistent and easy to understand. Places are available for rest and/or privacy
- m. facilities for refreshments are available at all times for people
- n. all relevant health and safety risk assessments have been completed
- o. *add your local indicators here*

# Factor 2

## Culture – ‘How it feels’

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### **POOR PRACTICE**

*People feel uncomfortable, afraid, ignored, vulnerable and abandoned*

### **BEST PRACTICE**

*People feel comfortable, safe, reassured, confident and welcome*

## Indicators of best practice for factor 2

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. general indicators (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor
- b. the environment feels pleasant, calm, secure, safe and reassuring
- c. people are welcomed immediately into the area. If staff are not present there are clear instructions informing them in a friendly manner where to wait, or who to contact and how, and what facilities are available for their use
- d. people know who is ‘in charge’
- e. people are familiarised with their surroundings in a polite and friendly manner
- f. people feel that staff are consistently approachable, courteous, trustworthy, friendly, responsive to their needs and supportive of their rights

- g. people know who is looking after them and staff introduce themselves to people on initial contact
- h. staff respond to people's requests for assistance in a timely and willing manner
- i. complaints, compliments, people's stories, observations of care and other experiences are sought actively and used to improve care
- j. staff are visible, well presented, professional and easily identifiable
- k. a uniform policy and/or dress code is enforced
- l. people are confident that all staff are competent to do their job
- m. team working is evident and is demonstrated by good relationships between staff
- n. a learning culture for staff, students, people and carers is evident
- o. *add your local indicators here*

# Factor 3

## Well-maintained environment

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### POOR PRACTICE

*People* experience care in a cluttered and poorly maintained environment

### BEST PRACTICE

*People* experience care in a tidy and well-maintained area

## Indicators of best practice for factor 3

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. *general indicators (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor*
- b. a good first impression is created by a tidy and well-maintained care environment
- c. the nature and quality of lighting and use of colour in furnishings and decorations support a therapeutic and/or healing environment
- d. furnishings (for example, chairs, wall coverings, floors, carpets, doors) are all in good repair and have no stains or marks
- e. notice boards are up-to-date, uncluttered, attractive, easy to read and at an appropriate height
- f. there is no litter and bins are readily available

- g. the area is the appropriate temperature, has natural daylight (where possible) and lighting can be controlled by people receiving care (where appropriate)
- h. toilet, bathroom and shower areas are free from clutter
- i. corridors, doors and exits are clear and free from clutter
- j. storage facilities are managed to best effect and equipment is put away in the correct location after use
- k. systems are in place to remove unwanted items for timely and appropriate disposal
- l. there is sufficient storage for people's belongings
- m. waste disposal is managed well according to legislation
- n. linen and laundry segregation, storage and disposal are managed well and appropriately
- o. staff ensure and maintain tidiness
- p. people, people's representatives and carers are encouraged to participate in the monitoring of tidiness
- q. co-ordination of activities associated with tidiness and maintenance are the responsibility of a specified role, such as that of a housekeeper or designated other. Repairs are carried out promptly where applicable
- r. an improvement programme is in place that is appropriate and monitored regularly
- s. *add your local indicators here*



# Factor 4

## Clean environment

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### POOR PRACTICE

People experience care in a dirty environment

### BEST PRACTICE

People experience care in a consistently clean environment

## Indicators of best practice for factor 4

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. general indicators (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor
- b. the internal and external areas are clean and there are no avoidable or unwanted odours
- c. cleaning arrangements are flexible to meet the needs of people requiring care
- d. adequate hand washing facilities are available
- e. regular routines for cleaning and managing waste are in place and meet the national standard
- f. all areas are checked for cleanliness on a regular basis
- g. cleaning equipment is readily available and stored appropriately. The national colour code system for cleaning equipment is in place

- h. strategies are in place to ensure all equipment is systematically checked, cleaned and collected
- i. management, co-ordination and monitoring of cleanliness is clearly defined and the responsibility of an identified member of staff
- j. the area meets Patient Environment Action Team (PEAT) requirements
- k. regular cleanliness audits take place, staff know the results of these, and findings are acted upon
- l. people are enabled to raise concerns about cleanliness and request that action is taken
- m. systems are in place to deal with spillages and emergency clearance 24 hours a day
- n. the infection control team ratify cleaning regimes
- o. *add your local indicators here*

# Factor 5

## Infection control precautions

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### POOR PRACTICE

People are exposed to, and/or witness, activities that compromise prevention of infection and infection control

### BEST PRACTICE

People feel confident that infection control precautions are in place

## Indicators of best practice for factor 5

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. *general indicators (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor*
- b. people are informed of what they should expect to see and do in relation to infection control measures and are empowered to challenge staff where there are poor hygiene practices
- c. people are informed why specific infection control precautions are taken
- d. clear notices and instructions for people in relation to hygiene and infection control are present and obviously placed
- e. a policy is in place to ensure that people are informed, and provided with information in an appropriate format, if they have an infection
- f. staff clean their hands, as per policy, between tasks and care
- g. equipment is cleaned appropriately between use by different people

- h. staff wear personal protective equipment (PPE) as appropriate, changing between dirty and clean tasks and each episode of care
- i. an infection control and visitors' policy is in place that is followed and regularly reviewed
- j. systems are in place to replace mattresses, mattress covers, baby changing mats, exercise mats, exercise mattresses, cushions, commodes and curtains as appropriate
- k. systems to manage the risk of infection, such as negative pressure systems, are in place (if applicable)
- l. systems are in place to ensure that appropriate initiatives can be implemented to control an outbreak of infection and for protective isolation
- m. audits of infection control precautions and practices are completed and action taken by the accountable manager and relevant staff as required in relation to the results
- n. staff receive education in relation to infection control that is ratified by the infection control team (or appropriate designated person)
- o. the infection control team (or appropriate designated person) are involved in the design of new builds and developments in order to minimise the risk of infection and cross-infection
- p. *add your local indicators here*

# Factor 6

## Personal environment

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### POOR PRACTICE

There is no recognition of people's personal environment

### BEST PRACTICE

People's personal environment is managed to meet their needs

## Indicators of best practice for factor 6

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. *general indicators (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor*
- b. people's personal environment is assessed, and where possible (and, in private accommodation where agreed), adapted to suit their individual needs and preferences
- c. people do not have to share sleeping accommodation or washing and toilet facilities with members of the opposite gender
- d. lighting, temperature, noise, ventilation and security are managed to suit people and the décor and flooring are appropriate to the age and needs of the group of people requiring care
- e. furniture is appropriate for the user and can be cleaned effectively
- f. sufficient seating and, where appropriate, beds or accommodation are readily available and have accessible space for wheelchairs as necessary

- g. where appropriate recreational space is available and people have the opportunity to engage in communal activities and experiences
- h. people have access to fresh air and outside spaces (where appropriate)
- i. staff recognise and promote the need for quiet and rest periods, particularly at night
- j. visiting guidelines are in clear view and are reviewed regularly
- k. telephones, calls, televisions, music, visitors and admissions are managed effectively to minimise disruption
- l. staff conversations are appropriate and quiet
- m. people's belongings are kept secure and accessible
- n. people's meal times are protected from unnecessary interruptions
- o. people's bed linen is clean and changed as required. If clothing is supplied or laundered, including nightwear, it is clean and in good repair
- p. *add your local indicators here*

# Factor 7

## Linen and furnishings

Please note that this benchmark must be used in conjunction with the *How to use Essence of Care 2010* document

### **POOR PRACTICE**

*People's care is compromised owing to lack of use of linen and furnishings*

### **BEST PRACTICE**

*People's care is supported by effective use of linen and furnishings*

## Indicators of best practice for factor 7

The following indicators support best practice for the care environment:

- a. general indicators (see page 4) are considered in relation to this factor
- b. people have sufficient and appropriate supplies to meet their needs
- c. ordering mechanisms are in place to ensure adequate supplies and minimise wastage
- d. there is clarity around how linen and furnishings are ordered, maintained and stored
- e. ordering and maintenance is the responsibility of a designated role, such as that of a housekeeper

- f. sustainable procurement, local suppliers and co-working with the voluntary sector is considered
- g. systems are in place to monitor, condemn and replace furnishings and floor coverings
- h. *add your local indicators here*



Notes



Notes







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